



# INDONESIA DRUGS REPORT 2022





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RESEARCH, DATA AND INFORMATION CENTER  
NATIONAL NARCOTICS BOARD OF REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

# ISBN



RESEARCH, DATA AND INFORMATION CENTER  
NATIONAL NARCOTICS BOARD 2022

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Indonesia Drugs Report 2022

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# REMARKS BY HEAD OF BNN



**Assalamu' alaikum warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh.  
Greetings of peace to us all.**

Praise to God Almighty for His blessings and guidance in the completion of the book on Indonesia Drugs Report 2022 that illustrates the condition of drug abuse and illicit trafficking in drugs in Indonesia. The data and information presented in the Book on Indonesia Drugs Report 2022 are collected from the various related agencies, such as Ministry of Health RI, Ministry of Finance RI, Ministry of Law and Human Rights RI, Ministry of Foreign Affairs RI, National Police Republic of Indonesia, Attorney General's Office RI, National Agency of Drugs and Food Control RI, and from BNN itself.

The substance in the Book on Indonesia Drugs Report 2022 presents related data and information that was achieved by the Republic of Indonesia in carrying out the task in the Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking (P4GN).

We sincerely hope that by publishing the Indonesia Drugs Report 2022 it can be a positive and useful contribution for many parties in handling the drug problem in Indonesia which is increasingly worrying by the number of new types of drugs being found both in the world and in Indonesia.

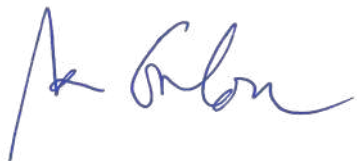
Finally, as the Head of BNN, we thank all those who have provided support and assistance in the presentation of Indonesia Drugs Report 2022. Criticism and suggestions will be very valuable for the improvement of the Book on Drugs Report in the future.

Accept our greetings and thanks.

**Wassalamu' alaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh.**

Jakarta, June 2022

**Head of National Narcotics Board**



**Dr. Petrus R. Golose**

# PREFACE

Let us praise and thank the Lord Almighty for His blessings and guidance in the completion of Indonesia Book on Drugs Report 2022.

The purpose of composing the Indonesia Book on Drugs Report 2022 is to present related information on the implementation of the task in the Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors (P4GN) in Indonesia in one year, as material in the preparation for the program and policy as countermeasures against the drug problem in Indonesia, and a report to overseas.

The data presented in the book Indonesia Drugs Report 2022 are: results of a research on the prevalence of drug abuse in Indonesia in 2021, drug prone regions, total transfer of cultivation land and profession in drug prone regions, urine tests implemented in the center and provinces, total activists, total recovery agents, total AIDS patients and cases, suspects and evidence of drug crimes , seized assets of drug crimes, total Foreign nationals involved in drug crimes in Indonesia, smuggling drug routes by land and sea, drug prices found in Indonesian markets, test results of crimes related to narcotics, psychotropic substances, other addictive substances and New Psychoactive Substances (NPS), etc.

To all parties concerned that have participated and spent their time, thoughts, energy and assistance in completing this book, accept our appreciation and heartfelt thanks .

We realize there are still many shortages in this book. We are open to criticism and suggestions for the improvement of the quality of this book in the future.

**Jakarta, June 2022**  
**Team of Authors**

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# DEFINITIONS

AIDS	: Symptoms and infection/syndrome that damages human immune system from HIV virus infection.
Bisexual	: a sexual orientation, with a character for esthetic attraction, romantic love, and sexual desire towards males and females.
Change/ Transfer Profession	: Transfer or change of work.
Ever Used	: People who used drug less than 5 times in a year.
Estimation	: A method to estimate mark/value from some population with using sampling value
Heterosexual	: a romantic attraction or sexual attraction or habit between persons of different gender.
Homosexual	: a sexual attraction, disorientation towards the sexual partner, a tendency to have sexual relation with a person of the same gender.
IDU	: <b>Injecting Drug User</b> , a person taking drugs by method of injection.
Napza	: Narcotics, psychotropic substance, other addictive substances are dangerous substances that influence mental or psychological condition of a person, in the mind, behavior or feeling. It's side effect causes addiction or dependency.
Narcotics	: A substance or drug medicine that is plant based or not, either synthetic or semi-synthetic, that can be decrease or change consciousness, loss of pain and is able to cause dependency.
P4GN	: The prevention and eradication of drug abuse and illicit trafficking in narcotics, a strengthening effort by inviting the community to help and support BNN in the effort to break the chain of illicit trafficking in narcotics.
Prenatal Transmission	: is the transmission of disease from mother to baby during pregnancy, birth, or breastfeeding.
Prevalence	: is the proportion of the population that has certain characteristics in a certain period of time.
Psychotropic Substance	: A substance or medicine derived from plant or no plant, either natural or synthetic but not a narcotic, has psycho-active properties through a selective influence on the change in mental activities and behavior.
Recovery Agent	: people or a community member as a partner of BNN Province, BNN District/City, who lives in the location of a post rehabilitation client who cares for drug problems, is actively involved in community activities, and has been trained as a recovery agent.

1

# RESEARCH RESULTS

## ON P4GN IN 2021





# RATE OF PREVALENCE 2019 2021



Total Indonesia Population 15-64 years

**187,513,456**

## PREDICTION OF TOTAL POPULATION BETWEEN 15-64 YEARS EXPOSED TO DRUGS

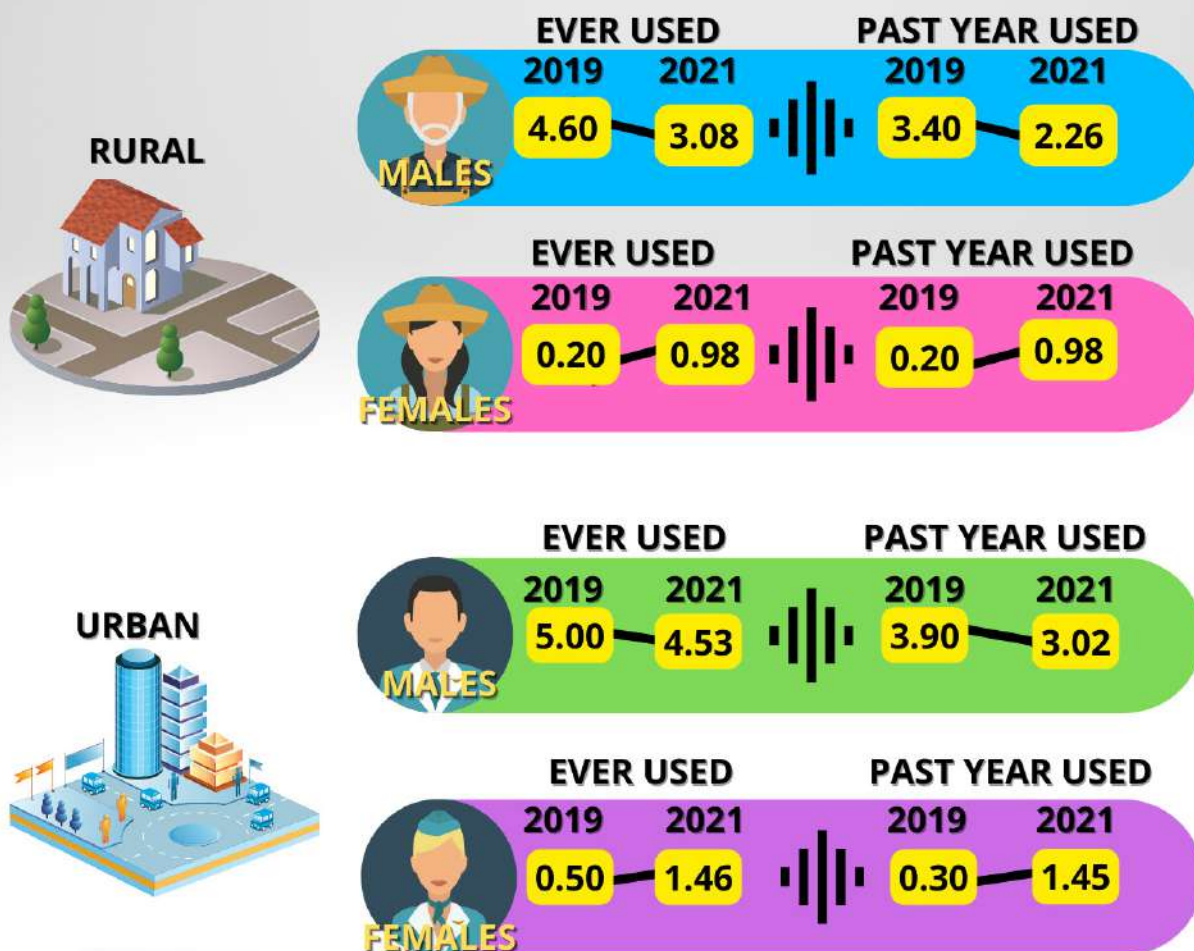
	2019	2021
EVER USED	4,534,744	4,827,616
PAST YEAR USED	3,419,188	3,662,646

Past year prevalence rate of drug abuse  
increase from **1.80%** in 2019 become **1.95%** in 2021  
Overall the rate of prevalence decreasing in rural areas.

Source: National Survey of Drug Abuse, 2021

# RATE OF PREVALENCE 2019 - 2021

BASED ON GENDER AND RESIDENCY



The risk of **women** being exposed to drugs in the last year **has increased** from **0.20%** (2019) become **1.21%** (2021).  
The largest increase occurred in urban areas.

Source: National Survey of Drug Abuse, 2021

# RATE OF PREVALENCE 2019 - 2021

BASED ON GROUP AGE AND RESIDENCY

## EVER USED

AGE	RURAL		URBAN		TOTAL	
	2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021
15-24	1.10	1.93	2.30	1.99	1.80	1.96
25-49	3.30	2.24	3.00	3.61	3.10	3.00
50-64	0.40	1.65	1.80	2.60	1.30	2.17

## PAST YEAR USED

AGE	RURAL		URBAN		TOTAL	
	2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021
15-24	0.80	1.83	1.50	1.89	1.30	1.87
25-49	2.50	1.61	2.30	2.34	2.40	2.02
50-64	0.30	1.38	1.40	2.30	1.00	1.88

There is an increase in drug exposure in the age group **15-24 years** and **50-64 years**, especially in **rural areas**.

Source: National Survey of Drug Abuse, 2021

# PREVALENCE RATE IN 2019 & 2021 BASED ON MAIN ACTIVITIES AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE

## Ever Used



## Past Year Used



Source: National Survey on Drug Abuse 2021

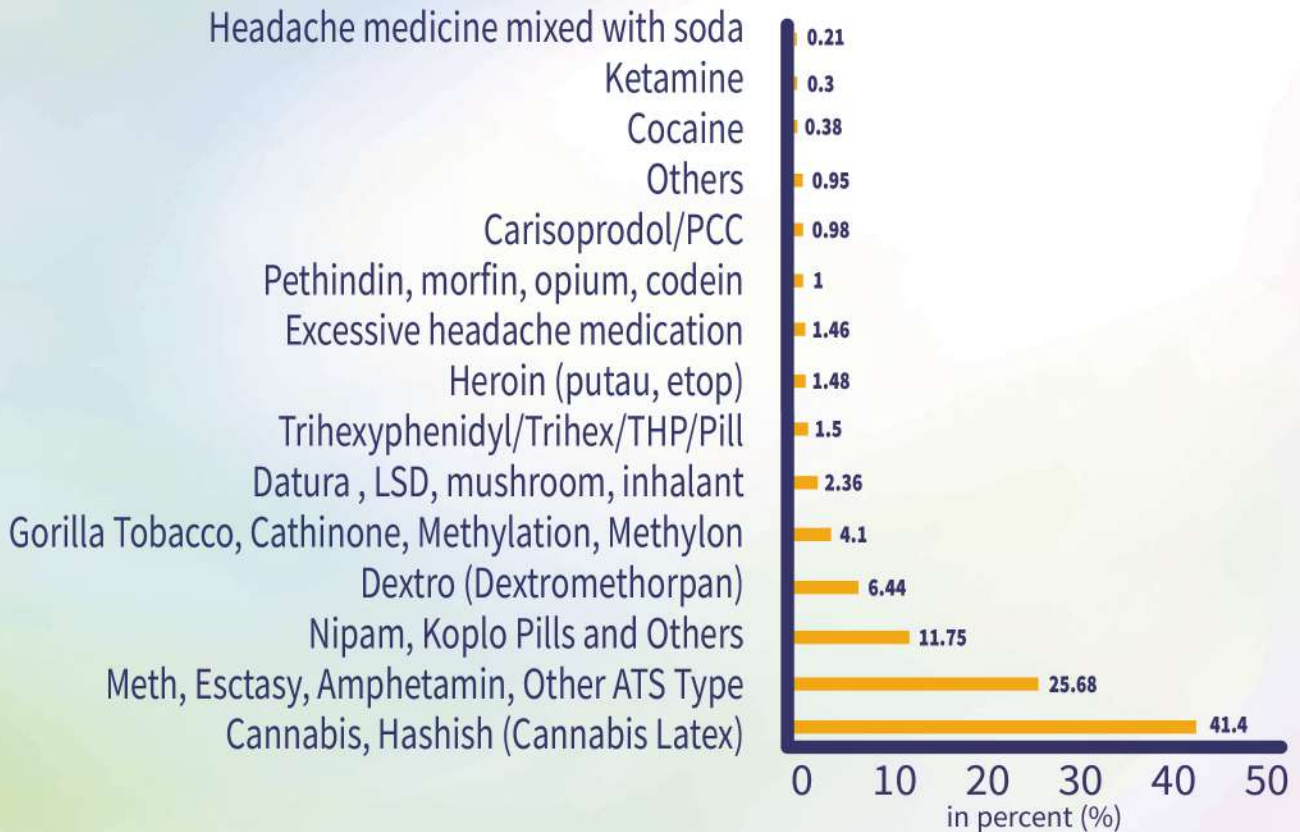
People of 15-64 years age who taking care of household and not having job have higher risk being exposed by drugs. This happened to those who live in urban or rural area

## DESCRIPTION

- Employed
- Household
- School
- Unemployed

# SCHEME OF DRUG ABUSE

## Types of Drugs Consumed (2021)



### ► Majority

The majority of the first type of drugs consumed are:

- Cannabis (56,7%)
- Methamphetamine, Amphetamine, Dexamphetamine/Dex, Adderall (31,5%)
- Nipam, Koplo Pill and Other Type (6,3%)

### ► Average

The average age at first using drugs for residents living in rural and urban areas has no significant age difference, which is between 30-40 years old.

### ► TOP 5

#### Top 5 consumption:

1. Cannabis
2. Methamphetamine, Ecstasy, & Amphetamine
3. Nipam, Koplo Pill and Other Type
4. Dextro
5. Gorilla Tobacco

Source: National Survey on Drug Abuse 2021



# THE MID-TERM REVIEW ASEAN WORK PLAN SECURING COMMUNITIES AGAINST ILLICIT DRUGS 2016-2025



☆ = 20%

Source: The Mid-Term Review ASEAN Work Plan  
on Securing Communities Against Illicit Drugs 2016-2025

Progress towards achieving the ASEAN framework 2016-2025 assessed by rating the level of participation or involvement of each AMS in a component. The higher the score (100%), the better the success rate of the components or the level of AMS participation in the program.



# THE MID-TERM REVIEW ASEAN WORK PLAN SECURING COMMUNITIES AGAINST ILLICIT DRUGS 2016-2025



Two programs need to be strengthened:

- 1) recognizing the need to address the ongoing threat posed by the production and distribution of related illicit drugs from the Golden Triangle.
- 2) Integrating improvement understanding among national drug agencies regarding the economic impact of regional connectivity on drug supply and demand.

01



- 1) The preventive education progress and achievements have been good.
- 2) All the AMS have implemented the preventive education work plan.

02



Two components need to be strengthened:

- 1) Work towards the improvement of access to equitable justice for all individuals in the ASEAN region while respecting the sovereignty, national legislation, and policies of each country.
- 2) Improve levels of governance by adopting a transparent approach in the enforcement of drug laws.

03



Several components to be strengthened:

- 1) Treatment and rehabilitation facilities for specific groups.
- 2) The need for some countries to pay attention on aftercare programs.

04



- 1) Not yet optimized the role of ASEAN clearing house.
- 2) Not all AMS have community-based surveys of illicit drugs.

05



- 1) Not all AMS have addressed the alternative development program.
- 2) The need to strengthen the management information system and research on alternative development programs.

06



- 1) The extra regional cooperation achievement have been good.
- 2) Optimizing the joined ASEAN community in dealing with the transnational narcotics smuggling crimes

07



## Mid-Term Review Results

ASEAN's commitment to reducing the rate of narcotics use and smuggling in the Southeast Asia region still requires tougher efforts. Although there has been a clear form of policy, it is still only focused on anticipating the partial and domestic nature of each country.

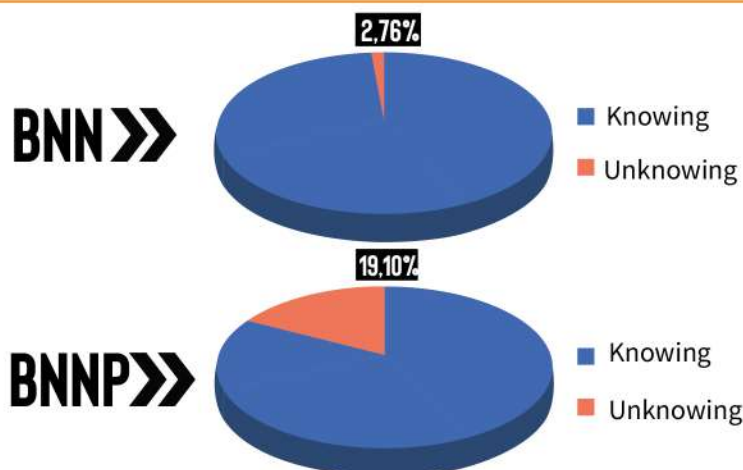
There are 6 out of 7 sections that still need to be strengthened so that the work program can run optimally, except for preventive education. Sectors 1, 2, 3 has been well-implemented and got the highest score. However, there are about 8% of the components with low status (scores below 3), mainly in sectors 5 and 6. All sectors have components with moderate status (46%), except preventive education.

Sections that need strengthening are research and alternative development programs. In the research program, the role of the clearinghouse institution is considered weak, and research activities need to be activated on AMS that has not yet been implemented. The Alternative Development Program still needs to be strengthened for management information system activities, and encourage AMS who owns marijuana fields to run alternative development programs, especially around the golden triangle area.

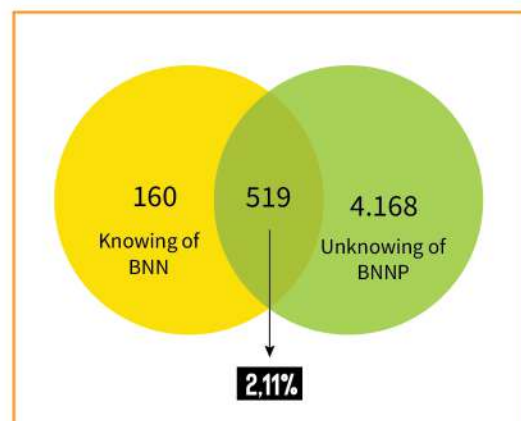
Source: The Mid-Term Review ASEAN Work Plan on Securing Communities Against Illicit Drugs 2016-2025

# THE RESULT OF TRUST PUBLIC SURVEY ON NATIONAL NARCOTIC BOARD OF REPUBLIC INDONESIA

## KNOWLEDGE RESPONDENT TOWARDS BNN AND BNNP



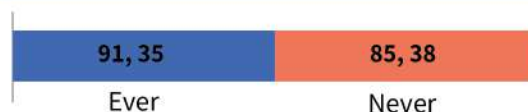
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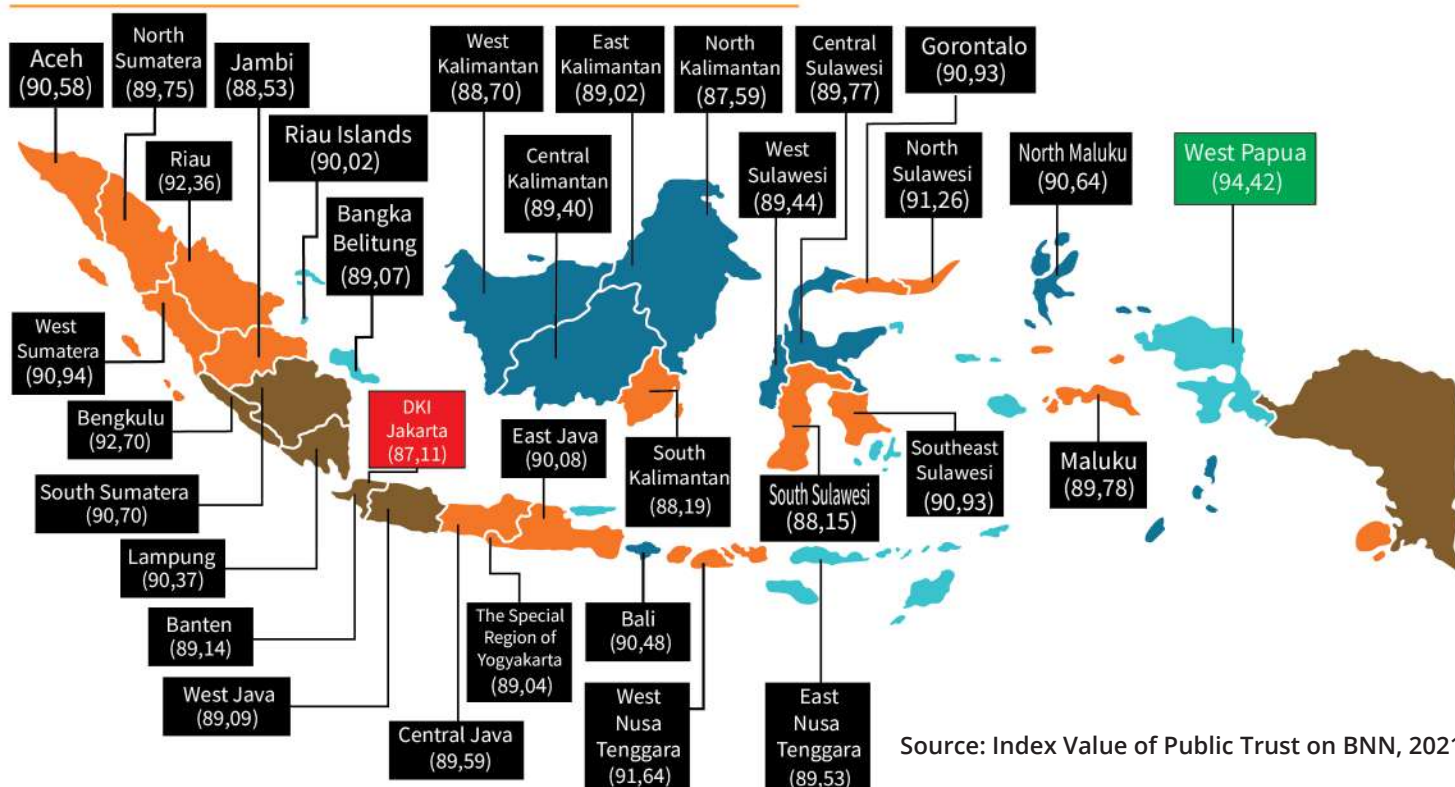
### INDEX OF PUBLIC TRUST ON BNN BASED ON GENDER



### INDEX OF PUBLIC TRUST ON BNN BASED ON BNN SERVICE PARTICIPATION



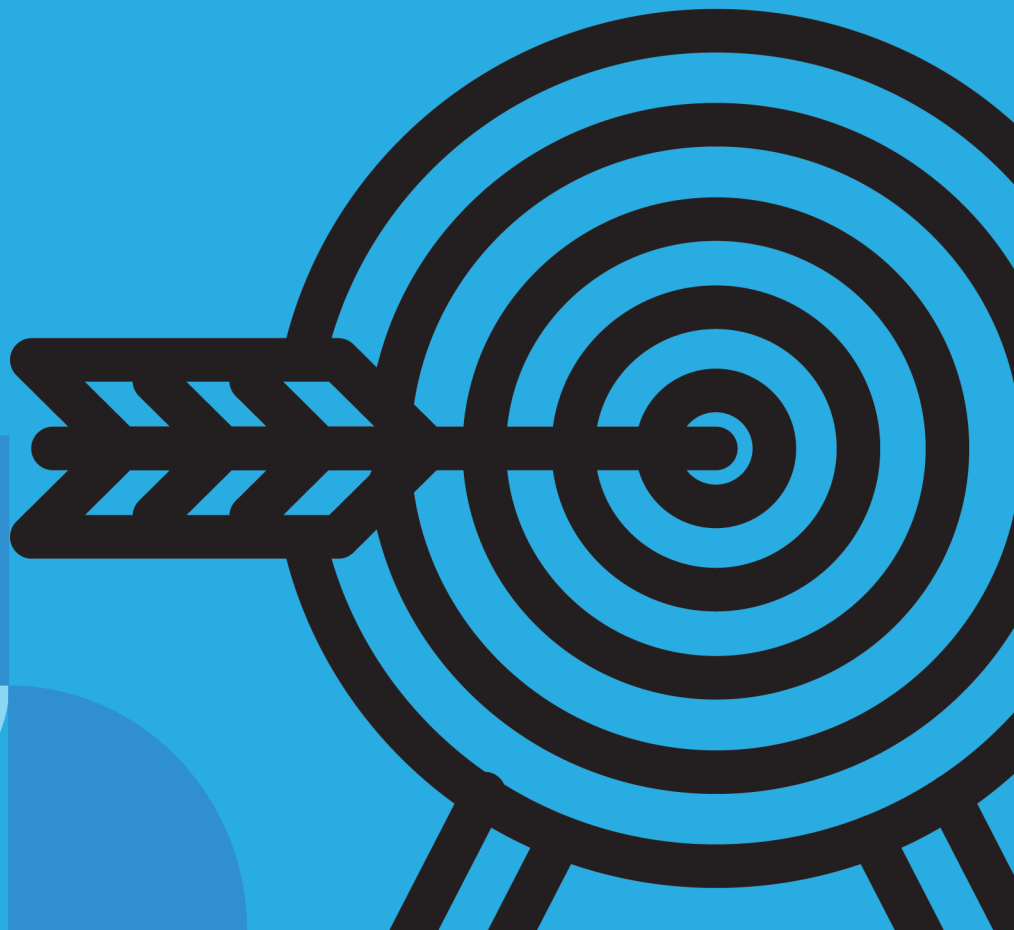
## INDEX VALUE OF PUBLIC TRUST ON BNNP



Source: Index Value of Public Trust on BNN, 2021

2

# MAPPING MAPPING OF DRUG PRONE REGIONS





# INDICATOR OF **DRUG-PRONE REGIONS**



## Main Characteristic Indicator

1

Drug Crimes

5

Number of  
Drug Abusers

2

Number of  
Criminalities/  
Violent Actions

6

Drug Evidence

3

Drug Dealers

7

Drug  
Entry Point

4

Drug Production  
Activities

8

Drug Courier

1

Many  
Entertainment  
Locations

4

No Public Facilities  
Available

2

High rate of  
Boarding facilities/  
Private Residences

5

Lack of  
Community Social  
Interaction

3

High Rate of  
Poverty



## Supporting Characteristic Indicator

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

# CATEGORY OF DRUG PRONE REGIONS



## DRUG PRONE REGIONS IN INDONESIA

MAPPING OF DRUG PRONE REGIONS IS AN EFFORT TO DEPICT THE COMMUNITY LIVING IN REGIONS IDENTIFIED AS **DANGEROUS** DRUG PRONE REGIONS WITH TOTAL OF **1,844 REGIONS** AND **BEWARE** WITH A TOTAL OF **6,847 REGIONS** WITH THE PURPOSE TO ANALYZE IT'S SOCIAL PROBLEM AND COMMIT ALTERNATIVE EMPOWERMENT INTERVENTION (SEE NEXT PAGE)

### DANGER

MAIN  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

5 - 8 FACTORS

P4GN ACTION

- ERADICATION
- REHABILITATION
- ALTERNATIVE EMPOWERMENT
- COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

SUPPORTING  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

4 - 5 FACTORS

TIME FRAME:

4 - 5 YEARS

### BEWARE

MAIN  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

3 - 4 FACTORS

P4GN ACTION

- ERADICATION
- REHABILITATION
- ALTERNATIVE EMPOWERMENT
- COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

SUPPORTING  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

3 FACTORS

TIME FRAME:

2 - 3 YEARS

### ALERT

MAIN  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

1 - 2 FACTORS

P4GN ACTION

- ERADICATION
- REHABILITATION
- ALTERNATIVE EMPOWERMENT
- COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

SUPPORTING  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

2 FACTORS

TIME FRAME:

1 - 2 YEARS

### SAFE

SUPPORTING  
CHARACTERISTIC  
INDICATOR:

3 FACTORS

P4GN ACTION

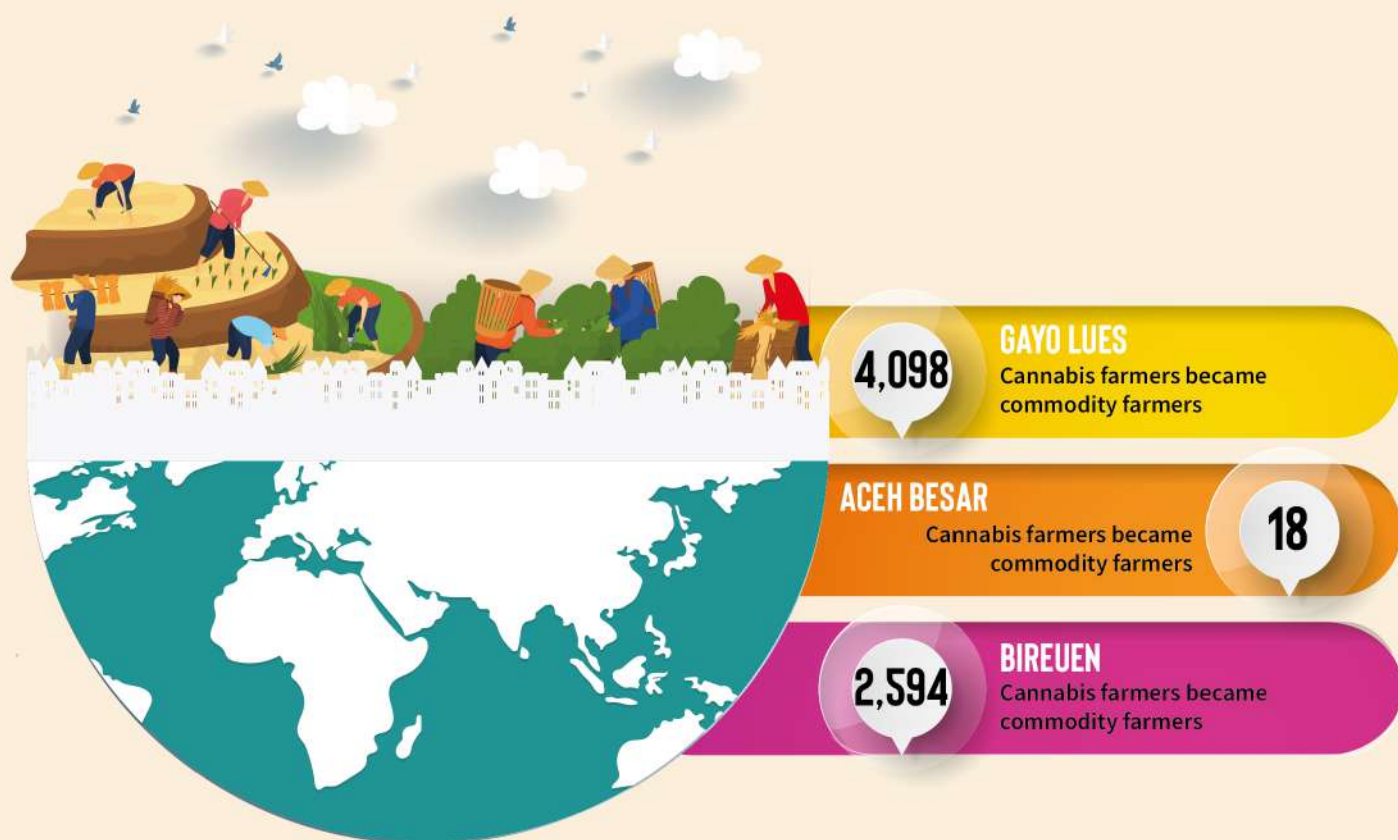
- COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT
- PENCEGAHAN

TIME FRAME :

2 - 3 YEARS

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

# TRANSFER OF LAND FUNCTION AND PROFESSION IN DRUG PRONE REGIONS



**7,090**  
HECTARE  
**6,710**

Cannabis cultivation became productive land

Cannabis farmers became commodity farmers

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

# TRANSFER OF PROFESSION

TOTAL TRANSFER OF PREFESSION IN RURAL DRUG PRONE REGIONS

**RIAU ISLANDS**

10 Persons

**CENTRAL JAVA**

10 Persons

**YOGYAKARTA**

2 Persons



Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment

3

# DEMAND REDUCTION

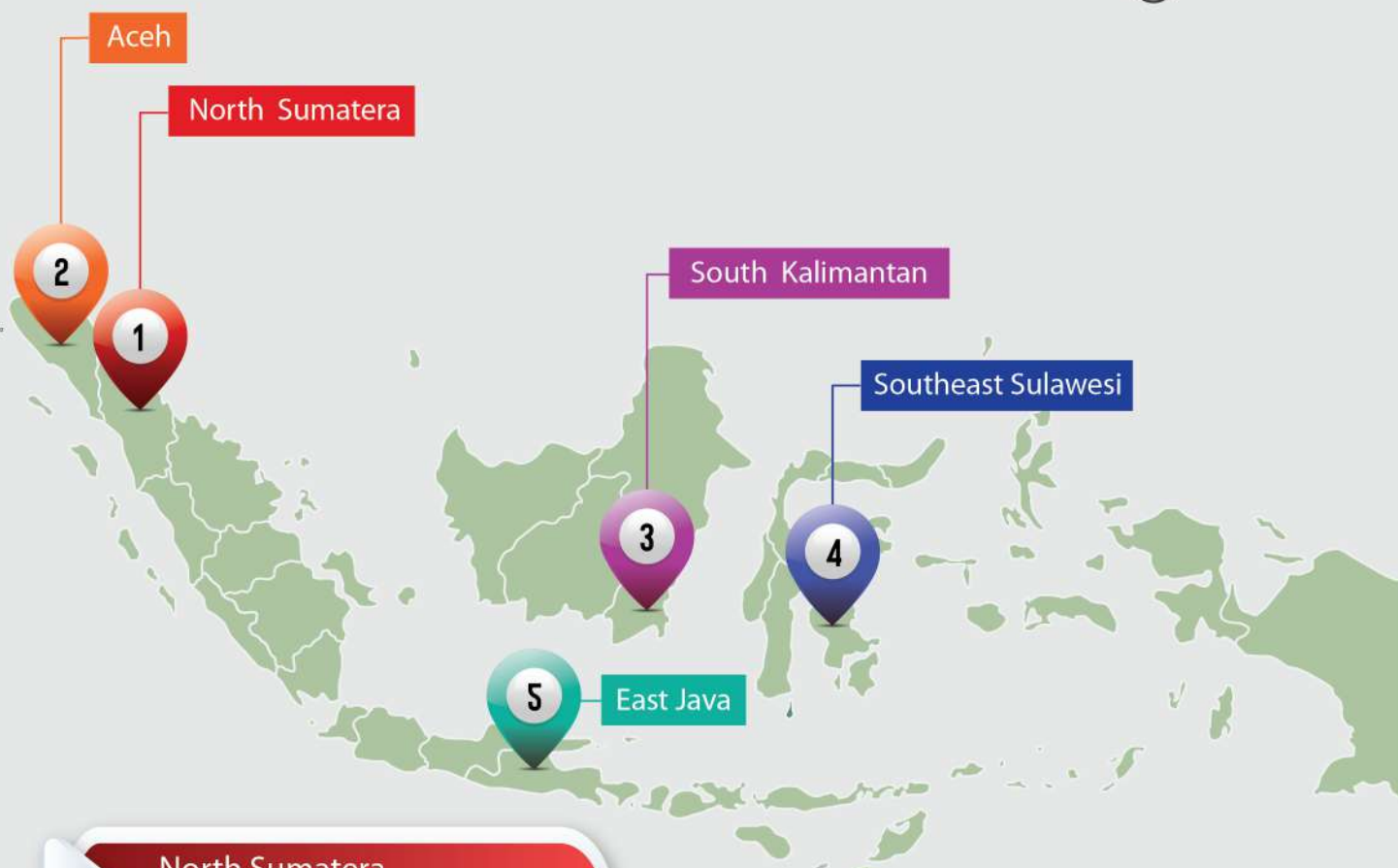
DATA IN 2021







## EARLY DETECTION SPREAD (URINE TEST) FIVE LARGEST CITIES INDICATING THE MOST POSITIVE RESULTS



01

### North Sumatera

Total Participants : 26,755 Persons  
Total Positive : 237 Persons

02

### Aceh

Total Participants : 11,794 Persons  
Total Positive : 206 Persons

03

### South Kalimantan

Total Participants : 10,554 Persons  
Total Positive : 121 Persons

04

### Southeast Sulawesi

Total Participants : 6,417 Persons  
Total Positive : 47 Persons

05

### East Java

Total Participants : 12,966 Persons  
Total Positive : 46 Persons

“

### EARLY DRUG DETECTION

is an effort to early identify Narcotic content by using a particular method, one of which is urine examination in 2021 that detected

**1,022 persons**  
were positive **using drugs**

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

# RECOVERY AGENTS AND P4GN ACTIVISTS

YEAR  
2021



**262**  
RECOVERY  
AGENTS



**34,748**  
P4GN  
ACTIVISTS

## PROVINCES WITH THE LARGEST NUMBER OF P4GN ACTIVISTS

**1**

**3,814**

**EAST  
JAVA**

**2**

**2,494**

**NORTH  
SUMATERA**

**3**

**2,452**

**ACEH**

**4**

**2,087**

**DKI  
JAKARTA**

**5**

**2,069**

**SOUTH  
SUMATERA**

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

## COMMUNICATION, INFORMATION AND EDUCATION

A Total of **10,961** prevention activities carried out by National Narcotics Board with a total audience of **1,508,872** persons

Source: BNN Drugs Information System, March 2022

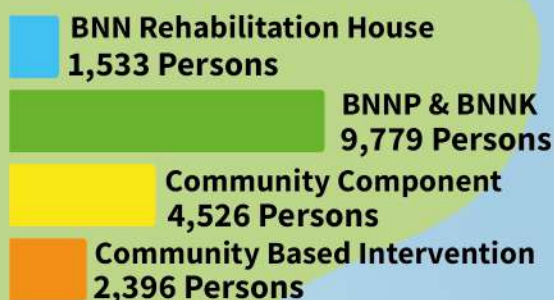




# 2021 NUMBER OF NARCOTICS ADDICTS ATTENDED THE REHABILITATION PROGRAM

**43,320**  
TOTAL REHABILITATION PATIENTS

## Rehabilitation Facilities Owned By BNN



947 Persons



## Ministry of Health Rehabilitation Facilities

## Ministry of Social Affairs Rehabilitation Facilities

10,016  
Persons

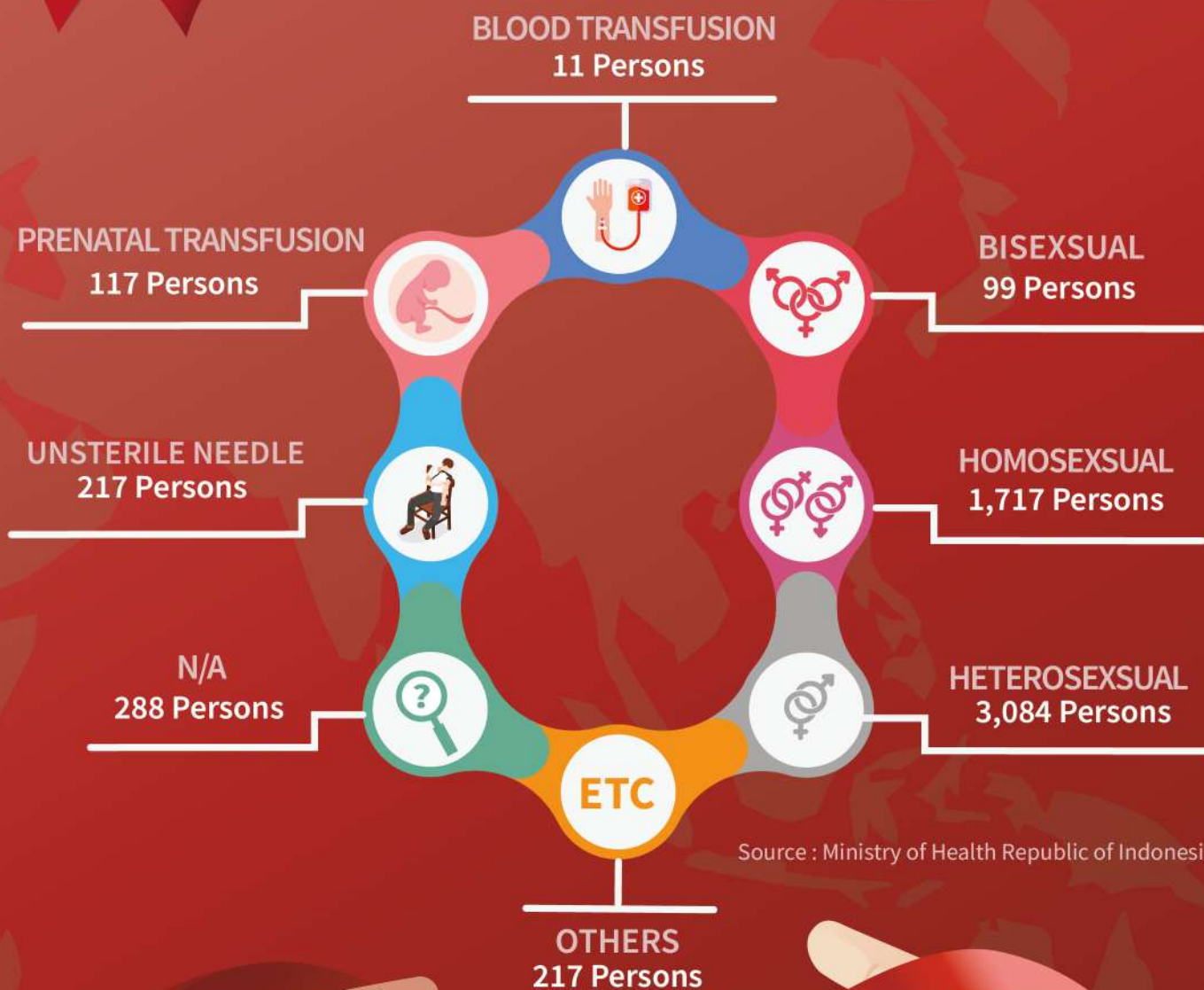
14,122 Persons

## Ministry of Law and Human Right Correctional Institution

Source : BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation

# AIDS CASES

## BASED ON RISK FACTOR IN 2021





# AIDS CASES

## BASED ON PROVINCE IN 2021

**TOTAL : 8,639 CASES**



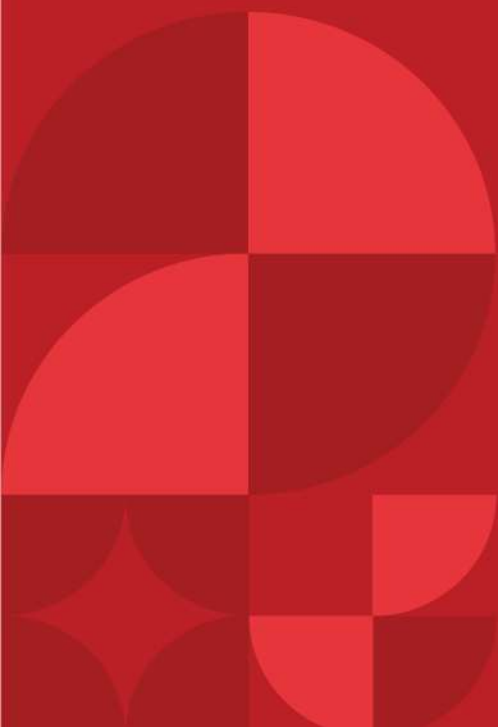
Source : Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia



4

# **SUPPLY REDUCTION**

## **DATA IN 2021**





# TOTAL DRUG SEIZURES

## NARCOTICS EVIDENCE

1	METH	11,743,525.97 gram
2	ECSTASY	872,843.35 tablet
3	GORILLA TOBACCO	337,726.02 gram
4	HEROINE	28,099.97 gram
5	COCAINE	1,411.21 gram
6	DIMETHYLTRYPTAMINE	1,185.26 gram
7	HASHISH	979.70 gram
8	SYNTHETIC CANNABIS	186.25 gram



## TYPE OF PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE

1	G-LIST	3,839,322.34 tablet
2	BARBITURATE	488,859.13 tablet
3	BENZODIAZEPINE	88,900.50 tablet

## CANNABIS ERADICATED



ERADICATED AREA **58.5** Hectare

TOTAL CANNABIS ERADICATED **115.8** Tons



Source: Indonesia National Police and BNN, March 2022

# TOTAL CASES AND SUSPECTS OF DRUG CRIMES

## TOTAL CASES AND SUSPECTS BASED ON TYPE OF DRUG

		CASES	SUSPECTS
1	METH	22,950	43,804
2	CANNABIS	2,105	3,690
3	G-LIST	1,245	1,584
4	POTENT MEDICINE	697	869
5	ECSTASY	485	986
6	ALCOHOL	323	345
7	GORILLA TOBACCO	320	573
8	SYNTHETIC CANNABIS	307	537
9	LIMITED HARD MEDICINES	289	367
10	GROUP IV	217	418

## 10 LARGEST DRUG DISCLOSURES BASED ON REGION

	REGION	TOTAL CASES
1	NORTH SUMATERA	6,077
2	EAST JAVA	5,931
3	DKI JAKARTA	3,511
4	WEST JAVA	2,570
5	SOUTH SUMATERA	2,043
6	SOUTH SULAWESI	1,923
7	CENTRAL JAVA	1,849
8	LAMPUNG	1,709
9	RIAU	1,622
10	SOUTH KALIMANTAN	1,549



TOTAL OF SUSPECTS  
**53,405**



Source: Indonesia National Police and BNN, March 2022

# TOTAL ASSET MONEY LAUNDERING CRIMES

THAT **SEIZED** BY BNN



 **SUSPECTS**  
**16 PERSONS**

 **TOTAL ASSET IN RUPIAH**  
**RP 108,853,280,961.-**

## Gender

Male  15 Persons  
Female  1 Persons

## Age

 **25-29**  
**Year** **1 Person**  **>30**  
**Year** **15 Persons**

## Education

 : **4 Persons**  : **11 Persons** N/A : **1 Persons**

**CENTRAL BNN**

**Seizures :**  
**Rp105,233,293,961.00**

**CENTRAL JAVA**  
**BNNP**

**Seizures :**  
**Rp2,126,357,500.00**

**NORTH SUMATERA**  
**BNNP**

**Seizures :**  
**Rp1,560,000,000.00**

Source : BNN Deputy of Eradication

# INDONESIA CITIZENS INVOLVED IN OVERSEAS DRUG CRIMES



Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

# FOREIGN CITIZENS INVOLVED IN DRUG CRIMES IN INDONESIA

**MALAYSIA****1 PERSONS****FRANCE****1 PERSONS****SOUTH KOREA****1 PERSONS****ITALIA****1 PERSONS****SWITZERLAND****1 PERSONS****EGYPT****1 PERSONS****LEBANON****1 PERSONS****ENGLAND****1 PERSONS****CHINA****1 PERSONS****FINLAND****1 PERSONS****GERMANY****1 PERSONS****ALGERIA****1 PERSONS****AUSTRALIA****1 PERSONS****RUSSIA****4 PERSONS****17  
PERSONS****TOTAL**

Source: Indonesia National Police and BNN, March 2022

## TOTAL CONVICTS INDONESIAN CITIZEN AND FOREIGNERS SETENCED TO DEATH FOR CASES RELATED TO NARCOTICS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

**TOTAL  
CONVICTED TO DEATH PENALTY**

**140 PERSONS**



**TOTAL INDONESIANS  
111 PERSONS  
TOTAL FOREIGNERS  
29 PERSONS**

### ORIGIN COUNTRY FOR 29 FOREIGNERS CONVICTED OF THE DEATH PENALTY

**MALAYSIA  
11 Persons**

**REPUBLIC OF CHINA  
(CHINA, TAIWAN AND HONGKONG)  
12 Persons**

**NIGERIA  
2 Persons**

**FRANCE  
1 Persons**

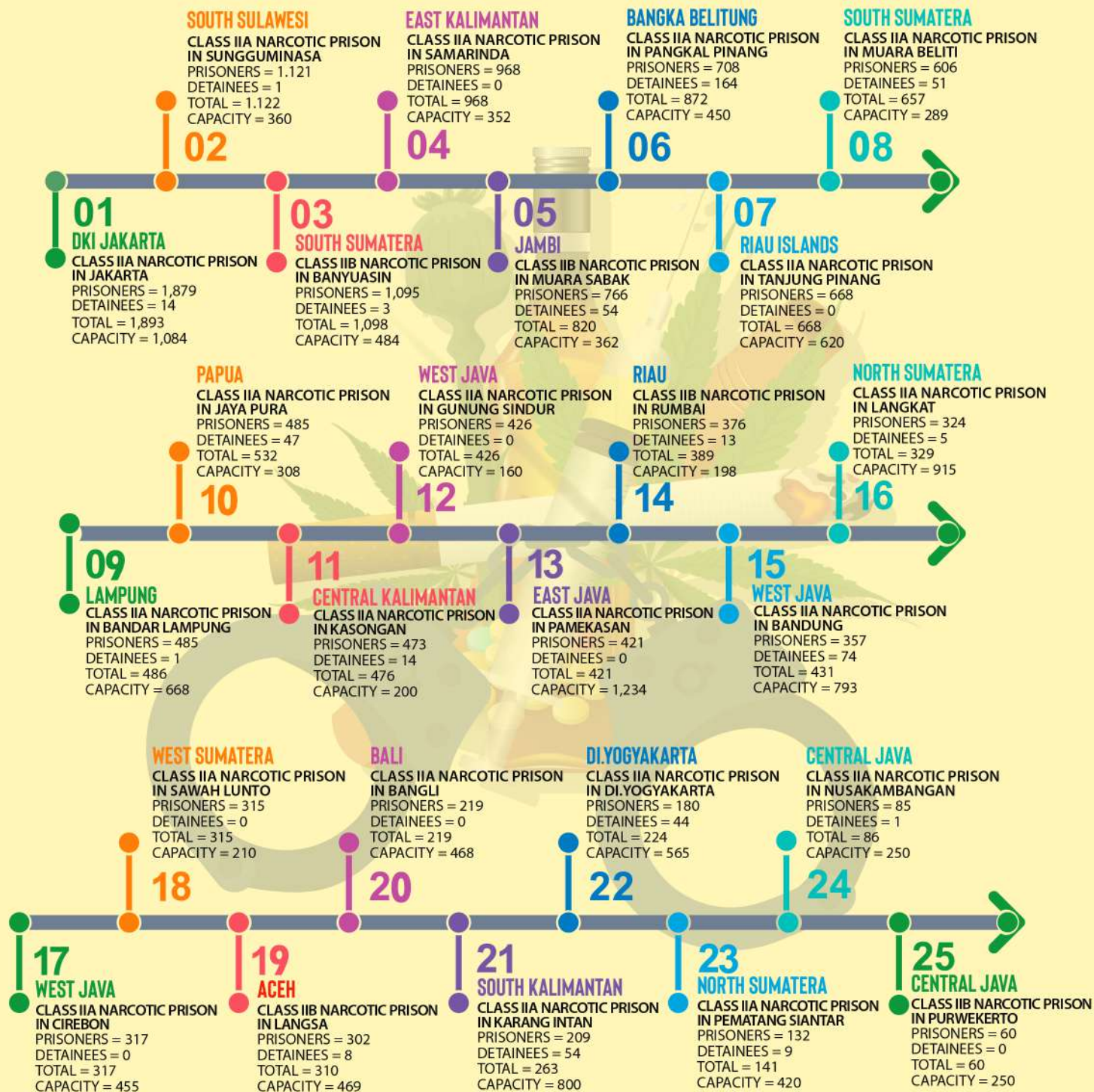
**ENGLAND  
1 Persons**

**IRAN  
1 Persons**

**PAKISTAN  
1 Persons**

Sources : Ministry of Law and Human Rights, December 2021

# TOTAL PRISONERS AND DETAINEES IN SPECIAL NARCOTICS PRISONERS ALL OVER INDONESIA IN 2021



Source: Ministry of Law and Human Rights, December 2021

## TOTAL PRISONERS AND DETAINEES RELATED TO DRUG CASES ALL OVER INDONESIA IN 2021 FROM DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS MINISTRY OF LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS



# LAND ROUTES OF DRUG SMUGGLE



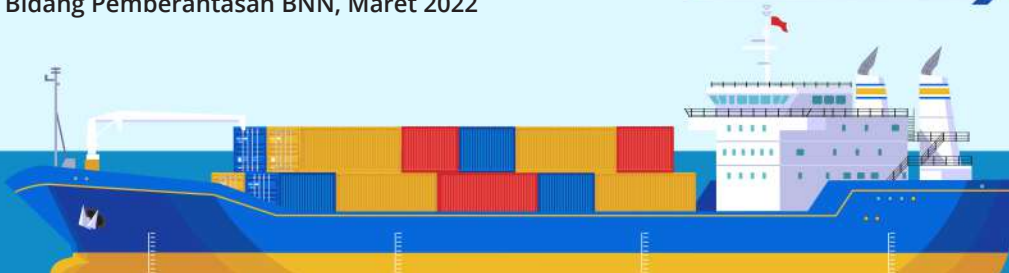
Sumber: Deputy Bidang Pemberantasan BNN, Maret 2022



# SEA ROUTES OF DRUG SMUGGLE



Sumber: Deputi Bidang Pemberantasan BNN, Maret 2022



# MARKET PRICES OF NARCOTICS IN INDONESIA



## CANNABIS

Highest

Rp. 100.000,-

Lowest

Rp. 1.300,-

\*per gram\*



## METH

Highest

Rp. 3.500.000,-

Lowest

Rp. 700.000,-

\*per gram\*



## ECSTASY

Highest

Rp. 900.000,-

Lowest

Rp. 185.000,-

\*per item\*

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

# TOTAL EVIDENCE TEST RESULTS OF CRIMES RELATED TO NARCOTICS, PSYCHOTROPIC AND ADDICTIVE SUBSTANCES IN 2021

Total Tests: 19.116

**+ POSITIVE +**

**NARCOTICS**

**16.140**

**Raw Material**

**1.302**

**Specimen**

**PSYCHOTROPIC  
SUBSTANCES**

**27**

**Raw Material**

**0**

**Specimen**

**PRECURSORS**

**3**

**Raw Material**

**0**

**Specimen**

**NPS**

**1.130**

**Raw Material**

**44**

**Specimen**

**- NEGATIVE -**

**NEGATIVE**

**103**

**Raw Material**

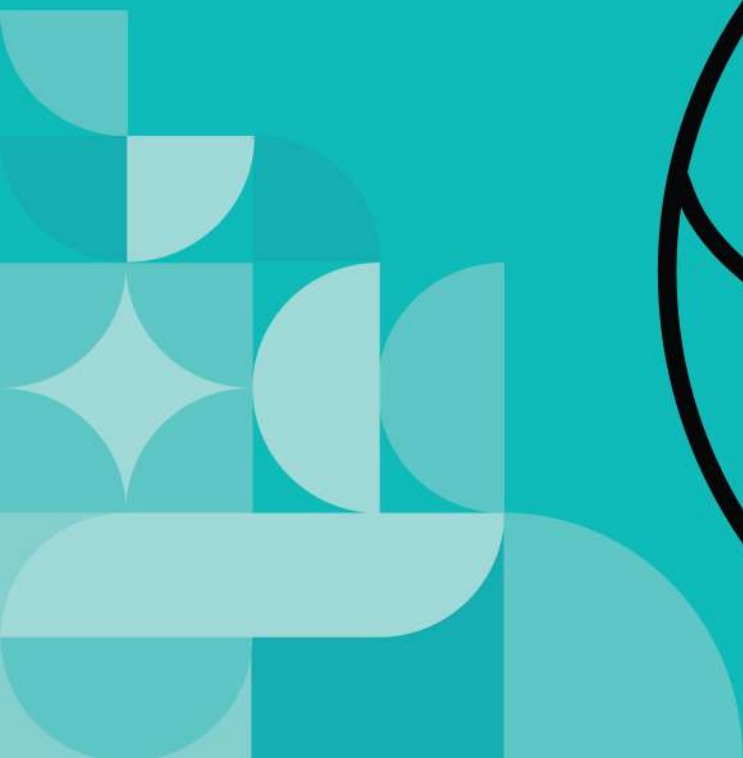
**367**

**Specimen**

Source: BNN Narcotics Laboratory Center, March 2022

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**NEW**  
**PSYCHOACTIVE**  
**PSYCHOACTIVE**  
**SUBSTANCES**





# TOTAL IDENTIFIED NPS IN THE WORLD AND IN INDONESIA

**1100** NPS  
Identified



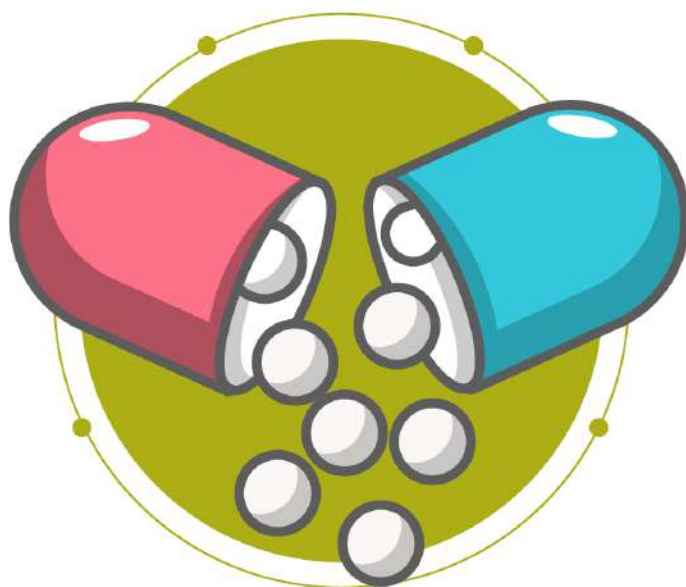
GLOBAL

**87** NPS  
Identified



INDONESIA

**NEW  
PSYCHOACTIVE  
SUBSTANCES**



**75**

Regulated by  
Minister of Health Regulation

**12**

Not Yet Regulated by  
Minister of Health Regulation

Source:

BNN Narcotics Laboratory Center, March 2022



# NUMBERS OF REPORTED NPS IN INDONESIA

36 Substances	SYNTHETIC CANNABINOID
20 Substances	PERIVATIVE OF CATHINONE
16 Substances	PERIVATIVE OF PHENETHYLAMINE
4 Substances	PERIVATIVE OF PIPERAZINE
2 Substances	PERIVATIVE OF TRYPTAMINE
1 Substances	PLANT BASED SUBSTANCE
1 Substances	CATHINONE AND CATHINE
1 Substances	PERIVATIVE OF KETAMIN
1 Substances	PENCYCLIDINE TYPE SUBSTANCES
1 Substances	SYNTHETIC CATHINONE
1 Substances	KETAMINE & PCP- TYPE SUBSTANCES
1 Substances	KETAMIN
1 Substances	PLANT, PLANT BASED POWDER

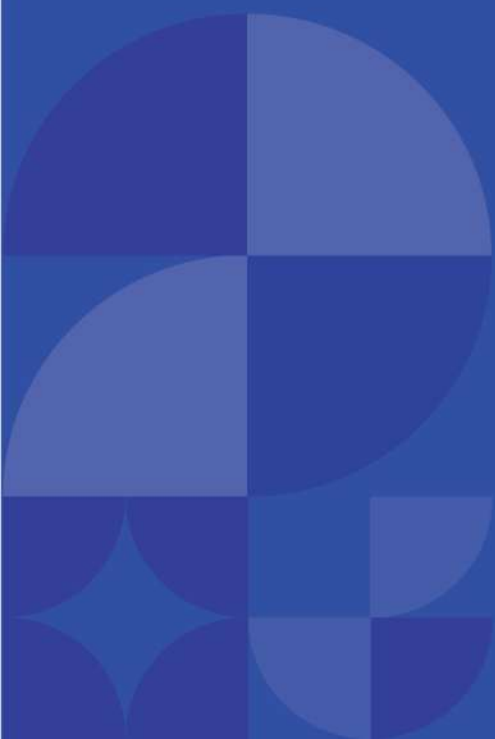
# NPS

Source:  
BNN Narcotics Laboratory Center, March 2022



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# DATA OF SUPPORTING STATISTICS REPORT OF 2021





## SURVEY RESULTS RELATED TO THE PREVENTION AND ERADICATION OF DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING (P4GN) IN 2021

### A. PREVALENCE OF DRUG ABUSE IN INDONESIA IN 2021

#### 1. Prevalence of Past Year Drug Abuse and Ever Used

Table 1.1. Rate of Past Year Drug Abuse and Ever Used from 2019 – 2021 Based on Urban and Rural Regions and Gender (%)

No.	Gender	Rural		Urban		Total	
		2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021
1.	Males	3.40	2.26	3.90	3.02	3.70	2.68
2.	Females	0.20	0.95	0.30	1.42	0.20	1.21
3.	Total	1.70	1.61	1.90	2.23	1.80	1.95

Sourcer: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

Table 1.2. Prevalence Rate of Past Year Drug Abuse from 2019 – 2021 Based on Age Group and Domicile (%)

No.	Age Group	Rural		Urban		Total	
		2019	2021	2019	2021	2019	2021
1.	15-24 Years	0.80	1.83	1.50	1.89	1.30	1.87
2.	25-49 Years	2.50	1.61	2.30	2.34	2.40	2.02
3.	50-64 Years	0.30	1.38	1.40	2.30	1.00	1.88
4.	Total	1.70	1.61	1.90	2.23	1.80	1.95

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

#### 2. Source of Drug Acquisition and Location of Drug Use

Table 1.3. Source of First Time Drug Acquisition (%)

No.	Source of Drug Acquisition	%	Ket.
1.	Friend	88.4	
2.	Boyfriend/Girlfriend	0.1	
3.	Brother/Sister	0.1	
4.	Parents	0.2	
5.	Partner	0.5	
6.	Syndicate/Dealer/Courier	1.7	
7.	Pharmacy	7.9	
8.	Officer	0.0	
9.	Others	0.9	

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

Table 1.4. Location of Drug Abuse (%)

No.	Location of Drug Abuse	%	Ket.
1.	Home/Bedroom/Apartment/Boarding (Rental)/Hostel	60.3	
2.	Empty House/Building	34.5	
3.	Public Toilet	9.2	
4.	Work Place	20.3	
5.	School/Campus	8.3	
6.	Market Place/Shop	2.9	
7.	Terminal/Seaport/Station/Airport	0.8	
8.	Hotel/Lodging	13.6	
9.	Night Entertainment (Café/Karaoke/Discoteque)	29.6	
10.	Street/Alley	24.8	
11.	Park/Garden/Forest/Graveyard/Field (Vacant land)/ Beach	22.4	
12.	Localization	1.8	
13.	Game Online Facility	0.3	
14.	In a car	10.5	
15.	Others	10.5	

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

### 3. Distribution of Respondents and Proximity of Residence with the public facility of Drug Abuse Behaviour

Table 1.5. Distribution of Respondents Based on the Perception of Behaviour on the Offer to take Drugs, Behaviour of Drug Abuse and Gender (%)

No.	Behaviour of Being Offered to Take Drugs	Males		Females		Males + Females	
		User	Non User	User	Non User	User	Non User
1.	Refuse/Avoidr/ Be quiet	90.7	84.4	84.1	80.7	89.1	82.6
2.	Report to the Authority	7.5	15.6	15.0	19.3	9.3	17.4
3.	Buy	1.8	-	0.8	-	1.6	-

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

Table 1.6. Proximity of Residence with Public Facility and Behaviour of Drug Abuse (%)

No.	Proximity of Residence	User	Non User
1.	Market Place/Mall	70.1	60.1
2.	Entertainment Location	36.6	26.8
3.	Terminal/Airport/Seaport/Station	23.8	18.7
4.	Pharmacy/Drug Store/Clinic	86.3	72.1

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

#### 4. Social Problems in the Residence Environment and Risk Behaviour

Table 1.7. Social Problems in the Residence environment and Risk Behaviour of Drug Abuse (%)

No.	Social Problems within the Residence Environment	User	Non User
1.	Drinking of Alcohol	37.4	15.2
2.	Drugs	9.6	2.7
3.	Fights	28.4	7.2
4.	Theft	4.4	0.8
5.	Gambling	44.5	7.4
6.	Prostitution	49.3	22.7
7.	Others	0.9	0.5

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

Table 1.8. Risk Behaviour and Drug Use Behaviour (%)

No.	Risk Behaviour and Drug Use Behaviour	User	Non User
1.	Smoking	64.3	33.9
2.	Drinking Alcohol	46.5	9.5
3.	Hanging out at night outside Home	38.7	14.6
4.	Visiting Night Places of Entertainment	11.5	3.2
5.	Visiting Localization	1.2	0.3
6.	Non-Marital Sexual Activity	14.6	1.7

Source: Survey on the Prevalence of Drug Abuse in Indonesia in 2021

## B. STUDY RESULTS ON THE REVIEW REGARDING THE SEMESTER PERIOD OF THE ASEAN WORK PLAN FOR SECURING THE COMMUNITY FROM THE DANGERS OF DRUGS, 2016-2025

### 1. Results of Assessment in the Progress of ASEAN Member Countries.

Table 1.9. Results of Assessment by ASEAN Member Countries in order to achieve the 2016-2025 ASEAN framework that is based on the level of participation or involvement of the ASEAN Member Countries for each element in every sector (The higher the grade, the better the level of success of involvement of the ASEAN Member Country in the implementation of elements in each sector).

No.	Element	Assessment
<b>General</b>		
1.	Strengthen the role of AMMD in coordinating a coherent, comprehensive and effective ASEAN strategy in the realization of an ASEAN free from drugs	★★★★★
2.	Identify the needs in addressing the ongoing threat posed by the production and distribution of drugs from the Golden Triangle region	★★★



No.	Element	Assessment
3.	Unite risk management and the national standard of Drug control policy in reducing the drug threat	★★★★★
4.	Integrate the understanding among the related national drug institutions regarding the economic impact of regional linkages between drug <i>supply</i> and <i>demand</i>	★★★★
5.	Increase participation among the related national institutions, including institutions responsible for education, health, social and household, in addressing various aspects related to drug control and its challenges	★★★★★
<b>II. Prevention Education</b>		
1.	Encourage awareness through the implementation of a cross-regional education campaign with a general message to build youth resilience in the fight against drugs and teach the community on the effects of drugs on at-risk groups	★★★★★
2.	Develop and implement regional programs in reaching out-of-school youth and other high-risk groups	★★★★★
3.	Design and implement family-based, school-based, community-based, workplace-based and environment-based prevention, intervention and policy, that are based on scientific evidence	★★★★★
<b>III. Law Enforcement</b>		
1.	Work continuously and significantly to reduce the production and circulation of illegal drugs and related drug crimes in connection with the particular situations in each country	★★★★★
2.	Work towards increasing access to justice that is equitable for all individuals in the ASEAN region while respecting the sovereignty, national policies and regulations of each country	★★★
3.	Increase the government level through a transparent approach to drug law enforcement	★★★★
4.	Overcome the problem of corruption and direct impact of corrupt practices on the production, distribution and trade of illegal drugs	★★★
5.	ASEAN Member Countries have to strengthen and expand existing regulations such as provisions on mutual assistance, cross-border liaison officers, entry gate surveillance and intelligence units. Seaport and Airport interdiction work units including land barriers and regional data collection	★★★★★
6.	Develop intelligence on the control of drugs, precursors and other important chemicals	★★★★★
<b>IV. Treatment and Rehabilitation</b>		
1.	Increase access to treatment services, rehabilitation and follow-up care for drug users related to the respective particular national drug situations in each country, with the purpose to ensure full reintegration into society	★★★

No.	Element	Assessment
<b>V. Research</b>		
1.	Establish a regional clearing house as a forum for sharing best practices, publication of research findings (including scientific findings), and collection of international knowledge	★★
2.	Ensure that all related parties in ASEAN Member Countries have access to the latest method of <i>supply</i> and <i>demand</i> reduction	★★★
<b>VI. Alternative Development</b>		
1.	Work for the sustainable and significant reduction of illegal crop cultivation through the use of the United Nations Guiding Principles in alternative Development as a guide	★★★
2.	Encourage broad access for alternative development products to be marketed both in the country and in the region in line with national and international obligations and can apply multilateral trade rules	★★★★★
3.	Develop technical assistance to support each other in the identification of alternative crops as a substitution for illegal crops and establish sustainable policy reforms	★★
<b>VII Extra Regional Cooperation.</b>		
1.	Increase cooperation with outside parties, including dialogue partners and international organizations to overcome drug trafficking and drug-related crimes	★★★★★
2.	Consider to be involved with outside parties in strengthening cooperation to overcome transnational challenges by focusing on the diversion of precursors, tackling criminal syndicates and increase law enforcement	★★★★
3.	increase effective and efficient funding mechanism in facilitating regional cooperation and to support national drug control institutions in the implementation of related projects	★★★
4.	Strengthen and expand the scope of existing bilateral and regional cooperation including MLA, BLO, entry-level surveillance units, AAITF, ASITF, and DAINAP regional data collection mechanisms	★★★★★
5.	Adopt and support the cooperation framework involving all governments that have the support of regional and international organizations. Said framework should be established on existing agreements and aim to be a dynamic driving force for the advancement of surveillance, enhance regional cooperation, build relations with non-ASEAN governments, and mobilize resources	★★★★
6.	Encourage ASEAN Member countries to participate in United Nations fora, Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and meetings of Heads of National Law Enforcement (HONLEA) to show the ASEAN unity and solidarity	★★★★

Source: Results of Research on the Mid- Semester Review of the ASEAN Work Plan in Securing the Community from the Dangers of Drugs 2016-2020 in 2021



## 2. Recommendation.

Table 1.10. Recommendations for Achieving the ASEAN Work Plan 2016-2025

No.	Sector	Recommendation
1.	General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Expand and increase the power of other ASEAN Member Countries to be involved in the handling of drug problems in the Golden Triangle</li> <li>Enhance the commitment of ASEAN Member Countries in the funding of programs and increase adequate equipment and infrastructure of the control on drug trafficking</li> </ul>
2.	Prevention Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Encourage anti drug campaign activities, socialize with a persuasive approach particularly among the younger generation on the dangers of drug abuse, in order to build an understanding among the young ASEAN generation</li> </ul>
3.	Law Enforcement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Encourage commitment from ASEAN Member Countries that have not implemented a Review on the national drug policies and guarantee the availability of resources</li> <li>Support and ensure the need in enhancing the quality of report and data documentation</li> </ul>
4.	Treatment and Rehabilitation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries that have not yet established a special treatment group to provide this treatment service</li> <li>Encourage and request ASEAN Member Countries to strengthen their rehabilitation and treatment information system for drug abusers</li> <li>Encourage all ASEAN Member Countries to involve families in the healing process of drug abusers, also involve the community in the process of <i>aftercare</i></li> <li>Encourage all ASEAN Member Countries to provide training for rehabilitation officers at local and national level</li> </ul>
5.	Research	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ASEAN Member Countries have to be more aware of the existence of ASEAN NARCO and actively provide important information necessary to strengthen their task and coordination</li> <li>Encourage all ASEAN Member Countries to carry out research or a study on drugs a routine basis</li> <li>Publish results of a study or research to various scientific journals or the ASEAN forum</li> </ul>
6.	Community Empowerment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries that face problems with cannabis cultivation and opium) to implement alternative empowerment programs</li> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries that have a program on alternative empowerment to strengthen their program on information system management</li> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries that have a program on alternative empowerment to carry out a study on this sector</li> </ul>
7.	Extra Regional Cooperation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Encourage and enhance cooperation between ASEAN Member Countries in terms of drug control</li> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries on their commitment in funding the extra-regional and international cooperation program, also strengthen cooperation with external parties or international donors</li> <li>Encourage ASEAN Member Countries to establish cooperation with international institutions under the auspices of United Nations</li> </ul>

Source: Results of Research on the Mid-Semester Review of the ASEAN Work Plan in Securing the Community from the Danger of Drugs 2016-2020 in 2021



## C. INDEX OF PUBLIC TRUST IN THE NATIONAL NARCOTICS BOARD

### 1. Public Trust Index in the National Narcotics Board (BNN).

Table 1.11. Public Trust Index in BNN According to Gender

No.	Gender	Community Satisfaction Index	Criteria
1.	Male	89.69	Very Good
2.	Female	87.58	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.12. Index of Public Trust in BNN According to Age Group (N=23.958)

No.	Age	Community Satisfaction Index	Criteria
1.	15 - 19 Years	89.35	Very Good
2.	20 - 34 Years	88.66	Very Good
3.	35 - 49 Years	88.67	Very Good
4.	50 - 64 Years	88.17	Very Good
5.	≥ 65 Years	86.15	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.13. Index of Public Trust in BNN According to Education Level

No.	Education	Community Satisfaction Index	Criteria
1.	Junior High School / same level	88.05	Very Good
2.	Senior High School / same level	88.83	Very Good
3.	D3	88.89	Very Good
4.	Strata 1	88.53	Very Good
5.	Strata 2	88.56	Very Good
6.	Others	87.92	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN 2021

Table 1.14. Public Trust Index in BNN According to Profession

No.	Profession	Public Trust Index	Criteria
1.	Student / Student (University)	88.52	Very Good
2.	Govt. Employee	90.26	Very Good
3.	Private Employee	88.01	Very Good
4.	Entrepreneur	88.59	Very Good
5.	Others	88.00	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.15. Index Ratio of Public Trust in BNN among Government Employees and Non Government Employees

No.		Public Trust Index	Criteria
1.	Govt. Employee	90.26	Very Good
2.	Non Govt. Employee	88.20	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021



Table 1.16. Public Trust Index in BNN According to Respondent's Participation in Activities of BNN

No.	Experience	Public Trust Index	Criteria
1.	Have participated/Received BNN Service	91.35	Sangat Baik
2.	Never participated/ Received BNN Service	85.38	Sangat Baik

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

## 2. Public Trust Index Based on the Forming Variable

Table 1.17. Value of Public Trust Index Based on the Forming Variable

No.	Variable	Variable Value	Public Trust Index in BNN
1.	<b>Shared Norms and Values</b> (Norma dan Nilai Bersama)	4.48	<b>4.43</b>  <b>Conversion Value</b> <b>88.64</b>
2.	<b>Willingness to Endorse</b> (Kesediaan untuk Mendukung)	4.41	
3.	<b>Perceived Efficacy</b> (Manfaat yang Dirasakan)	4.41	

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.18. Value of Public Trust Index in the Variable of *Shared Norms and Values*

No.	Indicator	Indicator Value	Index of <i>Shared Norms and Values</i>
1.	<b>Agreement</b> (Kesepakatan)	4.45	<b>4.48</b>  <b>Conversion Value:</b> <b>89.57</b>
2.	<b>Integrity</b> (Integritas)	4.42	
3.	<b>Compassion and Understanding</b> (Kepedulian dan Pemahaman)	4.63	
4.	<b>Responsiveness</b> (Responsivitas)	4.49	
5.	<b>Procedural Justice</b> (Keadilan Prosedural)	4.44	
6.	<b>Worthy of Pride</b> (Layak Dibanggakan)	4.44	

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.19. Value of Public Trust Index in the Variable of *Willingness to Endorse*

No.	Indicator	Indicator Value	Index of <i>Willingness to Endorse</i>
1.	<b>Political Inclusion</b> (Partisipasi Politik)	4.41	<b>4.41</b>  <b>Conversion Value:</b> <b>88.18</b>

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

Table 1.20. Value of Public Trust Index in the Variable of *Perceived Efficacy*

No.	Indicator	Indicator Value	Index of <i>Perceived Efficacy</i>
1.	<b>Previous Experience</b> (Pengalaman)	4.52	<b>4.41</b>  <b>Nilai Konversi:</b> <b>88.18</b>
2.	<b>Competence</b> (Kompetensi)	4.41	
3.	<b>Effectiveness</b> (Efektivitas)	4.29	
4.	<b>Reliability</b> (Reliabilitas)	4.42	

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

### 3. Public Trust Index in BNNP.

Table 1.21. Value of Public Trust Index in BNNP

No.	Province	Public Trust Index	Criteria
1.	Aceh	90.58	Very Good
2.	North Sumatera	89.75	Very Good
3.	West Sumatera	90.94	Very Good
4.	Riau	92.36	Very Good
5.	Jambi	88.53	Very Good
6.	South Sumatera	90.70	Very Good
7.	Bengkulu	92.70	Very Good
8.	Lampung	90.37	Very Good
9.	Bangka Belitung Islands	89.07	Very Good
10.	Riau Islands	90.02	Very Good
11.	DKI Jakarta	87.11	Very Good
12.	West Java	89.09	Very Good
13.	Central Java	89.59	Very Good
14.	DI Yogyakarta	89.04	Very Good
15.	East Java	90.08	Very Good
16.	Banten	89.14	Very Good
17.	Bali	90.48	Very Good
18.	West Nusa Tenggara	91.64	Very Good
19.	East Nusa Tenggara	89.53	Very Good
20.	West Kalimantan	88.70	Very Good
21.	Central Kalimantan	89.40	Very Good
22.	South Kalimantan	88.19	Very Good
23.	East Kalimantan	89.02	Very Good
24.	North Kalimantan	87.59	Very Good
25.	North Sulawesi	91.26	Very Good
26.	Central Sulawesi	89.77	Very Good
27.	South Sulawesi	88.15	Very Good
28.	South East Sulawesi	90.93	Very Good
29.	Gorontalo	90.93	Very Good
30.	West Sulawesi	89.44	Very Good
31.	Maluku	89.78	Very Good
32.	North Maluku	90.64	Very Good
33.	West Papua	94.42	Very Good

Source: Public Trust Index in BNN in 2021

**DEMAND REDUCTION DATA IN 2021****A. DRUG PRONE REGION IN 2021**

Table 2.1. Drug Prone Region Based on Entryway Approach

No.	Province	Description
1.	Aceh	Entryway Approach
2.	North Sumatera	Entryway Approach
3.	South Sumatera	Entryway Approach
4.	Riau	Entryway Approach
5.	Riau Islands	Entryway Approach
6.	West Java	Entryway Approach
7.	DKI Jakarta	Entryway Approach
8.	Banten	Entryway Approach
9.	West Kalimantan	Entryway Approach
10.	North Kalimantan	Entryway Approach
11.	Papua	Entryway Approach
12.	West Papua	Entryway Approach

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, Mach 2021

Table 2.2. Total Drug Prone Regions Based on Danger and Alert Categories by Province in Indonesia in 2021

No.	Province	Alert	Danger	Total
1.	Aceh	133	101	234
2.	North Sumatera	887	305	1,192
3.	West Sumatera	537	11	548
4.	Riau	8	73	81
5.	Jambi	5	4	9
6.	South Sumatera	756	13	769
7.	Bengkulu	24	9	33
8.	Lampung	553	350	903
9.	Bangka Belitung	111	66	177
10.	Riau Islands	97	32	129
11.	DKI Jakarta	109	28	137
12.	West Java	552	166	718
13.	Central Java	570	177	747
14.	DI Yogyakarta	31	0	31
15.	East Java	1,002	160	1,162
16.	Banten	28	1	29
17.	Bali	53	5	58
18.	West Nusa Tenggara	67	6	73
19.	East Nusa Tenggara	12	0	12
20.	West Kalimantan	164	68	232
21.	Central Kalimantan	39	56	95
22.	South Kalimantan	123	19	142
23.	East Kalimantan	97	80	177
24.	North Kalimantan	19	0	19
25.	North Sulawesi	100	32	132
26.	Central Sulawesi	132	8	140

No.	Province	Alert	Danger	Total
27.	South Sulawesi	370	19	389
28.	South East Sulawesi	104	44	148
29.	Gorontalo	42	15	57
30.	West Sulawesi	19	10	29
31.	Maluku	6	0	6
32.	North Maluku	39	0	39
33.	West Papua	5	3	8
34.	Papua	36	0	36
<b>Total</b>		<b>6,830</b>	<b>1,861</b>	<b>8,691</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

**B. PREVENTION****1. Data of Communication. Information and Education (CIE) in 2021**

Table 2.3. Total CIE Traveling Activities on P4GN by BNNP

No.	Region	Total Activities	Total Participants
1.	East Java	213	17,045
2.	North Sumutera	183	24,740
3.	Central Java	168	12,670
4.	South Kalimantan	104	4,860
5.	West Java	94	7,006
6.	Riau	93	5,604
7.	West Nusa Tenggara	92	7,844
8.	DI Yogyakarta	86	5,458
9.	South Sulawesi	85	4,604
10.	South East Sulawesi	68	2,402
11.	Bangka Belitung	63	4,026
12.	Bali	61	3,017
13.	Lampung	60	3,738
14.	DKI Jakarta	58	6,864
15.	West Kalimantan	51	4,373
16.	North Kalimantan	46	2,222
17.	Aceh	45	4,393
18.	Central Sulawesi	40	2,242
19.	Bengkulu	38	5,374
20.	North Sulawesi	33	1,201
21.	Banten	32	2,596
22.	Riau Islands	30	1,812
23.	South Sumatera	30	2,060
24.	North Maluku	25	777
25.	West Papua	20	1,477
26.	Papua	19	864
27.	East Kalimantan	18	2,088
28.	West Sumatera	11	800
29.	Jambi	8	344
30.	Gorontalo	7	790
31.	East Nusa Tenggara	5	647
32.	West Sulawesi	5	171
33.	Cebtral Kalimantan	1	0
34.	Maluku	1	35
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,893</b>	<b>144,144</b>

Source: Drug Information System (SIN), March 2022



## 2. Data of Information Dissemination in 2021

Table 2.4. Total Activities related to Information Dissemination (Printed, Broadcast, Online and Conventional) within BNN

No.	Region/Province	Total Activities
1.	BNN Center	50
2.	Aceh	117
3.	Bangka Belitung	15
4.	Bali	2,093
5.	Banten	193
6.	Bengkulu	312
7.	DI Yogyakarta	180
8.	DKI Jakarta	169
9.	Gorontalo	40
10.	West Java	672
11.	Jambi	25
12.	Central Java	1,085
13.	East Java	1,161
14.	West Kalimantan	99
15.	South Kalimantan	832
16.	North Kalimantan	20
17.	Central Kalimantan	91
18.	East Kalimantan	238
19.	Riau Islands	379
20.	Lampung	251
21.	Maluku	63
22.	North Maluku	195
23.	West Nusa Tenggara	687
24.	East Nusa Tenggara	116
25.	Papua	149
26.	West Papua	21
27.	Riau	63
28.	South Sulawesi	110
29.	Central Sulawesi	73
30.	South East Sulawesi	249
31.	North Sulawesi	85
32.	West Sumatera	137
33.	South Sumatera	240
34.	North Sumatera	2,176
<b>Total</b>		<b>12,386</b>

Source: Drug Information System (SIN), March 2022

## C. COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT

## 1. Data of the Number of Drug Activists and Total Urine Tests in 2021

Table 2.5. Total Drug Activists by Province

No.	Province/Executor	Total Activists	Description
1.	Aceh	2,452	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
2.	Bangka Belitung	633	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
3.	Bali	1,094	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
4.	Banten	677	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
5.	Bengkulu	375	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
6.	DI Yogyakarta	631	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
7.	DKI Jakarta	2,087	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
8.	Gorontalo	697	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
9.	West Java	1,954	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
10.	Jambi	761	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
11.	Central Java	1,804	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
12.	East Java	3,814	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
13.	West Kalimantan	841	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
14.	South Kalimantan	1,607	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
15.	North Kalimantan	360	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
16.	Central Kalimantan	596	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
17.	East Kalimantan	867	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
18.	Riau Islands	692	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
19.	Lampung	876	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
20.	Maluku	180	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
21.	North Maluku	705	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
22.	West Nusa Tenggara	790	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
23.	East Nusa Tenggara	905	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
24.	Papua	205	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
25.	West Papua	190	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
26.	BNN Center	486	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
27.	Riau	874	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
28.	West Sulawesi	60	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
29.	South Sulawesi	266	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
30.	Central Sulawesi	905	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
31.	South East Sulawesi	772	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
32.	North Sulawesi	485	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
33.	West Sumatera	544	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
34.	South Sumatera	2,069	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
35.	North Sumatera	2,494	Technical Guidance & Capacity Dev.
<b>Total</b>		<b>34,748</b>	

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022



Table 2.6. Total Urine Test Carried out by BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment

No.	Agency	Total Agencies	Total Participants	Total Positive
1.	Govt. Agencies	100	12,497	1
2.	Private Agencies	8	991	19
3.	Education	5	801	0
4.	Community	3	180	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>116</b>	<b>14,469</b>	<b>20</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

Table 2.7. Total Urine Tests Carried out by BNNP

No.	Province	Total Activities	Total Participants	Total Positive
1.	North Sumatera	2,516	26,755	237
2.	East Java	285	12,966	46
3.	Aceh	291	11,794	206
4.	West Java	225	11,681	8
5.	South Kalimantan	213	10,554	121
6.	South East Sulawesi	179	6,417	47
7.	Central Java	169	5,598	43
8.	South Sumatera	90	5,576	30
9.	East Nusa Tenggara	65	5,531	3
10.	Lampung	47	4,845	12
11.	Banten	75	4,820	18
12.	South Sulawesi	60	3,527	3
13.	East Kalimantan	46	3,121	13
14.	DKI Jakarta	32	3,343	10
15.	Riau	29	2,535	13
16.	West Kalimantan	58	2,530	26
17.	Bali	77	2,410	0
18.	Central Sulawesi	71	2,405	17
19.	West Nusa Tenggara	60	2,193	10
20.	West Sumatera	23	1,910	28
21.	DI Yogyakarta	26	1,680	4
22.	Papua	50	1,619	41
23.	Central Kalimantan	25	1,435	31
24.	North Kalimantan	33	1,405	18
25.	Bangka Belitung	25	1,396	2
26.	Riau Islands	47	1,315	4
27.	North Sulawesi	44	1,248	0
28.	Maluku	39	1,218	5
29.	Jambi	22	1,136	9
30.	Bengkulu	24	1,086	7
31.	Gorontalo	61	965	10
32.	West Papua	9	459	0
33.	North Maluku	19	279	0
34.	West Sulawesi	8	243	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>5,043</b>	<b>145,995</b>	<b>1,022</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022



## 2. Data on the Total Number of Empowered Farmers, Total Change of Profession, and Total Intervened Drug Prone Regions by Alternative Empowerment Program in 2021

Table 2.8. Total Farmers Empowered in Cannabis Cultivation Regions

No.	Region	Total Farmers (Persons)	Commodity	Cultivation Area (Ha)
1.	Aceh Besar	18	Corn	30
2.	Bireuen	2.594	Corn	2.030
3.	Gayo Lues	4.098	Corn	5.030
<b>Total</b>		<b>6.710</b>		<b>7.090</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment March 2022

Table 2.9. Total Change of Profession (Cullinary) in Urban Drug Prone Areas

No.	Area	Total Participants (Persons)	Total Change of Profession (Persons)
1.	Kel. Kalibanteng Kulon Kec. West Semarang Semarang City, Central Java	50	10
2.	Kel. Tanjung Uma Kecamatan Lubuk Baja Batam City, Riau Islands	50	10
3.	Kel. Brontokusuman, Kec. Mergangsan Yogyakarta City, DI Yogyakarta	50	2
4.	Kel. Pasir Putih Kecamatan Bukit Intan Pangkal Pinang City, Bangka Belitung	50	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>200</b>	<b>22</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022

Table 2.10. Total Drug Prone and Vulnerable Areas intervened by the Alternative Empowerment Program

No.	Province	Ttl	Name of Area
1.	Aceh	11	Kemukiman Lamteuba, Kec. Seulimeum, Kab. Aceh Besar
			Gampong Blang Samagadeng, Kec. Pandrah Kab. Bireuen
			Gampong Badak, Kec. Dabun Gelang, Kab. Gayo Lues
			Desa Mon Geudong, Kec. Banda Sakti Kota Lhokseumawe
			Desa Meurandeh Aceh, Kec. Langsa lama Kota Langsa
			Desa Dayah Muara Garot Kec. Indrajaaya Kab Pidie
			Desa Sepang, kec Blangkejeran, kab. Gayo Lues
			Desa Pining, Kec. Pining, Kab. Gayo Lues
			Desa Darul Aman, Kec. Peusangan Selatan Kab. Bireuen
			Desa Cot Bada, Kec. Jeumpa Kab. Bireuen
			Desa Bale Mee, Kec. Kuta Blang Kab. Bireuen
2.	North Sumatera	2	Kel. Amplas, Kec. Medan Amplas Kota Medan
			Kel. Kota Siantar Kec. Panyabungan Kab. Mandailing Natal
3.	West Sumatera	2	Kel. Rawang Kec. Padang Selatan Kota Padang
			Kel. Tanjung Aur Nan XX kec. Lubuk Begalung Kota Padang
4.	Riau Islands	2	Kel. Tanjung Sari dan Kel. Sekanak Raya, Kec. Belakang Padang, Kota Batam
			Kel. Tanjung Uma Kecamatan Lubuk Baja Kota Batam
5.	Riau	1	Kel. Tanah Datar, Kec. Pekanbaru Kota, Kota Pekanbaru
6.	Soouth Sumatera	1	Kel. Tebat Giri Indah Kec. Pagaralam Selatan Kota Pagaralam
7.	Bengkulu	1	Kel. Sawah Lebar, Kec. Ratu Agung, Kota Bengkulu
8.	Jambi	1	Kel. Kampung Laut, Kab. Tanjung Jabung Timur

No.	Province	Ttl	Name of Area
9.	Lampung	1	Kel. Perumnas Way Halim, Kec. Way Halim, Bandar Lampung City
10.	Bangka Belitung	2	Kampung Nelayan I, Kel. Sungailiat, Kec. Sungailiat, Kab. Bangka Kel. Pasir Putih Kecamatan Bukit Intan Pangkal Pinang City
11.	Banten	1	Kel. Sangiang Jaya, Kec. Periu, Tangerang
12.	DKI Jakarta	4	Kel. Johar Baru, Kec. Johar Baru, Central Jakarta Kel. Manggarai Selatan, Kec. Tebet, South Jakarta Kel. Pademangan Timur, Kec. Pademangan, Kota Kel. Susukan, Kec. Ciracas, East Jakarta
13.	West Java	3	Ds. Haurgeulis Kec. Haurgeulis Kab. Indramayu Desa Kebonpedes, Kecamatan Kebonpedes, Kab. Sukabumi Ds. Cihideung, Kec. Parompong, Kab. Bandung Barat
14.	Central Java	2	Kel. Salaman Mloyo, Kec. Semarang Barat, Semarang City Kel. Kalibanteng Kulon Kec. Semarang Barat, Semarang
15.	DI Yogyakarta	2	Kel. Banguntapan, Kec. Banguntapan, Kab. Bantul Kel. Brontokusuman, Kec. Mergangsari, Yogyakarta City
16.	East Java	3	Kel. Dampit, Kec. Dampit, Kab. Malang Kel. Songkokerto, Kecamatan Batu, Batu Town Desa Sidojungkung Kec. Menganti, Kab. Gresik
17.	Bali	1	Kel. Seminyak Kec. Kuta Kab. Badung
18.	West Nusa Tenggara	1	Kel. Pancor, Kec. Selong, Kab. Lombok Timur
19.	East Nusa Tenggara	1	Kel. Fatululi, Kec. Oebobo, Kupang City
20.	Central Kalimantan	1	Kel. Kereng Bangkirai Kec. Sabangau Palangka Raya City
21.	South Kalimantan	1	Kel. Sungai Lulut, Kec. Sungai Tabuk, Kab. Banjar
22.	East Kalimantan	2	Desa Bangun Rejo, Kec. Tenggarong Seberang, Kab. Kutai Kartanegara Desa Liang Ulu, Kec. Kota Bangun, Kab. Kutai Kartanegara
23.	North Sulawesi	1	Kel. Girian Atas Kec. Girian Bitung City
24.	Central Sulawesi	1	Kel. Bantaya Kec. Parigi Kabupaten Parigi Moutong
25.	South East Sulawesi	1	Kel. Sanua, Kec. Kendari Barat, Kendari City
26.	West Sulawesi	1	Desa Sampaga, Kec. Mamuju, Kab. Mamuju
27.	Gorontalo	1	Kel. Kayu Bulan, Kec. Limboto, Kab. Gorontalo
28.	West Kalimantan	3	Desa Nanga Tepuai, Kec. Hulu Gurung Kab. Kapuas Hulu Desa Jongkong Kanan dan sekitarnya Kec. Jongkong, Kab. Kapuas Hulu Desa Rasau Jaya 2 dan sekitarnya Kec. Rasau Jaya, Kab. Kubu Raya
29.	North Kalimantan	1	Desa Sesayap, Kec. Sesayap Hilir, Kab. Tana Tidung
30.	South Sulawesi	1	Jl. Dangko, Kel. Balang Baru, Kec. Tamalate, Makassar City
31.	Maluku	1	Desa Kamal, Kec. Kairatu, Kab. Seram Bagian Barat
32.	North Maluku	1	Kel. Dufa-Dufa, Kec. Ternate Utara, Ternate City
33.	Papua	1	Hamadi Gunung Kel. Hamadi Distrik Jayapura Selatan Jayapura City
34.	West Papua	1	Kel. Remu Selatan, Distrik Sorong Manoi, Sorong City
<b>Total</b>		<b>60</b>	<b>Area</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment, March 2022



## D. REHABILITATION

### 1. Data on Rehabilitation Facilities, Treated Drug Addicts at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehabilitation Hall and Rehabilitation House and Recovery Agents in 2021

#### a. Data on Rehabilitation Facilities in Operation in 2021

Table 2.11. Total Rehabilitation Facilities in Operation

No.	Rehabilitation Facility	Total Institutions
1.	Government Rehabilitation Facility	341
2.	Community Component Rehabilitaation Facility	338
<b>Total</b>		<b>679</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.12. Total Rehabilitation Facilities with the Minimum Standard of Service

No.	Rehabilitation Institution	Total Institutions
1.	Rehabilitation Facility with the Minimum Standard of Service	129
2.	Rehabilitation Facility According to SNI 8807:2019	26
<b>Total</b>		<b>155</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Tabel 2.13. Total Established Community Based Intervention Units

No.	Rehabilitation Institution	Total Institutions
1.	Total Established Community Based Intervention Units	306
<b>Total</b>		<b>306</b>

Source: BNN Depputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.14. Total Drug Users, Drug Abuse Victims and Drug Addicts Receiving Rehabilitation Services

No.	Rehabilitation Institution	Total Persons
1.	BNN owned Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall, Rehab House	1,533
2.	Rehabilitation Facilities at BNNP and BNNK/City	9,779
3.	Ministry of Health Rehabilitation Facility	948
4.	Ministry of Social Affairs Rehabilitation Facility	10,016
5.	Ministry of Law and Human Rights Correctional Institution	14,122
6.	Community Component Rehabilitation Facility	4,526
7.	Community Based Intervention Unit	2,396
<b>Total</b>		<b>43,320</b>

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation , March 2022

## b. Data on Drug Abusers Treated at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House in 2021

Table 2.15. Total Drug Abusers at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House Based on Gender

No.	Residents Admitted	Total Patients						Total
		Lido Rehab Center West Java	Baddoka Rehab House Makassar South Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab House East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab House Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab opuse	
1.	Males	597	240	212	153	193	142	1,537
2.	Females	35	16	10	3	13	0	77
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1,614

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitationon, March 2022

Table 2.16. Total Drug Abusers at Rehabilitation Center, Rehabilitation Hall and Rehabilitation House Based on Age Group

No.	Age Group	Total Patients						Total
		Lido Rehab Center West Java	Baddoka Rehab Hall Makassar South Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab Hall East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab House Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab opuse	
1.	< 12 Years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	12-18 Yrs	18	27	29	2	9	14	99
3.	19-25	194	97	62	38	61	59	511
4.	26-30	138	53	61	43	42	26	363
5.	31-35	130	33	36	34	42	15	290
6.	36-40	77	25	18	20	33	28	201
7.	41-45	38	15	10	12	11	0	86
8.	> 46	37	6	6	7	8	0	64
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1,614

Soource: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.17. Total Drug Abusers at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House Based on Level of Education

No.	Education	Total Patients						Total
		Lido Rehab Center West Java	Baddoka Rehab Hall Makassar Souoth Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab Hall East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab House Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab House	
1.	Elementary School	37	22	22	12	15	30	138
2.	Junior High/ Same grade	68	34	44	25	39	21	231
3.	Senior High/ Same Grade	381	143	117	94	126	85	946
4.	Academy	39	2	1	5	5	3	55
5.	College	105	41	14	19	21	3	203
6.	Not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	No schooling	2	14	1	1	0	0	18
8.	Not finished Elementary	0	0	23	0	0	0	23
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1.614

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.18. Total Drug Abusers at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House Based on Profession

No.	Profession	Total Patients						Total
		Lido Rehab Center West Java	Baddoka Rehab Hall Makassar South Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab Hall East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab House Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab opuse	
1.	High shool student	15	8	12	2	8	7	52
2.	University student	28	5	1	2	7	7	50
3.	Labourer	17	3	7	3	27	5	62
4.	Civil eervant	10	7	8	6	10	4	45
5.	Armed Force/Police	42	10	1	1	3	0	57
6.	Private	78	8	29	5	23	30	173
7.	Entrepreneur	183	86	48	29	56	4	406
8.	Unemployed	228	117	102	95	63	68	673
9.	Not recorded	10	0	0	11	2	0	23
10.	Physician	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Member of Regional Representative Council	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
12.	Fisherman	0	2	0	1	0	6	9
13.	Sailor	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
14.	Odd jobs	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
15.	Honorary	7	6	1	1	0	3	18
16.	Farmer	9	0	4	0	0	4	17
17.	House wife	4	0	1	0	0	4	9
18.	Others	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1,614

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.19. Total Drug Abusers Admitted at Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House Based on Marital Status

No.	Status	Total Patients						Ttotal
		Lido Rehab Center West Java	Baddoka Rehab Hall Makassar South Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab Hall East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab Center Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab House	
1.	Married	260	121	89	71	101	34	676
2.	Single	309	118	105	73	86	102	793
3.	Widower/Widow	63	17	28	12	19	6	145
4.	Unregistered marriage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1,614

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.20. Total Drug Abusers Treated at BNN Rehabilitation Center, Rehab Hall and Rehab House Based on Type of Drug Consumed

No.	Main Drug Abused	Total Patients						Total
		Rehab Center Lido West Java	Baddoka Rehab Hall Makassar South Sulawesi	Tanah Merah Rehab Hall East Kalimantan	Batam Rehab House Riau Islands	Kalianda Rehab House Lampung	Deli Serdang Rehab House	
1.	Heroin	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
2.	Methadone/Buprenorfin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Otheer Opiates/Analgesic	12	0	0	0	0	0	12
4.	Barbiturate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Sedative Hypnotic	5	0	4	0	0	0	9
6.	Cocain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Amphetamine	381	217	202	153	189	130	1,272
8.	Cannabis	21	13	2	0	6	5	47
9.	Hallusinogen	1	0	2	0	3	0	6
10.	Inhalant	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
11.	Other substance (Synthetic Tobacco)+2	15	0	0	0	0	0	15
12.	More than 1 Substance	192	26	11	3	8	7	247
Total		632	256	222	156	206	142	1,614

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

Table 2.21. Total Government Institutions with Supported Reinforcement, Being Encouraged or Received Facilitation (*Capacity Building*) from the Directorate of Reinforcement for Government Rehabilitation Institutions in 2021

No.	Government Rehabilitation Institutions	Total Reinforced Institutions	Number of Persons	Type of Reinforcement
1.	BNNP/City/District	202	493	Enhancement Human Resource Capacity through UTC 4,7 and UTC 5 Technical Guidance
2.	Community Health Center	90	105	
3.	Hospital	66	86	
4.	Ministry of Social Affairs Recipient Institution for Compulsory Reporting (IPWL)	112	127	
5.	Correctional Institutions	22	32	
6.	National Police	5	5	
7.	Armed Forces	2	2	
Total		499 Institutions	850 persons	

Source: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation, March 2022

## c. Data on Recovery Agents in 2021

Table 2.22. Total Recovery Agents All Over Indonesia

No.	Region	Name of IBM	Total
1.	Deputy of Rehabilitation	Directorate of Post Rehabilitation	2
		Directorate of PLRIP	4
		Directorate of PLRKM	1
2.	Aceh	IBM Bireuen Nangro Aceh Darussalam (NAD)	4
		IBM Pidie Jaya, NAD	4
		BNNP Aceh	1
		IBM NAD Blang Krueng	4
3.	North Sumatera	IBM Langkat Sumber Mulyo	4
		IBM Desa Pekan Tanjung Beringin	4
		IBM Desa Silo Bonto	5
		IBM Desa Limau Manis (Kec.Tanjung Morawa)	5
		IBM Berlian (Kel. Tanjung Marulak Hilir)	5
		IBM Binjai	4
		BNNP North Sumatera	1
		IBM Kel. Sunggal	4
		BNN Deliserdang	1
4.	Riau	IBM Desa Terantang Manuk	6
		IBM Terantang Manuk	1
		BNNP Riau	1
		Desa Simpang Padang	4
5.	Riau Islands	BNNP Riau Islands	1
6.	Jambi	IBM Legok	5
		IBM Desa Pulau Kayu Aro	4
7.	South Sumatera	BNNP South Sumatera	1
8.	Bangka Belitung	BNNP Bangka Belitung	1
9.	Bengkulu	IBM Padang Serai	5
10.	Lampung	Kalianda Rehabilitation House, Lampung	1
11.	DKI Jakarta	IBM Ulujami South Jakarta	4
		BNN City East Jakarta	1
		IBM Pulo Gebang East Jakarta	10
		BNN City North Jakarta	1
		IBM Kel. Ancol North Jakarta	6
12.	West Java	BNN (District) Canjur	1
		IBM Desa Cipendawa Cianjur	4
		BNN Kabupaten (District) Kuningan	1
		IBM Desa Ancaran Kuningan	4
		BNN Kabupaten (District) Bogor	1
		IBM 2 Bintang Kabupaten (District) Bogor	4
		IBM Kel. Nanggewer Bogor	4
		IBM Kel. Sukamiskin	4
		IBM Kel. Pasir Kaliki	6
		BNNK Cirebon	1
		IBM Kel. Kesepuhan Cirebon	4
		IBM Stamina	2
		BNN City, Depok	1
		IBM City, Depok	4
		BNNP West Java	1
		IBM Desa Cileunyi	4
		BNN Rehabilitation Center	1



No.	Region	Name of IBM	Jumlah
13.	Central Java	IBM Karangtengah	5
		IBM Pucungrejo	5
		IBM Kel. Manding	5
		IBM Baluwarti	5
		IBM Kraton	5
		BNNP Central Java	1
		Kel. Wonosari	4
		Krobokan Semarang	4
		Sekayu Semarang	4
14.	East Java	IBM Desa Lowayu	4
		IBM Desa Sengguruh	4
		Sidoarjo Bluru Kidul	4
		IBM Siding Purih Sumenep	4
		IBM Mayangsari Total	5
		IBM Amalatok Total	5
		IBM Prajurit Kulon Mojokerto	4
		IBM Kel. Kupang Krajan	4
		BNNP East Java	1
		IBM Telagabiru Bersinar	4
		Simo Pomahan Surabaya	4
15.	Bali	Medahan Gianyar Bali	4
		Kp. Gelgel Bali	4
		IBM Desa Kedonganan	4
		BNNP Bali	1
		IBM Desa Pemecutan Kelod	4
		IBM Desa Pamongan	4
16.	South Kalimantan	IBM Cempaka Bersinar, Banjarbaru City	4
		IBM Tanjung Pagar	5
		IBM Telawang	4
17.	North Kalimantan	BNNP North Kalimantan	1
18.	North Sulawesi	Karombasan Selatan Manado	4
		BNNP North Sulawesi	1
		Sea Tumpengan North Sulawesi	4
19.	Gorontalo	IBM Desa Molombulahe	5
		IBM Kel. Pauwo	5
		IBM Desa South Molingkapoto	5
		IBM Kel. Talumolo	5
Total			297

Sourcer: BNN Deputy of Rehabilitation , March 2022



## 2. Data on Drug Abusers Having Reported to the Recipient Institution for Compulsory Self Reporting (IPWL) in 2021 from Ministry of Health RI

Table 2.23. Total Medically Rehabilitated Patients According to Province

No.	Province	District/City	Health Service Unit	Gender		Ttl
				Male	Female	
1.	Aceh	Banda Aceh City	Mental Hospital Banda Aceh	281	0	281
2.	Bali	Bangka	Mental Hospital Bangli	121	0	121
3.	Bali	Kota Denpasar	Regional Govt General Hospital Sanglah Denpasar	0	0	0
4.	Bangka Belitung	Bangka	Regional Mental Hospital Bangka Belitung Prov.	21	0	21
5.	Bengkulu	Bengkulu City	Soeprapto Mental Hospital Bengkulu	0	0	0
6.	DI Yogyakarta	Sleman	Grhasia Mental Hospital DIY	100	4	104
7.	DKI Jakarta	East Jakarta Jakarta Timur	Drug Dependence Hospitaal Jakarta	35	9	44
8.	Jambi	Jamb City	Mental Hospital Jambi	151	0	151
9.	West java	West Bandung	Province Mental Hospital, West Java	118	2	120
10.	West Java	Bogor City	RSJ Dr. H. Marzoeqi Mahdi	79	4	83
11.	Central Java	Semarang City	Dr. Amino Gondohutomo Mental Hospital	15	4	19
12.	Central Java	Magelang City	Prof. Dr. Soerojo Magelang Mental Hospital	0	0	0
13.	Central Java	Jepara	R.A. Kartini General Hospital	13	0	13
14.	Central Java	Pekalongan City	HA Djunaid Hospital	143	0	143
15.	East Java	Surabaya City	Menur Mental Hospital	36	0	36
16.	East Java	Malang	Dr. Radjiman Wediodi-ningrat Mental Hospital	152	3	155
17.	West Kalimantan	Pontianak City	Pontiana kMental Hospital	56	2	58
18.	South Kalimantan	Barito Kuala	Sambang Lihum Mental Hospital	428	6	434
19.	Central Kalimantan	Palangkaraya City	Kalawa Atei Mental Hospital	65	0	65
20.	East Kalimantan	Bontang City	RSUD Taman Husada	0	0	0
21.	East Kalimantan	Samarinda City	Atmamahusada Mental Hospital Mahakam/ Samarinda	0	0	0
22.	East Kalimantan	Kutai Kartanegara	Regional General Hospital AM Parikesit Tenggarong	0	0	0
23.	Lampung	Bandar Lampung City	Mental Hospital Bandar Lampung	121	0	121
24.	West Nusa Tenggara	Mataram City	Mental Hospital Mataram	103	3	106
25.	Provinsi Testing	Kabupaten Testing I	Public Health Center, Testing I	4	0	4
26.	Riau	Pekanbaru City	Mental Hospital, Tampan	54	1	55
27.	Riau	Indragiri Hilir	Puri Husada General Hospital	0	0	0
28.	South Sulawesi	Makassar City	Sayang Rakyat General Hospital	9	0	9
29.	South Sulawesi	Makassar City	MakassarMental Hospital	2	0	2
30.	West Sumatera	Agam	Biara Public Health Center	0	0	0
31.	West Sumatera	Payakumbuh City	Payolansek Public Health Center	0	0	0
32.	West Sumatera	Padang City	Prof.Dr. Hasan Basri Saanin Datuk Tan Pariaman Mental Hospital	109	6	115
33.	West Sumatera	Pasaman	Lubung Sikaping Public Health Center	15	0	15
34.	South Sumatera	Palembang City	Kertapati Public Health Center	26	0	26
35.	South Sumatera	Palembang City	Dr. Ernaldi Bahar Hospital, Palembang	176	0	176
36.	South Sumatera	Musi Banyuasin	Public Health Center, Tebing Bulang	141	0	141
Total				2,574	44	2,618

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022



Table 2.24. Total Patients Rehabilitated Based on Profession

No.	Type of Drug Abused	Profession			
		Unemployed	Employed	Univ. Student	Housewife
1.	Alcohol	245	307	18	1
2.	Amphetamine	352	339	22	2
3.	Barbiturate	2	1	0	0
4.	Halusinogen	44	45	6	0
5.	Heroin	1	10	0	0
6.	Inhalant	62	27	5	0
7.	Cannabis	123	75	15	0
8.	Cocaine	3	4	0	0
9.	Other Opiates	30	30	4	0
10.	Sedative	82	103	3	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>944</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>3</b>

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022

Table 2.25. Total Rehabilitated Patients Based on Method of Drug Consumption

No.	Type of Substance Abused	Method of Use					
		Oral	Nasal/ Sublingual/ Suppositoria	Smoking	Injeksi Non-IV	IV	No consumption
1.	Alcohol	568	2	1	0	0	6
2.	Amphetamine	140	166	410	0	0	14
3.	Barbiturate	3	0	0	0	0	3
4.	Halusinogen	72	7	16	0	0	11
5.	Heroin	0	3	2	1	5	34
6.	Inhalant	6	82	6	0	0	17
7.	Cannabis	13	10	190	0	0	23
8.	Cocaine	1	4	2	0	0	34
9.	Other Opiates	61	0	0	0	3	33
10.	Sedative	185	2	0	1	0	30
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,049</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>205</b>

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022

Table 2.26. Total Rehabilitated Patients Based on Age Group

No.	Follow-up Action	Age													
		Males							Females						
		<15	15-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	>50	Total	<15	15-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	>50	Total
1.	Out-patient	1	17	141	76	24	5	264	0	2	3	0	0	0	5
2.	In-patient	0	45	403	200	57	13	718	0	3	9	7	0	1	20
3.	Methadone Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Buprenorphine Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>25</b>

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022



### 3. Data of AIDS Cases in 2021 from Ministry of Health RI

Table 2.27. Total AIDS Cases Bvased on Gender

No.	Gender	Total
1.	Males	4,311
2.	Females	1,439
Total		5,750

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022

Table 2.28. Total AIDS Cases Based on Risk Factor

No.	Risk Factor	Total
1.	Heterosex	3,084
2.	IDU	217
3.	Homosex	1,717
4.	Prenatal	117
5.	Bisex	99
6.	Transfusion	11
7.	Others	217
8.	Not known	288
Total		5,750

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022

Tabel 2.29. Total AIDS Cases Based on Age Group

No.	Age Gtoup	Total
1.	< 1 Year	13
2.	1 – 4 Years	61
3.	5 – 14 Years	61
4.	15 – 19 Years	99
5.	20 – 29 Years	1,693
6.	30 – 39 Years	1,968
7.	40 – 49 Years	1,080
8.	50 – 59 Years	564
9.	≥ 60 Years	188
10.	Not known	23
Total		5,750

Source: Minisstry of Health RI, March 2022



Table 2.30. Total AIDS Cases By Province

No.	Province	Total
1.	Aceh	50
2.	North Sumatera	326
3.	West Sumatera	89
4.	Riau	298
5.	Jambi	16
6.	South Sumatera	163
7.	Bengkulu	31
8.	Lampung	67
9.	Bangka Belitung	16
10.	Riau Islands	119
11.	DKI Jakarta	133
12.	West Java	221
13.	Central Java	1,119
14.	DI Yogyakarta	69
15.	East Java	394
16.	Banten	142
17.	Bali	492
18.	West Nusa Tenggara	154
19.	East Nusa Tenggara	148
20.	West Kalimantan	79
21.	Central Kalimantan	26
22.	South Kalimantan	139
23.	East Kalimantan	274
24.	North Kalimantan	34
25.	North Sulawesi	214
26.	Central Sulawesi	59
27.	South Sulawesi	327
28.	South East Sulawesi	57
29.	Gorontalo	43
30.	West Sulawesi	12
31.	Maluku	20
32.	North Maluku	85
33.	West Papua	80
34.	Papua	254
<b>Total</b>		<b>5,750</b>

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022

Table 2.31. Total IDU Cases Infected by an Infectious Disease

No.	Infection	Total
1.	HIV+	231

Source: Ministry of Health RI, March 2022



## E. HEAD OF BNN AND AGENCY REGULATIONS AND *MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU)* WITH OVERSEAS AND DOMESTIC PARTIES IN 2021

### 1. Head of BNN and Agency Regulations issued in 2021

Table 2.32. Regulations Issued by Head of National Narcotics Board in 2021

No.	Title	Number of Regulation	Date Signed	Remark
1.	Head of BNN Regulation Number 1 of the year 2021 on the Provision for the Implementation of Examination on the Adjustment of Rank Promotion, Presentation of Education Improvement, Level I and II Service Examinations within the National Narcotics Board	Number 1 of 2021	26 March 2021	
2.	Head of National Narcotics Board Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 2 of the year 2021 on Instructions for Implementing the Development of Functional Position of Narcotic Laboratory Administrators	Number 2 of 2021	5 May 2021	
3.	Head of National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 3 of the year 2021 on Instructions for the Implementation the Development of Functional Position of Assistant Narcotics Laboratory Administrators. Head of the National Narcotics Board Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 4 of the year 2021	Number 3 of 2021	5 May 2021	
4.	Head of the National Narcotics Board, Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 4 on the Management of Non-Tax State Revenue within the National Narcotics Board	Number 4 of 2021	29 July 2021	
5.	Head of National Narcotics Board Republic of Indonesia Number 5 on Technical Guidelines for the National Action Plan in the Prevention and Eradication of Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors for 2020 – 2024	Number 5 of 2021	5 August 2021	
6.	Head of National Narcotics Board Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 6 of the year 2021 on the Security Classification System and Dynamic Archive Access	Number 6 of 2021	21 September 2021	
7.	Head of National Narcotics Board Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 7 of the year 2021 on the Guidelines for formulating the formation of Functional Positions for Narcotic Laboratory Administrators and Assistant Narcotics Laboratory Administrators	Number 7 of 2021	29 September 2021	

Source: BNN Deputy of Law and Cooperation, March 2022

Table 2.33. National Narcotics Board Regulations of the year 2021

No.	Title	Number and Date Signed	Date of Promulgation (State Announcement)	Remarks
1.	National Narcotic Board Regulation Number 1 of the Year 2021 on the Profession Certification of Addiction Counselor	Number 1 of 2021 8 January 2021	RI State Announcement No. 7 of 2021 11 January 2021	
2.	National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 2 of 2021 on the Requirements and Procedures for imposing Tariffs of Rp. 0.00 (Zero Rupiah) on the Types of non-tax state revenues applicable to National Narcotics Board	Number 2 of 2021 12 January 2021	RI State Announcement of 2021 No. 13 13 January 2021	
3.	National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 3 of 2021 on the Dictionary of Technical Competence regarding Government Affairs related to Narcotics Eradication	Number 3 of 2021 13 April 2021	RI State Announcement of 2021 No.432 16 April 2021	
4.	National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 4 of 2021 on the Implementation of Payment of Allowances for Employee Performance working at the National Narcotics Board.	Number 4 of 2021 13 September 2021	RI State Announcement of 2021 No. 1005 13 September 2021	
5.	National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 5 of 2021 on the City/Regency Response to the Drug Threat	Number 5 of 2021 1 October 2021	RI State Announcement of 2021 No.1115 4 October 2021	
6.	National Narcotics Board Regulation Number 6 of 2021 on the Guidelines for the Establishment of a National Narcotics Board Vertical Agency	Number 6 of 2021 12 October 2021	RI State Announcement of 2021 No.1149 12 October 2021	

Source: BNN Deputy of Law and Cooperation, March 2022

## 2. Overseas and Domestic MoU

Table 2.34. Overseas MoU in 2021

No.	MoU	Scope of Cooperation	Date signed
1.	Memorandum of Understanding Between The National Narcotics Board of The Republic of Indonesia and The Australian Federal Police on Cooperation in Combating Illicit Trafficking in Narcotic Drugs, Psychotropic Substances, and Their Precursors	1. Sharing of information and intelligence on the trade of illicit Drugs. 2. Main Coordination in operations including coordinated activities. 3. Strengthening and Consolidating Cooperation Network between the Parties. 4. Cooperative assistance in improving capacity and professional development, and. 5. Five years of automatically MoU extension	25 Nov 2021– 25 Nov 2026

Source: BNN Deputy of Law and Cooperation, March 2022



Table 2.35. MoU and Cooperarion Agreement with Domestic Agencies in 2021

No.	MoU/Cooperataion Agreement	Scope of Cooperation	Date Signed
1.	NK BNN- Tulungagung Local Government	Acceleration of Development and Capacity Building of National Narcotic Board in the Regency of Tulungagung	11 Feb 2021– 11 Feb 2026
2.	Cooperation Agreement BNN-RSPON Brain Hospital	Laboratory Testing Reference for <i>Swab Polymerase Chain Reaction Test</i>	11 Feb 2021
3.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Center of Research, Data and Information- Central Body of Statistics	Sample Design for the Survey on National Drug Abuse in 2021	16 Feb 2021– 31 Dec 2021
4.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Deputy of Prevention – Directorate General of Village and Rural Development, Ministry of Rural Development, Undeveloped Rural Areas and Transmigration	Pelaksanaan Program Pencegahan dan Pemberantasan Penyalahgunaan dan Peredaran Gelap Narkotika dalam Mewujudkan Desa Bersih Narkoba (Desa Bersinar)	23 Feb 2021– 23 Feb 2025
5.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Center of Research, Data and Information – Center of Community Research and Culture LIPI	Implementation of National Survey on Drug Abuse in 2021	25 Feb 2021– 31 Dec 2021
6.	MoU BNN-PT. Pelindo III	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	1 April 2021– 1 April 2023
7.	MoU BNN-Jakarta State University	Enhancement of Human Resources through Education, Training, Study, Research, Community Dedication, and Institutional Development in the Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	12 April 2021– 12 April 2026
8.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Bureau of Human Resources Apparatus and Organization – Research Center of Conflict Policy, Faculty of Administration Science, University Brawijaya	Preparation of an Analysis on Work Load in the Form of a Literature Review, <i>Focus Group Discussion</i> and <i>Workshop</i>	20 April 2021
9.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Bureau of Human Resources and Organization – Research Center and Conflict Policy, Faculty of Administration Science University Brawijaya	Preparation of a Job Analysis in the Form of Literature Review <i>Focus Group Discussion</i> , and <i>Workshop</i>	20 April 2021
10.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Bureau of Human Resources and Organization – Research Center and Conflict Policy Faculty of Administration Science, University Brawijaya	Preparation of Analysis on a Job Map in the Form of a Literature Review <i>Focus Group Discussion</i> , and <i>Workshop</i>	20 April 2021

No.	MoU/Cooperation Agreement	Scope of Cooperation	Date signed
11.	MoU BNN-Bank BCA	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	25 May 2021– 25 April 2026
12.	MoU BNN-Regional Administration of DKI Jakarta	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors in Jakarta Capital Special Province	23 Juni 2021– 23 Juni 2026
13.	MoU BNN-Pelindo 1	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	12 July 2021– 12 July 2023
14.	MoU BNN-Bank Syariah Indonesia	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors, and Utilization of Banking Products and Service Based on the Principle of Syariah	14 July 2021– 14 July 2024
15.	Cooperation Agreement BNN Center-Marzoeki Mahdi Mental Hospital, Bogor	Health Service for Clients and Development of Human Resources	23 July 2021– 23 July 2023
16.	Cooperation Agreement Deputy of Eradication-Directorate General of Population and Civil Registration Ministry of Home Affairs RI	Utilization of Registration Number of Population Data and ID Electronic Card in the Eradication of Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	27 Juli 2021– 30 Juli 2022
17.	Cooperation Agreement BNN-National Agency of Drugs and Food Control	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	24 Agst 2021– 24 Agst 2026
18.	MoU BNN-Financial Services Authority	Strengthening Coordination in the Implementation of Task and Function	24 Agst 2021– 24 Agst 2026
19.	Agreement of Cooperation BNN Laboratory Center-Faculty of Pharmacy UNHAN	Education, Research and Community Service, and the Program of Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	1 Sept 2021– 2 July 2025
20.	Joint Decree between BNN, BP2M and the Regent of South Middle East	Joint Program for the Protection of Indonesian Migrants to Create a District free from Illegal Recruitment of Indonesian Migrant Workers Clean from Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics in 2022	2 Sept 2021
21.	Cooperation Agreement BNN-Hotel Royal Palm	Prevention and Eradication of Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	2 Sept 2021– 2 Sept 2023
22.	Cooperation Agreement BNN-Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection RI	Accelerate the Implementation of Gender Mainstreaming, Empowerment of Women and Children in the Prevention and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	10 Sept 2021– 10 Sept 2025



No.	MoU/Cooperation Agreement	Scope of Agreement	Date Signed
23.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Deputy of Prevention – Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection RI	Prevention against the Danger of Drug Abuse for Women, Achild and Family	10 Sept 2021– 10 Sept 2025
24.	Cooperation Agreement between BNN Deputy of Community Empowerment – Hotel Royal Palm	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursor	10 Sept 2021
25.	Cooperation Agreement BNN Deputy of Eradication – Directorate General of Customs & Excise, Ministry of Finance RI – Directorate General of Supervision of Marine and Fisheries Resources of the Ministry of Marine and Fisheries RI, under the Direction of Marine Transportation, Ministry of Transportation RI – National Police	Implementation of Integrated Sea Operation Interdiction in the Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	14 Sept 2021– 14 Sept 2024
26.	MoU BNN-Central Leadership Council of Hajj and Silaturahmi Indonesian Umrah (SAHI)	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Ilicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursor	13 Nov 2021– 13 Nov 2025
27.	NK BNN-Komisi Aparatur Sipil Negara	Pengawasan dalam Manajemen Aparatur Sipil Negara dan Pencegahan dan Pemberantasan Penyalahgunaan dan Peredaran Gelap Narkotika dan Prekursor Narkotika	18 Nov 2021– 18 Nov 2026
28.	Cooperation Agreement BNN Principal Secretariat-PT. BSI Ltd	Supply and Utilization of Syariah Banking Service and Products	11 Nov 2021– 14 Juli 2024
29.	Cooperation Agreement BNN Principal Secretariat- Bandar Lampung University	Implementation of the College Tri Dharma Program and Perguruan Tinggi and Free Learning of Merdeka Campus	12 Nov 2021– 12 Nov 2026
30.	Cooperation Agreement BNN Center of Research, Data and Information – Directorate of Data and Information Marine Security Agency RI	Utilization and Enhancement of Human Resources Capacity, Facilities and Infrastructure in the Exchange of Data and/or Information	9 Dec 2021
31.	MoU BNN-Association of Indonesia Express, Postal and Logistics Delivery Service	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	7 Dec 2021– 7 Dec 2025
32.	MoU BNN-National Police Partner Communication Center	Prevention and Eradication of Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking in Narcotics and Narcotic Precursors	16 Dec 2021– 16 Dec 2024

Source: BNN Deputy of Law and Cooperation, March 2022



## DATA OF SUPPLY REDUCTION IN 2021

### A. DATA OF DRUG CRIMINAL CASES IN 2021

#### 1. By Province.

Table 3.1. Rating of Successful Disclosures of Cases Related to Narcotics, Psychotropic Substances and Other Addictive Substances Based on Provinces

No.	Province	Total Cases		Total	Ranking
		National Police	BNN		
1.	North Sumatera	6.023	54	6.077	I
2.	East Java	5.884	47	5.931	II
3.	DKI Jakarta	3.490	21	3.511	III
4.	West Java	2.529	41	2.570	IV
5.	South Sumatera	2.012	31	2.043	V
6.	South Sulawesi	1.908	15	1.923	VI
7.	Central Java	1.831	18	1.849	VII
8.	Lampung	1.699	10	1.709	VIII
9.	Riau	1.600	22	1.622	IX
10.	South Kalimantan	1.508	41	1.549	X
11.	East Kalimantan	1.315	31	1.346	IX
12.	Aceh	1.200	31	1.231	XII
13.	West Sumatera	1.045	26	1.071	XIII
14.	West Kalimantan	874	5	879	XIV
15.	Jambi	690	43	733	XV
16.	Bali	681	32	713	XVI
17.	Banten	692	9	701	XVII
18.	Central Kalimantan	642	15	657	XVIII
19.	DI Yogyakarta	554	29	583	XIX
20.	Central Sulawesi	546	35	581	XX
21.	West Nusa Tenggara	559	6	565	XXI
22.	South East Sulawesi	401	17	418	XXII
23.	Bangka Belitung	362	10	372	XXIII
24.	Bengkulu	353	18	371	XXIV
25.	Riau Islands	329	22	351	XXV
26.	North Kalimantan	290	12	302	XXVI
27.	Papua	259	20	279	XXVII
28.	West Sulawesi	208	16	224	XXVIII
29.	North Sulawesi	212	7	219	XXIX
30.	Maluku	165	12	177	XXX
31.	BNN Center	110	46	156	XXXI
32.	Gorontalo	130	7	137	XXXII
33.	North Maluku	119	7	126	XXXIII
34.	West Papua	80	6	86	XXXIV
35.	East Nusa Tenggara	20	2	22	XXXV
<b>Total</b>		<b>40,320</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>41,084</b>	

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022



Table 3.2. Total Drug Cases Based on Type of Drug Case

No.	Drug Case	Total Cases		Total
		National Police	BNN	
<b>I.</b>	<b>Narcotics</b>	<b>25,158</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>25,874</b>
	1. Cannabis	2,009	96	2,105
	2. Heroin	9	0	9
	3. Hashish	0	0	0
	4. Cocaine	3	0	3
	5. Carisoprodol	0	0	0
	6. Exstasy	477	8	485
	7. Sabu	22,338	612	22,950
	8. Gorila Tobacco/Synthetic Cannabis	320	0	320
	9. Opium/Morfin	0	0	0
	10. Mushroom	2	0	2
<b>II.</b>	<b>Psychotropic Substances</b>	<b>1,590</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,590</b>
	1. Hard Drugs (Medicines)	1,245	0	1,245
	2. List III/Benzodiazepine	128	0	128
	3. List IV/Barbiturate	217	0	217
<b>III.</b>	<b>Dangerous Substances</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>337</b>
	1. Alcohol	323	0	323
	2. Traditional Herbal Drink (Jamu)	8	0	8
	3. Cosmetics	5	0	5
	4. Food and Drinks	1	0	1
<b>IV.</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>313</b>
	1. Synthetic Cannabinoid	262	45	307
	2. Ketamine	4	0	4
	3. Derivative of Triptamine	0	2	2
<b>V.</b>	<b>Medicines</b>	<b>987</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>987</b>
	1. Hard Drugs	697	0	697
	2. Restricted Hard Drugs	289	0	289
	3. Over-the-Counter	1	0	1
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Clandestine Lab</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>40,320</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>41,084</b>

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022



#### 4. Data of Money Laundering Criminal Cases Handled by BNN

##### a. Data of Suspects in Money Laundering Criminal Cases

Table 3.3. Total Suspects of Money Laundering Crimes Based on Nationality

No.	Nationality	Total Suspects
1.	Indonesian Nationals	16
2.	Foreign Nationals	0
Total		16

Source: BNN, March 2022

Table 3.4. Total Suspects of Money Laundering Cases Based on Gender

No.	Gender	Total Suspects
1.	Male	15
2.	Female	1
Total		16

Source: BNN, March 2022

Table 3.5. Total Suspects of Money Laundering Cases Based on Age Group

No.	Age Group	Total Suspects
1.	< 16 Years	0
2.	16-19 Years	0
3.	20-24 Years	0
4.	25-29 Years	1
5.	> 30 Years	15
Total		16

Source: BNN, March 2022

Table 3.6. Total Suspects of Money Laundering Cases Based on Level of Education

No.	Education	Total Suspects
1.	Elementary School	4
2.	Junior High School	0
3.	Senior High School	11
4.	College/University	0
5.	Not Recorded	1
Jumlah		16

Sumber: BNN, March 2022

Table 3.7. Total Suspects of Money Laundering Cases Based on Profession

No.	Profession	Total Suspects
1.	Govt. Employee	0
2.	Armed Forces/Police	0
3.	Private	0
4.	Entrepreneur	0
5.	University Student	4
6.	Farmer	1
7.	Prisoner	8
8.	Unemployed	3
Total		16

Sourcer: BNN, March 2022



Table 3.8. Total Seized Evidence of Money Laundering Cases

No.	Evidence	Total	Remarks
1.	Car	24	Unit
2.	Motor cycle	7	Unit
3.	House and Land	109	Land Certificate and Building
4.	Jewelry	86	Golden
5.	Bank account	7,128,686,856	In Rupiah
6.	Cash	1,865,754,605	In Rupiah

Source: BNN, March 2022

Table 3.9. Details of Money Laundering Case Handling

No.	LKN	Total Suspects	Barang Bukti		Re- marks
			Money/ Account (Rp.)	Goods (Rp.)	
1.	LKN/01-TPPU/I/2021/BNN Date 27 January 2021	1	649,750,000	3,522,000,000	
2.	LKN/08-TPPU/I/2021/BNN Date 27 January 2021	1	13,500,000	28,820,000,000	
3.	LKN/34-TPPU/VIII/2021/BNN Date 2 August 2021	1	-	-	Dead
4.	LKN/38-TPPU/IX/2021/BNN Date 2 September 2021	1	606,854,168	66,739,500	
5.	LKN/40-TPPU/IX/2021/BNN Date 14 September 2021	1	4,671,729,293	21,300,892,500	
6.	LKN/41-TPPU/IX/2021/BNN Date 16 September 2021	1	1,578,339,105	2,872,500,000	
7.	LKN/47-TPPU/X/2021/BNN Date 12 October 2021	1	355,091,000	510,000,000	
8.	LKN/50-TPPU/X/2021/BNN Date 26 October 2021	1	95,000,000	3,503,500,000	
9.	LKN/51-TPPU/XI/2021/BNN 5 November 2021	1	575,000,000	2,300,000,000	
10.	LKN/52-TPPU/XI/2021/BNN 10 November 2021	1	731,398,395	1,363,000,000	
11.	LKN-TPPU/01/I/2021/BNNP Central Java 25 January 2021	1	6,500,000	1,600,000,000	
12.	LKN-01-TPPU/VII/2021/BNNP-SU July 2021	1	0	1,560,000,000	
13.	LKN-TPPU/02/VIII/2021/BNNP Central Java, 26 August 2021	3	66,370,500	453,487,000	
14.	LKN-TPPU/01-BID BERANTAS/X/ 2021/BNNP KB Date 21 October 2021	1	0	0	Proses
Total		16	9,283,161,961	99,570,119,000	

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022



## B. DATA OF DRUG CRIME SUSPECTS AND DETAINEES IN 2021

### 1. Data of Drug Crime Suspects

#### a. By Province.

Table 3.10. Rating of Successful Arrests of Suspects Related to Narcotics, Psychotropic Substances and Other Addictive Substances by Province

No.	Province	Total Suspects		Total	Rating
		National Police	BNN		
1.	North Sumatera	7,770	82	7,852	I
2.	East Java	7,160	61	7,221	II
3.	DKI Jakarta	4,195	27	4,222	III
4.	West Java	3,128	52	3,180	IV
5.	South Sumatera	2,636	43	2,679	V
6.	Central Java	2,380	29	2,409	VI
7.	Riau	2,343	28	2,371	VII
8.	Lampung	2,319	24	2,343	VIII
9.	South Sulawesi	2,856	23	2,879	IX
10.	South Kalimantan	1,938	59	1,997	X
11.	Aceh	1,686	51	1,737	XI
12.	East Kalimantan	1,643	38	1,681	XII
13.	Wwest Sumatera	1,441	34	1,475	XIII
14.	West Kalimantan	1,107	16	1,123	XIV
15.	Jambi	1,011	75	1,086	XV
16.	Banten	927	9	936	XVI
17.	Bali	846	46	892	XVII
18.	Central Kalimantan	760	24	784	XVIII
19.	West Nusa Tenggara	740	13	753	XIX
20.	Central Sulawesi	690	53	743	XX
21.	DI Yogyakarta	620	35	655	XXI
22.	Riau Islands	478	33	511	XXII
23.	South East Sulawesi	479	26	505	XXIII
24.	North Kalimantan	438	20	458	XXXIV
25.	Bangka Belitung	429	18	447	XXV
26.	Bengkulu	416	30	446	XXVI
27.	West Sulawesi	378	33	411	XXVII
28.	BNN Center	250	120	370	XXVIII
29.	Papua	309	19	328	XXIX
30.	North Sulawesi	248	12	260	XXX
31.	Maluku	181	18	199	XXXI
32.	Gorontalo	161	7	168	XXXII
33.	North Maluku	154	11	165	XXXIII
34.	West Papua	82	9	91	XXXIV
35.	East Nusa Tenggara	25	3	28	XXXV
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405	

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022



## b. Data Based on Classification.

Table 3.11. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Type of Drug

No.	Type of Drug	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
<b>I.</b>	<b>Narcotics</b>	<b>47,962</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>49,077</b>
	1. Cannabis	3,563	127	<b>3,690</b>
	2. Heroin	13	0	<b>13</b>
	3. Hashish	1	0	<b>1</b>
	4. Cocaine	6	0	<b>6</b>
	5. Carisoprodol	0	0	<b>0</b>
	6. Ecstasy	973	13	<b>986</b>
	7. Sabu	42,829	975	<b>43,804</b>
	8. Gorilla Tobacco/Synthetic Cannabis	573	0	<b>573</b>
	9. Opium/Morphine	0	0	<b>0</b>
	10. Mushroom	4	0	<b>4</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>Psychotropic Substance</b>	<b>2,178</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,178</b>
	1. Hard Drug (Medicine)	1,584	0	<b>1,584</b>
	2. List III	176	0	<b>176</b>
	3. List IV	418	0	<b>418</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>Dangerous Substances</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>363</b>
	1. Alcohol	345	0	<b>345</b>
	2. Traditional Herbal Drink (Jamu)	10	0	<b>10</b>
	3. Cosmetics	7	0	<b>7</b>
	4. Food and Drinks	1	0	<b>1</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Psikoaktif Baru</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>547</b>
	1. Synthetic Cannabinoid	476	61	<b>537</b>
	2. Ketamine	8	0	<b>8</b>
	3. Derivative of Triptamin	0	2	<b>2</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Medicines</b>	<b>1,237</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,237</b>
	1. Hard Drug	869	0	<b>869</b>
	2. Restricted Hard Drugs	367	0	<b>367</b>
	3. Over-the-Counter drugs	1	0	<b>1</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Clandestine Lab</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>52,224</b>	<b>1,181</b>	<b>53,405</b>

Source: National Police BNN, March 2022



Table 3.12. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Drug Classification

No.	Drug Classification	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Narcotics	47,962	1,115	49,077
2.	Psychotropic Substances	2,178	0	2,178
3.	Narcotic Precursor ( <i>Clan Labs</i> )	0	3	3
4.	Dangerous Substances	363	0	363
5.	New Psychoactive Substances	484	63	547
6.	Medicines	1,237	0	1,237
7.	Money Laundering/TPPU	0	15	15
Jumlah		52,224	1,197	53,421

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.13. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Type of Crime

No.	Suspect's Type of Crime	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Cultivation	27	0	27
2.	Production	28	3	31
3.	Distribution	15,622	1,178	16,800
4.	Consumption	36,547	0	36,547
Jumlah		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.14. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Nationality

No.	Nationality	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Indonesians	52,200	1,177	53,377
2.	Foreign Nationality	24	4	28
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.15. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Gender

No.	Gender	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Male	49,477	1,105	50,582
2.	Female	2,747	76	2,823
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.16. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Age Group

No.	Age Group	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	<15 Years	299	7	306
2.	16-20 Yrs	2,951	24	2,975
3.	21-25 Yrs	10,952	144	11,096
4.	26-30 Yrs	16,425	152	16,577
5.	> 30 Yrs	21,597	562	22,159
6.	Not known	0	292	292
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2021



Table 3.17. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Level of Education

No.	Education	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Elementary School	7,977	138	8,115
2.	Junior High	13,626	158	13,784
3.	Senior High	28,934	449	29,383
4.	College/University	1,687	30	1,717
5.	Drop school	0	24	24
6.	No schooling	0	18	18
7.	Not known	0	365	364
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.18. Total Suspects of Drug Cases Based on Profession

No.	Profession	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
1.	Govt. Employee	260	9	269
2.	Armed Forces	193	1	194
3.	Police	399	4	403
4.	Private	15,760	212	15,972
5.	Entrepreneur	13,499	276	13,775
6.	Farmer	3,174	75	3,249
7.	Labour	6,932	61	6,993
8.	University Student	1,716	44	1,760
9.	PelajarHigh School Student	1,290	20	1,310
10.	Not employed	9,001	111	9,112
11.	Prisoner	0	42	42
12.	Fisherman	0	28	28
13.	Driver	0	28	28
14.	Sailor	0	2	2
15.	Artist	0	2	2
16.	House wife	0	10	10
17.	Honorary	0	3	3
18.	Security	0	3	3
19.	Not known	0	250	250
Total		52,224	1,181	53,405

Source: Nat. Police and BNN, March 2022



Tabel 3.19. Total Foreign Nationals Involved in Drug Crimes in Indonesia

No.	Nationality	Total Suspects		Total
		National Police	BNN	
<b>I.</b>	<b>A s i a</b>			
	1. Malaysia	1	0	<b>1</b>
	2. South Korea	1	0	<b>1</b>
	3. Lebanon	1	0	<b>1</b>
	4. Cina	2	0	<b>2</b>
	5. Singapore	1	0	<b>1</b>
	6. Iran	1	0	<b>1</b>
	7. Afghanistan	0	1	<b>1</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>E r o p e</b>			
	1. Hamburg (Germany)	1	0	<b>1</b>
	2. Switzerland	1	0	<b>1</b>
	3. France	1	0	<b>1</b>
	4. Italia	2	0	<b>2</b>
	5. England	3	1	<b>4</b>
	6. Finland	1	0	<b>1</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>A f r i c a</b>			
	1. Algeria	1	0	<b>1</b>
	2. Egypt	2	0	<b>2</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>A u s t r a l i a</b>			
	1. Australia	1	0	<b>1</b>
	2. Papua Nugini	0	2	<b>2</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>A m e r i c a</b>			
	Russia	4	0	<b>4</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>24</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28</b>

Source: National Police and BNN, Maret 2022

Table 3.20. Total Indonesian Nationals Involved in Drug Crimes Abroad

No.	Crime Scene	Total Indonesian Nationals Involved in Drug Crimes
1.	Malaysia	128
2.	Laos	3
3.	Myanmar	1
4.	Vietnam	1
5.	Cambodia	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>135</b>

Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs RI, March 2022



## 2. Data of Prisoners and Detainees of Drug Cases all over Indonesia in 2021 from Directorate General of Corrections, Ministry of Law and Human Rights RI all over Indonesia in 2021

Table 3.21. Total Prisoners and Detainees of Drug Cases in Indonesia by Province

No.	Regional Office	Total
1.	North Sumatera	19,088
2.	East Java	13,634
3.	DKI Jakarta	11,378
4.	West Java	10,339
5.	South Sumatera	8,450
6.	Riau	8,319
7.	East Kalimantan	7,769
8.	South Sulawesi	6,490
9.	South Kalimantan	6,256
10.	Banten	5,739
11.	Aceh	5,325
12.	Central Java	4,495
13.	Lampung	3,725
14.	West Sumatera	3,607
15.	West Kalimantan	2,921
16.	Jambi	2,626
17.	Central Kalimantan	2,180
18.	Riau Islands	1,959
19.	Bali	1,816
20.	Central Sulawesi	1,703
21.	West Nusa Tenggara	1,470
22.	Bangka Belitung	1,242
23.	Bengkulu	1,065
24.	Papua	869
25.	South East Sulawesi	789
26.	West Sulawesi	761
27.	DI Yogyakarta	363
28.	West Papua	360
29.	Maluku	325
30.	North Maluku	325
31.	Gorontalo	229
32.	North Sulawesi	144
33.	East Nusa Tenggara	68
<b>Total</b>		<b>135,829</b>

Sourcer: SDP Center (Community Database System) Dated 31 December 2021



Table 3.22. Total Prisoners and Detainees of Drug Cases by Province as Syndicate/Dealer/Keeper/Producer and User

No.	Regional Office	Syndicate, Dealer, Keeper & Producer	User	Total
1.	North Sumatera	12,848	6,240	19,088
2.	Riau	6,486	1,833	8,319
3.	West Java	5,667	4,672	10,339
4.	East Kalimantan	5,622	2,147	7,769
5.	East Java	5,274	8,360	13,634
6.	South Sumatera	5,091	3,359	8,450
7.	South Kalimantan	4,904	1,352	6,256
8.	DKI Jakarta	4,638	6,740	11,378
9.	Aceh	3,721	1,604	5,325
10.	Banten	3,634	2,105	5,739
11.	South Sulawesi	3,620	2,870	6,490
12.	Central Java	2,948	1,547	4,495
13.	Jambi	2,365	261	2,626
14.	Lampung	2,228	1,497	3,725
15.	West Sumatera	2,003	1,604	3,607
16.	Riau Islands	1,698	261	1,959
17.	Kalimantan Tengah	1,396	784	2,180
18.	Bali	1,378	438	1,816
19.	West Kalimantan	1,278	1,643	2,921
20.	Bangka Belitung	1,097	145	1,242
21.	West Nusa Tenggara	945	525	1,470
22.	Central Sulawesi	912	791	1,703
23.	Bengkulu	786	279	1,065
24.	Papua	632	237	869
25.	West Sulawesi	495	266	761
26.	South East Sulawesi	484	305	789
27.	North Maluku	201	124	325
28.	West Papua	177	183	360
29.	DI Yogyakarta	167	196	363
30.	North Sulawesi	75	69	144
31.	Maluku	73	252	325
32.	Easst Nusa Tenggara	33	35	68
33.	Gorontalo	14	215	229
<b>Total</b>		<b>82,890</b>	<b>52,939</b>	<b>135,829</b>

Source: SDP Center Tanggal 31 Desember 2021



Table 3.23. Total Prisoners and Detainees in Special Narcotic Prisoners in Indonesia

No.	UPT (Technical Implementation Unit)	Regional Office	Prisoners	Detainees	Total	Capacity
1.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Jakarta	DKI Jakarta	1,879	14	<b>1,893</b>	1,084
2.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Sungguminasa	South Sulawesi	1,121	1	<b>1,122</b>	360
3.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison Banyuasin	South Sumatera	1,095	3	<b>1,098</b>	484
4.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Samarinda	East Kalimantan	968	0	<b>968</b>	352
5.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison Muara Sabak	Jambi	766	54	<b>820</b>	362
6.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Pangkal Pinang	Bangka Belitung	708	164	<b>872</b>	450
7.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Tanjung Pinang	Riau Islands	668	0	<b>668</b>	620
8.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Muara Beliti	South Sumatera	606	51	<b>657</b>	289
9.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Bandar Lampung	Lampung	485	1	<b>486</b>	668
10.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Jayapura	Papua	485	47	<b>532</b>	308
11.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Kasongan	Central Kalimantan	473	3	<b>476</b>	200
12.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Gunung Sindur	West Java	426	0	<b>426</b>	160
13.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Pamekasan	East Java	421	0	<b>421</b>	1,234
14.	IIB Narcotic Prison Rumbai	Riau	376	13	<b>389</b>	198
15.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Bandung	West Java	357	74	<b>431</b>	793
16.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Langkat	North Sumatera	324	5	<b>329</b>	915
17.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Cirebon	West Java	317	0	<b>317</b>	455
18.	Class III Narcotic Prison Sawahlunto	West Sumatera	315	0	<b>315</b>	210
19.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison Langsa	Aceh	302	8	<b>310</b>	469
20.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Bangli	Bali	219	0	<b>219</b>	468
21.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Karang Intan	South Kalimantan	209	54	<b>263</b>	800
22.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Yogyakarta	DI Yogyakarta	180	44	<b>224</b>	565
23.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Pematang Siantar	North Sumatera	132	9	<b>141</b>	420
24.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison Nusakambangan	Central Java	85	1	<b>86</b>	250
25.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison Purwokerto	Central Java	60	0	<b>60</b>	250
<b>Total</b>			<b>12,977</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>13,523</b>	

Source: Central SDP dated 31 December 2021



Table 3.24. Total Prisoners of Narcotic Crime on Death Row in Indonesia

No.	Regional Office	UPT	Ttl	Country	Ttl
1.	Aceh	Class IIB Prison Jantho	2	Indonesia	2
2.	Bali	Class IIA Women Prison Kerobokan	1	United Kingdom	1
3.	Banten	Class I Prison, Tangerang	7	Indonesia	6
				Cina	1
		Class IIA Women Prison, Tangerang	1	Indonesia	1
4.	DKI Jakarta	Class I Prison, Cipinang	13	Indonesia	11
				Malaysia	1
				Nigeria	1
		Class Prison, IIA Salemba	1	France	1
		Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Jakarta	2	Indonesia	1
				Nigeria	1
		Class IIA Women Prison, Jakarta	1	Indonesia	1
5.	West Java	Lapas Kelas I Cirebon	2	Indonesia	1
				Iran	1
		Class IIA Special Prison, Gunung Sindur	3	Indonesia	3
		Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Gunung Sindur	5	Indonesia	4
				Malaysia	1
6.	Central Java	Class I Prison, Batu Nusakambangan	5	Indonesia	5
		Class IIA Prison, Besi Nusakambangan	15	Indonesia	8
				Malaysia	2
				Pakistan	1
				Cina	4
		Class IIA Prison, Kembang Kuning Nusakambangan	8	Cina	2
				Indonesia	4
				Malaysia	2
		Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Nusakambangan	5	Indonesia	4
				Cina	1
		Class IIA Women Prison, Semarang	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIA Women Prison, Nusakambangan	16	Cina	3
				Hongkong	1
				Indonesia	9
				Malaysia	3
		Class IIA Special Prison, Karanganyar	2	Indonesia	2
7.	West Kalimantan	Class IIA Prison, Pontianak	4	Indonesia	4
8.	East Kalimantan	Class IIA Prison, Balikpapan	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIA Prison, Samarinda	1	Indonesia	1
9.	Riau Islands	Class I Prison, Batam	2	Indonesia	2
		Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Tanjung Pinang	4	Indonesia	4
10.	Lampung	Class I Prison, Bandar Lampung	2	Indonesia	2
11.	Riau	Class IIA Prison, Bengkalis	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIA Prison, Pekanbaru	1	Indonesia	1
12.	South Sumatera	Class I Prison, Palembang	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIA Women Prison, Palembang	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Banyuasin	1	Indonesia	1
13.	North Sumatera	Class I Narcotic Prison, Medan	25	Indonesia	23
				Malaysia	2
		Class IIA Prison, Labuhan Ruku	1	Indonesia	1
		Class IIB Prison, Lubuk Pakam	5	Indonesia	5
Total			140		140

Source: Central SDP dated 31 December 2021



Table 3.25. List of Narcotics Special Correctional Institutions in Indonesia

No.	UPT	Address
1.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Jakarta	Jl. Raya Bekasi Timur No. 170A Cipinang Jakarta Timur 13240
2.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Bandung	Jl. Rancamanuk Kel. Warga Mekar Kec. Baleendah Kab. Bandung Website: <a href="http://www.lapasjelekong.com">www.lapasjelekong.com</a>
3.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Cirebon	Jl. Wijaya Kusuma Desa Gintung Tengah Kec. Ciwaringin Kab. Cirebon
4.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Gunung Sindur	Jl. Pengayoman Komplek Kementerian Hukum dan HAM Gunung Sindur
5.	Class I Narcotic Prison, Batu <i>High Risk</i> Nusakambangan	Candi – Nusakambangan Email: <a href="mailto:lapasbatu.nk@gmail.com">lapasbatu.nk@gmail.com</a>
6.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Nusakambangan	Jl. Raya Nusakambangan Km. 8,5 Nusakambangan
7.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Purwokerto	Jl. Jenderal Sudirman No. 104
8.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Yogyakarta	Jl. Kaliurang Km. 17 Yogyakarta
9.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Pamekasan	Jl. Pembina No. 02 Pamekasan
10.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Langsa	Jl. Banda Aceh Medan, Km. 438, Desa Sungai Lueng, Kec. Langsa Timur, Kota Langsa, Aceh
11.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Langkat	Jl. Simpang Ladang Estate Desa Cempa Kec. Hinai Kab. Langkat
12.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Pematang Raya	Jl. Pemasarakatan, Pematang Raya, Kab. Simalungun Kodes Pos: 21162
13.	Class III Narcotic Prison, Sawahlunto	Jl. DR. Subari Sukardi, Kandih Sawahlunto, Sumatera Barat
14.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Rumbai	Jl. Toman Kel. Rumbai Bukit Kec. Rumbai
15.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Muara Sabak	Desa Suka Maju Kec. Geragai Kab. Tanjung Jabung Timur Provinsi Jambi
16.	Lapas Narkotika Kelas IIA Muara Beliti	Jl. Lintas Sumatera Km. 19 Muara Beliti Kab. Musi Rawas
17.	Class IIB Narcotic Prison, Banyuasin	Jl. Tanjung Sari, RT. 029 RW. 006, LK. III Kel. Sukomoro, Kec. Talang Kelapa Kab. Banyuasin
18.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Bandar Lampung	Jl. Ryacudu Wayhui, Sukarama Bandar Lampung
19.	Class IIA Naarcotic Prison, Kasongan	Jl. Cilik Riwut Km. 10 Kasongan
20.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Karang Intan	Desa Lihung Kec. Karang Intan Kab. Banjar
21.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Samarinda	Jl. Padat Karya Kel. Sempaja Utara, Kec. Samarinda Utara, Kota Samarinda
22.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Sungguminasa	Jl. Lembaga, Bolangi Sungguminasa, Gowa 92172
23.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Bangli	Br. Buungan, Desa Tiga, Kec. Susut, Bangli
24.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Jayapura	Jl. Sentani – Depapre No. 90 Doyo Baru
25.	Class IIA Narcotic Prison, Pangkal Pinang	Jl. Lintas Timur II, Selindung Baru Pangkalpinang
26.	Class IA Narcotic Prison, Tanjung Pinang	Jl. Dr. Sahardjo, SH Kampung Banjar Km.18 Kijang - Bintan

Source: Central SDP dated 31 December 2021



Table 3.26. Total Completed Cases Related to Narcotics and Psychotropic Substances by Province in 2021

No.	Province	Total Cases Completed		Total
		Narcotics	Psychotropic Subst.	
1.	Attorney General Office RI	185	13	198
2.	Aceh	2,014	17	2,031
3.	North Sumatera	6,643	29	6,672
4.	West Sumatera	1,148	82	1,230
5.	Riau	2,142	33	2,175
6.	Jambi	1,104	15	1,119
7.	South Sumatera	2,372	13	2,385
8.	Bengkulu	442	5	447
9.	Lampung	1,857	77	1,934
10.	DKI Jakarta	2,373	40	2,413
11.	West Java	2,931	259	3,190
12.	Central Java	1,921	212	2,133
13.	DI Yogyakarta	334	234	568
14.	East Java	5,501	79	5,580
15.	West Kalimantan	1,107	4	1,111
16.	Central Kalimantan	631	39	670
17.	South Kalimantan	1,664	11	1,675
18.	East Kalimantan	2,020	17	2,037
19.	North Sulawesi	62	108	170
20.	Central Sulawesi	528	150	678
21.	South East Sulawesi	530	2	532
22.	South Sulawesi	2,479	177	2,656
23.	Bali	852	6	858
24.	West Nusa Tenggara	643	3	646
25.	East Nusa Tenggara	48	4	52
26.	Maluku	159	25	184
27.	Papua	315	4	319
28.	North Maluku	127	6	133
29.	Banten	1,373	29	1,402
30.	Bangka Belitung	538	-	538
31.	Gorontalo	109	3	112
32.	Riau Islands	557	4	561
33.	West Sulawesi	425	4	429
34.	West Papua	126	1	127
Total		45,260	1,705	46,965

Sourcer: Attorney General's Office RI, March 2022



Table 3.27 Total Foreign Nationals and Indonesians on Death Row Related to Narcotic and Psychotropic Substances Cases in 2021

No.	Nationality	Place of Detention	Total
1.	Malaysia	1 Cirebon 2 Cipinang 3 Sindur 1 Tangerang 1 Salemba 1 Bogor 7 Not recorded	16
2.	Africa	1 Sidoarjo 1 Nusakambangan	2
3.	Singapore	1 Tangerang 1 Not recorded	2
4.	Cina	4 Cipinang 2 Not recorded	6
5.	Cina	4 Nusakambangan 7 Tangerang 3 Salemba 6 Not recorded	20
6.	Nigeria	1 Cibinong 3 Cipinang 1 Tangerang 2 Nusakambangan 1 Not recorded	8
7.	Zimbabwe	2 Nusakambangan	2
8.	England	1 Tangerang 1 Denpasar	2
9.	America	Not recorded	1
10.	Hong Kong	4 Salemba 2 Cipinang	6
11.	Cina	Not recorded	2
12.	Iran	2 Cirebon	2
13.	Philippines	1 Wiragunan	1
14.	Pakistan	1 Semarang	1
15.	Indonesia	-	185
Total			256

Source: Attorney General's Office RI, March 2022



## C. DATA OF NARCOTIC CRIMES EVIDENCE IN 2021

### 1. Total Evidence by Province.

Table 3.28. Rating of Successful Seized Narcotic Evidence by Region

No.	Region	Evidence					
		Cannabis (Gr)			Shabu (Gr)		
		Nat. Police	BNN	Total	Nat. Police	BNN	Total
1.	Center	808,516.40	514,971.00	<b>1,323,487.40</b>	1,749,285.00	2,253,366.98	<b>4,002,651.98</b>
2.	Aceh	1,114,647.10	117,500.00	<b>1,232,147.10</b>	712,103.94	32,151.78	<b>744,255.72</b>
3.	North Sumatera	1,504,288.79	37,332.06	<b>1,541,620.85</b>	1,250,965.37	13,389.54	<b>1,264,354.91</b>
4.	West Sumatera	331,926.88	78,996.64	<b>410,923.52</b>	17,989.86	79.70	<b>18,069.56</b>
5.	Riau	33,239.78	0.93	<b>33,240.71</b>	672,281.80	3,096.67	<b>675,378.47</b>
6.	Bengkulu	35,076.95	142,250.69	<b>177,327.64</b>	1,519.24	63.91	<b>1,583.15</b>
7.	Jambi	120,792.29	0.00	<b>120,792.29</b>	12,025.86	2,273.01	<b>14,298.87</b>
8.	South Sumatera	267,085.00	0.00	<b>267,085.00</b>	101,973.09	20,290.64	<b>122,263.73</b>
9.	Lampung	313,034.06	300,920.70	<b>613,954.76</b>	290,393.98	12,218.89	<b>302,612.87</b>
10.	DKI Jakarta	2,360,935.11	1,240.41	<b>2,362,175.52</b>	2,959,994.00	43,347.19	<b>3,003,341.19</b>
11.	West Java	57,035.69	68,297.74	<b>125,333.43</b>	25,276.94	7,049.46	<b>32,326.40</b>
12.	Central Java	10,167.49	19,550.64	<b>29,718.13</b>	18,090.63	387.27	<b>18,477.90</b>
13.	DI Yogyakarta	14,974.95	230.20	<b>15,205.15</b>	6,401.29	147.68	<b>6,548.97</b>
14.	East Java	46,769.30	10,510.25	<b>57,279.55</b>	125,524.76	10,169.57	<b>135,694.33</b>
15.	Bali	80,892.85	240,425.16	<b>321,318.01</b>	9,429.24	208,197.61	<b>217,626.85</b>
16.	West Nusa Tenggara	8,920.69	396.09	<b>9,316.78</b>	5,651.26	1,333.01	<b>6,984.27</b>
17.	East Nusa Tenggara	28.25	0.00	<b>28.25</b>	15.18	0.00	<b>15.18</b>
18.	West Kalimantan	3,817.94	1,049.30	<b>4,867.24</b>	102,097.01	20,708.10	<b>122,805.11</b>
19.	South Kalimantan	727.65	586.00	<b>1,313.65</b>	202,746.75	23,480.02	<b>226,226.77</b>
20.	Central Kalimantan	0	612.60	<b>612.60</b>	16,362.97	2,003.97	<b>18,366.94</b>
21.	East Kalimantan	3,871.58	4,675.00	<b>8,546.58</b>	102,736.25	7,351.17	<b>110,087.42</b>
22.	South Sulawesi	4,061.14	3.89	<b>4,065.03</b>	86,383.55	1,241.99	<b>87,625.54</b>
23.	South East Sulawesi	609.42	3.35	<b>612.77</b>	8,107.07	16,068.36	<b>24,175.43</b>
24.	Central Sulawesi	223.29	0.00	<b>223.29</b>	40,282.47	1,137.38	<b>41,419.85</b>
25.	North Sulawesi	667.87	507.82	<b>1,175.69</b>	31.81	0.94	<b>32.75</b>
26.	Maluku	19,082.32	3,230.00	<b>22,312.32</b>	27,802.58	130.20	<b>27,932.78</b>
27.	Papua	53,104.28	5,287.90	<b>58,392.18</b>	246.99	5,879.35	<b>6,126.34</b>
28.	Bangka Belitung	60,364.93	0.00	<b>60,364.93</b>	2,996.20	2,900.51	<b>5,896.71</b>
29.	Banten	5,429.37	1,024.00	<b>6,453.37</b>	24,579.49	2,990.32	<b>27,569.81</b>
30.	Gorontalo	839.33	0.00	<b>839.33</b>	329.16	7.94	<b>337.10</b>
31.	North Maluku	8,083.28	1,806.18	<b>9,889.46</b>	282.94	258.34	<b>541.28</b>
32.	Riau Islands	4,816.91	14,593.77	<b>19,410.68</b>	193,475.67	30,967.35	<b>224,443.02</b>
33.	West Papua	1,016.92	15,827.60	<b>16,844.52</b>	119.36	0.00	<b>119.36</b>
34.	West Sulawesi	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	35,447.86	1,605.52	<b>37,053.38</b>
35.	North Kalimantan	799.18	0.00	<b>799.18</b>	180,233.36	36,048.67	<b>216,282.59</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>7,275,846.99</b>	<b>1,581,829.92</b>	<b>8,857,676.91</b>	<b>8,983,182.93</b>	<b>2,760,343.04</b>	<b>11,743,525.97</b>

Source: National Police and BNN, March 2022



Table 3.29. Rating of Successful Seized Narcotic Evidence by Region

No.	Region	Evidence					
		Extasy (Tbl)			Gorilla Tobacco (Gr)		
		Police	BNN	Total	Police	BNN	Total
1.	Center	332,265.50	110,317.00	<b>442,582.50</b>	3,944.47	73.30	<b>4,017.77</b>
2.	Aceh	18.53	0.00	<b>18.53</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
3.	North Sumatera	95,469.75	68,339.00	<b>163,808.75</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
4.	West Sumatera	68.40	5.00	<b>73.40</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
5.	Riau	92,682.39	0.00	<b>92,682.39</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
6.	Bengkulu	69.00	0.00	<b>69.00</b>	49.83	85.95	<b>135.78</b>
7.	Jambi	1,316.00	1,096.50	<b>2,412.50</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
8.	South Sumatera	12,950.25	5.00	<b>12,955.25</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
9.	Lampung	18,412.83	0.00	<b>18,412.83</b>	111.16	0.00	<b>111.16</b>
10.	DKI Jakarta	23,942.00	0.00	<b>23,942.00</b>	250,332.73	0.00	<b>250,332.73</b>
11.	West Java	468.00	1.00	<b>469.00</b>	0.00	320.51	<b>320.51</b>
12.	Central Java	226.95	0.00	<b>226.95</b>	0.00	371.42	<b>371.42</b>
13.	DI Yogya	5.00	0.00	<b>5.00</b>	5,972.61	325.83	<b>6,298.44</b>
14.	East Java	37,732.90	0.00	<b>37,732.90</b>	114.03	0.00	<b>114.03</b>
15.	Bali	1,874.28	14.00	<b>1,888.28</b>	571.78	117.25	<b>689.03</b>
16.	West Nusa Tenggara	1,002.00	0.00	<b>1,002.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
17.	East Nusa Tenggara	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	15.00	0.00	<b>15.00</b>
18.	West Kalimantan	9,120.25	0.00	<b>9,120.25</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
19.	South Kalimantan	6,662.25	358.00	<b>7,020.25</b>	10.56	0.00	<b>10.56</b>
20.	Central Kalimantan	26.00	0.00	<b>26.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
21.	East Kalimantan	327.00	3.50	<b>330.50</b>	0.00	79.14	<b>79.14</b>
22.	South Sulawesi	39,104.00	0.00	<b>39,104.00</b>	2,624.13	2.42	<b>2,626.55</b>
23.	South East Sulawesi	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	21.47	0.00	<b>21.47</b>
24.	Central Sulawesi	26.00	0.00	<b>26.00</b>	10.52	3.70	<b>14.22</b>
25.	North Sulawesi	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	33.46	0.00	<b>33.46</b>
26.	Maluku	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	69,682.50	25.49	<b>69,708.00</b>
27.	Papua	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	117.09	0.00	<b>117.09</b>
28.	Bangka Belitung	1,551.32	0.00	<b>1,551.32</b>	0.00	330.00	<b>330.00</b>
29.	Banten	1,923.00	0.00	<b>1,923.00</b>	2,380.21	10.00	<b>2,390.21</b>
30.	Gorontalo	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
31.	North Maluku	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	175.71	0.00	<b>175.71</b>
32.	Riau Islands	3,312.75	11,570.00	<b>14,882.75</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
33.	West Papua	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
34.	West Sulawesi	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
35.	North Kalimantan	541.00	37.00	<b>578.00</b>	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>681.097,35</b>	<b>191.746,00</b>	<b>872,843.35</b>	<b>336,167.26</b>	<b>1,745.01</b>	<b>337,912.51</b>

Source: Polrce and BNN, March 2022



Table 3.30. Total Cannabis Evidence Found

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence		Total
		Police	BNN	
1.	Cannabis Herbs (Gram)	7,275,846.99	108,581,829.92	<b>115,857,676.91</b>
2.	Cannabis Trees	920.82	146,042.00	<b>146,962.82</b>
3.	Cannabis Cultivation (Ha)	8.00	50.50	<b>58.50</b>
4.	Cannabis Seeds (Gram)	0.00	604.93	<b>604.93</b>

Source: Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.31. Total Seized Narcotic Evidence

No.	Evidence	Total Seized Evidence		Total
		Police	BNN	
1.	Heroin (Gram)	28,099.97	0.00	<b>28,099.97</b>
2.	Cocaine (Gram)	1,408.53	2.68	<b>1,411.21</b>
3.	Hashish (Gram)	979.70	0.00	<b>979.70</b>
4.	Extasi (Tablet)	681,097.35	191,746.00	<b>872,843.35</b>
5.	Ekstasi (Gram)	0	0.40	<b>0.40</b>
6.	Sabu (Gram)	8,983,182.93	2,760,343.04	<b>11,743,525.97</b>
7.	Synthetic Cannabis (Gram)	0.00	186.25	<b>186.25</b>
8.	Dimetiltriptamina (Gram)	0.00	1,185.26	<b>1,185.26</b>
10.	Gorilla Tobacco (Gram)	336,167.26	1,558.76	<b>337,726.02</b>
11.	PCC/Carisoprodol (Tablet)	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
12.	Mushroom (Gram)	17.73	0.00	<b>17.73</b>

Source: Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.32. Total Seized Evidence of Psychotropic Substances

No.	Evidence	Total Seized Evidence		Total
		Nat. Police	BNN	
1.	Hard Drug /Medicine (Tablet)	3,837,300.34	2,022.00	<b>3,839,322.34</b>
2.	Barbiturate/List III (Tablet)	488,859.13	0.00	<b>488,859.13</b>
3.	Benzodiazepine/List IV (Tablet)	88,900.50	0.00	<b>88,900.50</b>
4.	Happy Five	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>
5.	Ketamien (Gram)	0.00	0.00	<b>0.00</b>

Source: Police and BNN, March 2022

Table 3.33. Total Seized Evidence of Dangerous Drugs

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence		Total
		Nat. Police	BNN	
1.	Alcohol (Liter)	1,151,647.50	0.00	<b>1,151,647.50</b>
2.	Traditional Herb Drink (Jamu) (Sachet)	13,208.00	0.00	<b>13,208.00</b>
3.	Cosmetics (Box)	22,073.00	0.00	<b>22,073.00</b>
4.	Food and Drinks	1,008.00	0.00	<b>1,008.00</b>

Source: Police and BNN, March 2022



Table 3.34. Drug Smuggling Land Routes from Overseas Entering Indonesia

No.	Land Route		Remarks.
	From	Destination	
1.	Malaysia	Tarakan	
2.	Malaysia	Singawang	
3.	Papua Nugini	Manokwari	

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

Table 3.35. Drug Smuggling Sea Routes from Overseas Entering Indonesia

No.	Sea Route		Remarks
	From	Destination	
1.	Malaka Street	Aceh, North Sumatera, Riau	
2.	Malaysia	Aceh, North Sumatera, Riau, Riau Islands	
3.	Indonesia Ocean	Jakarta, West Java, Banten	
4.	South Cina Sea	Singawang	
5.	Palawan Island	Tarakan	

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

## 2. Data of Narcotic Prosecution in 2021 from Ministry of Finance RI

Table 3.36. Total Narcotic Cases and Seized Evidence by Air Routes in 2021

No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Ttl Cases	Total Suspects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
1.	Alprazolam	USA	DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	1	2,20
2.	Amphetamine	Iran	West Java	Cengkareng	1	1	10,40
3.	Bromazepam	Cambodia	Banten	Tangerang	1		24,00
		France	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	24,00
		UEA	DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	1	0,03
4.	Clonazepam	Singapore	North Sumatera	North Tapanuli	1		6,00
5.	Delorazepam	Italy	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	20,00
6.	Diazepam	Cambodia	Banten	Tangerang	1	1	22,40
7.	Etizolam	Singapore	North Sumatera	North Tapanuli	1	1	15,00
8.	MDMA/Ekstasi	Malaysia	East Java	Surabaya	1	1	50,00
9.	Shabu/Methamphetamine	Malaysia	Banten	Tangerang	1	1	500,00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	2.484,00
			East Java	Madura	1	1	3.000,00
			North Sumatera	Medan	1	1	51,00
			East Java	Surabaya	3	3	7.081,00
			Banten	Tangerang	1	1	3.000,00

Source: Directorate General of Customs &amp; Excise, Ministry of Finance RI, March 2022



Talel 3.37. Total Cases and Seized Evidence of Narcotics by Sea Routes in 2021

No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pectes	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
1.	Clonazepam	Cina	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		58.00
2.	Fludiazepam	Cina	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	7.60
3.	Cannabis	Japan	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		2.50
		Marshall Islands	West Papua	Sorong	1	1	200.00
4.	MDMA/ Extasy	Malaysia	Aceh	East Aceh	6	2	95,814.10
			Riau Islands	Batam	2		32,397.50
			Bangka Belitung	Bangka	1	1	600.00
			Riau	Bengkalis	2	1	15,250.00
			Riau	Dumai	1	2	560.00
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	1	890.00
			Riau Islands	Karimun	1		3,000.00
			North Sumatera	Medan	1	1	1,500.00
			South Sulawesi	Pare-pare	1		16.00
			East Java	Surabaya	1		498.00
5.	Shabu/ Metham- phetamine	Iran	Aceh	East Aceh	1	1	1,278,000.00
		Malaysia	Aceh	East Aceh	13	10	666,073.45
			South Sulawesi	Wajo	1	1	1,000.00
			South Sulawesi	Bone	1	1	48,000.00
			Bangka Belitung	Bangka	3	3	1,469.10
			Banten	Tangerang	1	1	6,290.60
			Riau Islands	Batam	2	2	115,078.00
			Riau	Bengkalis	5	4	66,040.00
			North Kalimantan	Bunyu Island	1	1	47,000.00
			Riau	Dumai	4	4	123,000.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	3		5,963.00
			West Java	Karawang	1	1	10,000.00
			Riau Islands	Karimun	3	2	19,787.00
			East Java	Madura	5	3	2,453.40
			South Sulawesi	Makassar	3	3	42,402.00
			North Kalimantan	Nunukan	1	1	100.00
			Central Sulawesi	Donggala	1	1	29,000.00
			South Sumatera	Palembang	1	1	341.00
			East Java	Pamekasan	1		882.00
			Bangka Belitung	Pangkal Pinang	3	3	2,806.00
			South Sulawesi	Pare-pare	3	3	12,041.00
			Riau	Pekanbaru	2	2	49,000.00
			Aceh	Peureulak	1	1	73,527.50
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1	1	2,037.77
			Riau	Rupat	1	1	1.00
			Riau	Panjang Strait	1	1	40,000.00
			East Java	Surabaya	3		6,606.00
			East Kalimantan	Tanjung Selor	1	1	5,110.00
			North Kalimantan	Tarakan	1	1	337.00
			Central Sulawesi	Toli-Toli	2	2	40,357.66
			Riau	Ujung Tanjung	1	1	100,000.00
		Thailand	Aceh	East Aceh	3	3	374,300.00
			Aceh	Bireuen	1	1	103,300.00

Source: DitGen of Customs and Excise, Ministry of Finance RI, March 2022



Table 3.38. Total Cases and Seized Narcotic Evidence by Land Routes in 2021

No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
1.	Cannaabis	Papua Nugini	Papua	Jayapura	1	1	790.00
			Papua	Merauke	4	3	13.50
2.	Happy Five (Nimetazepam)	Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Singawang	1	1	3,000.00
3.	Codeine	Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1	1	20.00
4.	MDMA/ Extasy	Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Bengkayang	1	1	623.80
				Mempawah	1		17.50
				Pontianak	4	1	1,530.25
				Sambas	1		0.30
5.	Shabu/ Methamphetamine	Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Ambawang	1	1	2,057.17
			Central Kalimantan	Aruk	1	1	0.70
			East Kalimantan	Bontang	1	1	5,500.00
			West Kalimantan	Entikong	2	2	21,700.00
				Kubu Raya	1	1	21.11
				Landak	1	1	0.38
				Mempawah	1	1	0.39
			S.E. Sulawesi	Kendari	1	1	0.30
			West Kalimantan	Ketapang	1	1	25.00
				Singawang	1	1	0.54
				Meliau	1	1	0.10
				Mempawah	1	1	15.54
			Bangka Belitung	Pangkal Pinang	1	1	100.40
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	8	8	3,110.99
				Sambas	7	7	8,366.42
				Sanggau	3	3	24.16
				Singawang	10	8	14,620.21
			Central Kalimantan	West Waringin	1	1	201.51
6.	Tramadol	Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	2		26.00

Source: DitGen of Customs &amp; Excise, Ministry of Finance RI, March 2022

Table 3.39. Total Narcotic Cases and Seized Evidence Sent by Post/ Delivery Service in 2021

No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
1.	5F-MDMB-PICA	Netherland	Bangka Belitung	Bangka	1	1	300.00
2.	ADB-Butinaca	Netherland	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	1	69.40
			Banten	Tangerang	1		11.70
		Cina	West Java	Bandung	1		11.00
			South Sulawesi	Makassar	1		10.61
		Hong Kong	West Java	Subang	1		10.00
		England	Banten	Cengkareng	1	1	16.30
3.	ADB-Chminaca	Netherland	West Java	Bogor	1		16.00
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		9.20
		England	DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1		24.30



No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
4.	Alprazolam	India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	5		57.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	2		18.00
			East Java	Malang	1		12.00
		South Korea	Papua	Maumere	1	1	10.00
		Malaysia	West Java	Bandung	1		12.00
		France	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	11.55
			Central Sulawesi	Una-Una Island	1	1	24.00
		Singapore	Bali	Denpasar	1		24.00
			Riau	Pekanbaru	1		60.00
			West Java	Sentul	1		4.00
			North Sumatera	Medan	2		42.00
		Spain	Bali	Kab. Badung	1		45.00
		Sri Lanka	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		54.00
		Cina	West Nusa Tenggara	Lombok	2	1	27.97
			West Kalimantan	Mempawah	1		81.40
5.	Amphetamine	Netherlands	Banten	Tangerang	1		1,729.50
6.	Bromazepam	Malaysia	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		22.00
		Singapore	North Sumatera	Medan	1		18.00
		Cina	Central Java	Temanggung	1		50.40
7.	Brotizolam	Japan	Bali	Gianyar	1		6.00
			Bali	Denpasar	1	1	9.27
8.	Cannabinol	Cina	West Java	Bandung City	1		6.00
		Japan	Bali	Denpasar	3		97.24
9.	Clonazepam	Australia	Bali	West Denpasar	1		11.25
			DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1		10.00
		Belgia	Bali	Denpasar	1		53.20
		Cina	South Sulawesi	Makassar	1		12.00
		India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		18.00
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		50.00
		Malaysia	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2		84.00
			Riau	Pekanbaru	1		9.00
		Singapore	Aceh	Aceh Besar	1		18.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		40.00
10.	Diazepam	Cina	West Kalimantan	Singkawang	1		9.80
			West Kalimantan	Singkawang	1		9.80
		Australia	Bali	West Denpasar	1		15.13
			West Nusa Tenggara	Mataram	1		5.00
11.	DMT (Dimethyl-tryptamine)	Hongkong	West Java	Subang	1		4.40
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		4.00
		Cina	Central Java	Sukoharjo	1	1	6.92
		Inggris	North Sumatera	Medan	1		3.27
		Peru	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	1.011.88
12.	Ephedrine	Ukraina	Bali	Jimbaran	1	1	200.00
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		2.00
13.	Etilon	Cina	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		9.20



No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
14.	Estazolam	Hong Kong	East Java	Surabaya	1		9.00
		Cina	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		50.40
15.	Etizolam	India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		45.00
		Japan	Bali	Denpasar	1		18.37
16.	Etylone	United States	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	5.70
17.	Fenobarbital	Australia	Bali	West Denpasar	1		12.44
18.	Flurazepam	Cina	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		8.40
19.	Ganja	United States	West Java	Bandung	1		200.00
			West Java	Bekasi	1		270.00
			Bali	Denpasar	2		106.26
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		472.00
			West Nusa Tenggara	Kupang	1		9.60
			Lampung	Lampung	1		1.00
			North Sumatera	Medan	1		59.00
		Australia	West Java	West Bandung	1		54.00
		Netherland	DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1		6.60
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		4.70
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		39.60
			DI Yogyakarta	Yogyakarta	1		1.00
		Netherland	West Nusa Tenggara	Sumbawa	1		2.00
		Cina	East Kalimantan	Balikpapan	1		25.00
			West Papbar	Bintuni	1		40.00
			East Kalimantan	Bontang	1		50.00
			West Sumatera	Bukit Tinggi	1		5.00
			East Kalimantan	Malinau	1		10.00
			East Kalimantan	Tanah Grogot	1		10.00
		England	Riau Islands	Batam	1		34.70
			West Java	Bekasi	1	1	1.00
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		14.20
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	1	26.50
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1		20.00
			Banten	Tangerang	2		15.50
		England	Riau Islands	Batam	1		41.00
		Germany	Bali	Badung	1		228.69
			West Java	Bandung	1		6.80
			Bali	Denpasar	1		76.13
		Canada	Bali	Denpasar	1		51.67
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	1.50
			Bali	Kab. Gianyar	1		32.65
		Latvia	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	43.09
		Malaysia	West Java	Bandung	1		50.00
			East Java	Sidoarjo	1		35.00
		Russia	Bali	Denpasar	2	1	53.85
		Singapore	Easst Java	Surabaya	1		50.00
		Spain	Bali	Denpasar	1		0.32
		Tonga	West Nusa Tenggara	Lombok	1		60.00

No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			Province	Location			
20.	Heroin	Netherland	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		1.40
21.	Ketamine	Netherland	West Nusa Tenggara	Sumbawa	1		1.00
		England	DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1		134.00
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	1	17.00
		France	DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1	1	3,155.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	2,849.00
22.	Chlobazam	Malaysia	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		12.00
		Cina	North Kalimantan	Tarakan	1		11.20
23.	Chlordiazepok-sida	Cina	West Kalimantan	Bengkayang	1		19.00
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		40.00
24.	Codeine	England	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	544.00
		France	Bali	Kab. Badung	1		61.00
25.	Cocaine	United States	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		49.00
		Netherland	Banten	Tangerang	1		3.50
		India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		1.00
		England	DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	1	103.00
			Banten	Tangerang	1		0.70
		England	Riau Islands	Batam	1	1	2.77
26.	Lorazepam	South Africa	Banten	Tangerang	1		8.70
		South Korea Selatan	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	26.24
		Cina	West Kalimantan	Sintang	1		23.40
			West Kalimantan	Mempawah	1		6.00
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		1.90
27.	LSD	Netherland	West Java	Bekasi	1		0.20
			West Nusa Tenggara	Sumbawa	1		0.50
		Cina	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarata	1		0.28
28.	MDMA/Extasy	United States	Bali	Denpasar	1		2.91
		Netherland	West Java	Depok	1		1,400.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	1	26.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	2,002.00
			West Java	Kab. Bogor	1	1	1,600.00
			Lampung	Lampung	2	1	111.00
			West Nusa Tenggara	Sumbawa	1	1	5.00
			East Java	Surabaya	1		1.00
			Banten	Tangerang	1		66.00
		Belgium	West Java	Bogor	1	1	3,300.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	1	2,273.40
		India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		21.00
		England	Riau Islands	Batam	1	1	3.51
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		3.00
		Germany	West Java	Bekasi	1	1	3,432.40
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		2,376.50
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	2	7,158.00
			Riau	Pekanbaru	1	1	127.50
		Malaysia	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	3		4,992.00
		France	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2		14.80



No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
29.	MDMB-4en-PINACA	Netherland	DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		1,008.00
		Cina	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		9.00
		Hong Kong	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		1,513.70
30.	Methylfenidat	South Africa	Riau	Pekanbaru	1		54.00
		Malaysia	Bali	Denpasar	1		5.80
31.	Midazolam	Singapore	DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1		3.00
32.	Nitrazepam	Italy	West Java	Bandung	1		16.00
33.	NPS Synthetic Cannabinoid	Netherland	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		51.50
			Lampung	Lampung	1		28.00
		Cina	West Java	Bogor	2		415.80
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		1.13
			West Java	Karawang	1		16.00
		Hong Kong	Banten	Serang	1		514.40
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		8.60
		England	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		63.50
		Malaysia	Bali	Denpasar	1		543.00
		Switzerland	DKI Jakarta	Jaksel	1		9.20
34.	Pseudoephedrine	South Korea	West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1		6.00
35.	Shabu/Methamphetamine	South Africa	West Java	Cianjur	1		2,011.00
			DKI Jakarta	Ciracas	1		387.00
			Bali	Denpasar	2	1	2,292.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		3,036.00
			DKI Jakarta	West Jakarta	1	1	565.00
			DKI Jakarta	East Jakarta	2		2,339.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	16,037.00
		Netherland	North Sulawesi	Minahasa	1		20.00
			Banten	Tangerang	1	1	5.20
		India		Depok	1		718.00
			West Java				
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2	1	1,012.00
		England	Banten	Tangerang	1		11.60
		Iran	DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1		147,143.00
		Malaysia	South Kalimantan	Banjarmasin	1	1	102.00
			Riau Islands	Batam	1	1	449.40
			West Java	South Bekasi	1		8,041.00
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	25.60
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1		4,047.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1		31.47
			West Kalimantan	Sambas	1		1.15
			S.E. Sulawesi	Kolaka	1	1	153.00
			West Nusa Tenggara	Lombok	1		1,396.00
			East Java	Madura	1		1,049.00
			West Nusa Tenggara	Mataram	1		51.72
			North Sumatera	Medan	2		1,210.00
			Riau	Pekanbaru	1	1	2,080.00
			West Kalimantan	Pontianak	1	1	4.69
			West Java	Sukabumi	1		90.00



No.	Evidence	Country of Origin	Destination: Indonesia		Total Cases	Total Sus-pects	Total Evidence (Gr)
			West Java	Sumenep	1		5,283.00
			East Java	Surabaya	3		8,201.40
			Banten	Tangerang	1	1	3,119.00
		Nigeria	Banten	Tangerang	1	1	137.80
		Rep of Congo	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2		8,295.00
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	10,733.00
		Thailand	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		2,462.80
		Togo	West Java	Bandung	1	1	710.00
		Uganda	West Jvar	Depok	1		356.00
			East Java	Ngawi	1	1	2,011.60
36.	Khat Plant	Kenya	DKI Jakarta	East Java	1		2,897.00
37.	Temazepam	Australia	West Nusa Tenggara	Mataram	1		5.00
38.	THC (Tetrahydrocannabinol)	United States	West Java	Bandung	1		5.00
			Bali	Denpasar	5		1,964.65
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2		187.70
			DKI Jakarta	South Jakarta	1	2	98.50
			Central Java	Magelang	1		29.00
			East Java	Malang	1		36.30
			Banten	Tangerang	1		1,164.80
		Cina	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		26.20
		England	Bali	Denpasar	2		4.40
			DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	2		132.10
			DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	2	2	216.60
			North Kalimantan	Tanjung Selor	2	2	797.00
		Ireland	DKI Jakarta	Pluit	1	1	33.10
		Japan	Bali	Denpasar	1	1	100.72
		Norwegia	West Java	Bekasi	1		5.30
		France	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1	1	223.00
		Thailand	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		33.60
		Ukraine	Bali	Denpasar	2		2,041.00
39.	Tramadol	Hong Kong	West Kalimantan	Singkawang	1		12.40
		India	DKI Jakarta	Central Jakarta	1		30.00
			East Java	Malang	1		30.00
		Malaysia	West Kalimantan	Singkawang	1		20.00
40.	Triazolam	Germany	Bali	Denpasar	1		32.17
41.	Trihexypenidyl	Cina	West Kalimantan	Sambas	1	1	282.90
42.	Zolpidem	South Africa	Riau	Pekanbaru	1		27.00
			Banten	Tangerang	1		26.70
		Hong Kong	Bali	Badung	1		6.72
		India	DKI Jakarta	North Jakarta	1	1	9.00
		South Korea	South Sulawesi	Makassar	1		2.80
		Singapore	South Sulawesi	Makassar	1		11.20
		Cina	West Nusa Tenggara	Lombok	1		11.32
			West Kalimantan	Mempawah	1		2.00

Source: DitGen of Customs and Excise, Ministry of Finance RI, March 2022



### 3. Data of Destroyed Evidence

Table 3.40 Total Powder/Crystalline Evidence Destroyed

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence Destroyed	Remarks
1.	Shabu	2,547,106.79	Gram
2.	Synthetic Cannabis	3,779.17	Gram
3.	DMT	1,179.88	Gram
4.	MDMB-4-en PINACA	1,001.70	Gram
5.	2-CB	1.26	Gram

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2021

Table 3.41. Total Evidence Destroyed in Tablet Form

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence Destroyed	Remarks
1.	Extasy	184,510.00	Butir

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2021

Table 3.42. Total Liquid Evidence Destroyed

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence Destroyed	Remarks
1.	Liquid Precursors	4,250.00	ML

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2021

Table 3.43. Total Herb Evidence Destroyed

No.	Evidence	Total Evidence Destroyed	Remarks
1.	Cannabis	1,775,605.71	Gram
2.	Cannabis Trees	7.00	Stems
3.	Cannabis Seeds	44.13	Gram

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2021

### 4. Estimation of Drug Price

Table 3.44. Estimation of Narcotic Market Price in Indonesia

No.	Province	Estimation of Narcotic Price (Rp.)		
		Shabu (Gram)	Extasy (Tablet)	Cannabis (Gram)
1.	Aceh	700,000	-	3.500
2.	North Sumatera	1,150,000	250,000	1.300
3.	Riau	1,100,000	185,000	2.750
4.	Riau Islands	1,100,000	375,000	7.500
5.	West Sumatera	1,100,000	250,000	2.500
6.	Jambi	1,300,000	300,000	3.500
7.	Bangka Belitung	1,250,000	375,000	3.000
8.	South Sumatera	1,100,000	250,000	2.500
9.	Lampung	1,100,000	400,000	2.500

No.	Province	Estimation of Narcotic Price (Rp.)		
		Shabu (Gram)	Extasy (Tablet)	Cannabis (Per Gram)
10.	Banten	1,100,000	400,000	5,500
11.	DKI Jakarta	1,350,000	400,000	6,500
12.	West Java	1,200,000	-	4,500
13.	Central Jvwa	1,500,000	-	5,000
14.	DI Yogyakarta	1,350,000	350,000	5,000
15.	East Java	1,100,000	625,000	5,000
16.	Bali	1,350,000	850,000	9,000
17.	West Kalimantan	800,000	300,000	-
18.	Central Kalimantan	2,000,000	575,000	-
19.	North Kalimantan	1,525,000	350,000	-
20.	East Kalimantan	1,250,000	350,000	2,500
21.	South Kalimantan	1,350,000	375,000	3,500
22.	Gorontalo	2,750,000	900,000	8,500
23.	West Sulawesi	1,600,000	-	-
24.	Central Sulawesi	1,450,000	450,000	5,000
25.	North Sulawesi	3,150,000	650,000	-
26.	South East Sulawesi	1,500,000	400,000	12,500
27.	South Sulawesi	1,150,000	425,000	100,000
28.	West Nusa Tenggara	1,500,000	300,000	10,000
29.	Maluku	3,500,000	-	100,000
30.	North Maluku	2,750,000	-	100,000
31.	Papua	2,500,000	-	5,000
32.	West Papua	2,600,000	700,000	100,000

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

## 5. Data of Tested Crimes Related to Narcotics, Psychotropic Substances and Addictive Substances from BNN in 2021

Table 3.45. Total Laboratory Tested Samples of Narcotics, from Natioan Narcotics Board in 2020

No.	Month	Narkotics		Psychotropic Subst.		Precursors		NPS		Negaitve		Ttl
		Raw Mate-rial	Spe-ci-men	Raw Mate-rial	Spe Ci-men	Raw Mate-rial	Spe cs-men	Raw Mate-rial	Spe ci-men	Raw Mate-rial	Sep ci-men	
1.	January	1,232	81	1	0	0	0	69	3	25	43	1,454
2.	February	2,170	128	2	0	0	0	157	6	15	25	2,503
3.	March	1,674	151	0	0	0	0	84	4	7	26	1,946
4.	April	2,412	179	4	0	0	0	211	11	4	34	2,855
5.	May	1,029	106	3	0	0	0	38	4	3	17	1,200
6.	June	1,561	135	12	0	0	0	43	5	10	33	1,799
7.	July	867	79	0	0	0	0	31	0	2	6	985
8.	August	1,051	60	0	0	0	0	88	3	3	15	1,220
9.	September	1,005	90	0	0	0	0	192	2	5	11	1,305
10.	October	1,077	91	1	0	3	0	31	2	2	34	1,241
11.	November	1,030	86	2	0	0	0	120	4	1	106	1,349
12.	December	1,032	116	2	0	0	0	66	0	26	17	1,259
Total		16,140	1,302	27	0	3	0	1,130	44	103	367	19,116

Source: BNN Narcotic Laboratory Center, March 2022



## 6. Data of Tested Evidence of Crimes Related to Narcotic, Psychotropic Substances and Addictive Substances from National Agency of Food and Drug Control in 2021 (POM)

Table 3.46. Total Evidendence Tested Related to Narcotic Crimes by Province.

No.	Location of POM Agency	Ttl Samples	Test Results									Ttl
			He-roin	Co-deine	Co-caine	Can nabis	Me-tam-feta-min	MD MA	2-CB*	DMT **	Ne-gati-ve Nar-co-tica	
1.	Banda Aceh	43	0	0	0	2	41	0	0	0	0	43
2.	Medan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Padang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Pekanbaru	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Palembang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Bandar Lampung	393	0	0	0	43	342	8	0	0	0	393
7.	Jakarta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	Bandung	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Semarang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Yogyakarta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Surabaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	Serang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	Denpasar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	Mataram	467	0	0	0	43	406	2	1	2	13	454
15.	Pontianak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16.	Palangka Raya	868	0	0	0	328	536	4	0	0	0	868
17.	Banjarmasin	1,036	0	0	0	0	1,005	30	0	0	1	1,035
18.	Samarinda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	Manado	74	0	0	0	9	65	0	0	0	0	74
20.	Makassar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.	Jayapura	148	0	0	0	121	27	0	0	0	0	148
22.	Jambi	974	0	0	0	58	864	50	0	0	2	972
23.	Bengkulu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24.	Batam	118	0	0	0	15	95	2	0	0	6	112
25.	Kupang	27	0	0	0	5	21	0	0	0	1	26
26.	Palu	76	0	0	0	1	75	0	0	0	0	76
27.	Kendari	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28.	Ambon	36	0	0	0	1	30	5	0	0	0	36
29.	Pangkalpinang	8	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8
30.	Gorontalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.	Mamuju	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32.	Sofifi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.	Manokwari	25	0	0	0	16	9	0	0	0	0	25
Total		4,293	0	0	0	642	3,524	101	1	2	23	4,270

Source: National Agency of Food and Drug Control, March 2022



Table 3.47. Total Tested Evidence of Psychotropic Substances Crimes by Province

No.	Location of POM Agency	Test Results									Ttl
		Alpra-zolam	Dia-zepam	Flu-nitra-ze-pam	Ni-meta-ze-pam	Nitra-ze-pam	Clona-ze-pam	Lora-ze-pam	Esta-zolam	Ne-gative of Psiko-tro-pic Subst	
1.	Banda Aceh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Medan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Padang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Pekanbaru	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Palembang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Bandar Lampung	6	0	0	1	1	4	0	1	0	13
7.	Jakarta	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
8.	Bandung	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Semarang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Yogyakarta	13	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	15
11.	Surabaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	Serang	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
13.	Denpasar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	Mataram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	Pontianak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16.	Palangka Raya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17.	Banjarmasin	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
18.	Samarinda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	Manado	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	11
20.	Makassar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.	Jayapura	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.	Jambi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23.	Bengkulu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24.	Batam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.	Kupang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26.	Palu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.	Kendari	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28.	Ambon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.	Pangkalpinang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30.	Gorontalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.	Mamuju	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32.	Sofifi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.	Manokwari	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		37	1	0	1	1	7	1	1	0	49

Source: National Agency of Food and Drug control (POM), March 2022



Table 3.48. Total Tested Evidence of Crimes Related to Addictive Substances by Province

No.	Location of POM Agency	Tested Results														Ttl
		Parasetamol	Pseudoefedrin	Efedrin	Kloroquin	CTM	Triheksifenidil	Dekstrometorfan	Carisoprodol	Tramadol	Ketamin	PCC	Pseudoefedrin & Dekstrometorfan	CTM & Dekstrometorfan	Triheksifenidil & Dekstrometorfan	
1.	Banda Aceh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Medan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Padang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Pekanbaru	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Palembang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Bandar Lampung	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.	Jakarta	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	41
8.	Bandung	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Semarang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Yogyakarta	0	0	0	0	0	107	4	0	8	0	0	0	0	1	120
11.	Surabaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	Serang	0	0	0	0	0	99	6	0	96	0	0	0	0	2	203
13.	Denpasar	0	0	0	0	0	14	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
14.	Mataram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	Pontianak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16.	Palangka Raya	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
17.	Banjarmasin	1	0	0	0	2	8	6	5	0	0	26	0	14	0	62
18.	Samarinda	0	2	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	14
19.	Manado	0	0	0	0	0	104	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	107
20.	Makassar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.	Jayapura	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
22.	Jambi	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
23.	Bengkulu	0	0	0	0	0	22	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	43
24.	Batam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.	Kupang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26.	Palu	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
27.	Kendari	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28.	Ambon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.	Pangkalpinang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
30.	Gorontalo	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
31.	Mamuju	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
32.	Sofifi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.	Manokwari	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total		1	2	0	0	2	409	48	8	120	0	26	2	15	3	636

Source: National Agency of Food and Drugs Control, March 2022



#### D. DATA OF RECOMMENDATIONS FOR NON-PHARMACEUTICAL PRECURSORS ISSUED BY BNN IN 2021

Table 3.49. Total Recommendations for Non-Pharmaceutical Precursors Issued by BNN

No.	Company	Application	Precursor	Import/Export
1.	PT. EDF System Integration	IT Prekursor Extention	-	-
2.	PT. Sukma Scientific Abadi	IT Precursor Application	-	-
3.	PT. Jatika Nusa	SPI	Pottasium Permanganate	85,000 Kg
			Pipperonal	5,000 Kg
			Phenyl Acetic Acid	1,000 Kg
4.	PT. Sinar Berkah Anugrah	SPI	Pottasium Permanganate	20,000 Kg
5.	PT. Prochem Tritama	SPI	HCL	240 Kg/Drum
			Acetone	160 Kg/Drum
			Acetone 2,5 L/Bot	1,975 Kg/Bot
			MEK	165 Kg
			Toluene	180 Kg
6.	PT. Itochu Indonesia	SPI	Toluene	9,000 Ton
			MEK	5,400 Ton
			Acetone	6,000 Ton
7.	PT. Halim Sakti Pratama	SPI	Pottasium Permanganate	22.50 MT
8.	PT. Indochem Citra Kimia	SPI	Toluene	50,000 MT
			MEK	21,000 MT
			Acetone	10,000 MT
9.	PT. AIK Moh Chemical	SPI	Toluene	30 Ton
			MEK	17 Ton
			Acetone	53 Ton
			HCL	31 Ton
10.	PT. Purytek Tunggal Prima	SPI	MEK	
11.	PT. Elang Kurnia Sakti	SPI	HCL	34,000 Kg
12.	PT. Sinar Kimia Utama	Extention of IT Permit		
13.	PT. Nagase Import Ekspor	Extention of IT Permit		
14.	PT. EDF System Integration	SPI	MEK	2,720 Liter
15.	PT. Multi Redjeki Kita	SPI	HCL	7,130 L
			H2SO4	7,637,5 L
			Acetone	6,580 L
			Ether	4,048 L
			Toluene	6,220 L
16.	PT. Sinar Sarana Kimia	SPI	MEK	2,000 MT
			Acetone	300 MT
			Toluene	10,000 MT



No.	Company	Application	Precursor	Import/Export
17.	PT. Sinar Kimia Utama	SPI	Pottasium Permanganate	40 MT
18.	PT. Nagase Ekspor Import	SPI	HCL	1,600 Kg
19.	PT. PKG Lautan Luas	SPI	MEK	2,000 Ton
			Acetone	2,000 Ton
			Toluene	6,000 Ton
20.	PT. Nagase Import Ekspor	SPI	HCL	1,600 Kg
21.	PT. Sukma Scientific Abadi	IT Extentiont		
22.	PT. Rukun Persada Makmur	SPI	Heliotropine	1,000 Kg
23.	PT. Sinar Berkas Anugrah	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	20,000 Kg
24.	PT. Samchem Prasandha	SPI	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2,500 MT
			Acetone	72 MT
			Toluene	5,000 MT
25.	PT. Jatika Nusa	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	45,000 Kg
			Piperonal	5,000 Kg
26.	PT. Udaya Anugerah Abadi	SPI	Toluene	8,000 MT
			MEK	2,000 MT
			Acetone	5,000 MT
27.	PT. Aik Moh Chemicals Indonesia	SPI	Acetone	53 Ton
			Toluene	40 Ton
			MEK	17 Ton
			Hydrochloric Acid	32 Ton
28.	PT. Karunia Jasindo	IT Extention		
29.	PT. Muya Adhi Paramita	SPI	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	8,500 MT
			Acetone	5,500 MT
			Toluene	30,000 MT
30.	PT. Halim Sakti Pratama	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	22,50 MT
31.	PT. Prochem Tritama	SPI	Hydrochloric Acid	148,800 Kg
			MEK	48 Kg
			Acetone	23,034 Kg
32.	PT. Indhocemical Citra Kimia	IT Extention		
33.	PT. Karunia Jasindo	IT Extention		
34.	PT. Tirta Surya Raya	IT Appointment		
35.	PT. Rukun Persada Makmur	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	42 MT
36.	PT. Itochu Indonesia	SPI	Toluene	9,000 Ton
			MEK	5,400 Ton
			Acetone	6,000 Ton
37.	PT. Purytek Tunggal Prima	SPI	MEK	10,051 Liter



No.	Company	Application	Precursor	Import/Export
38.	PT. Indhochemical Citra Kimia	SPI	Toluene	50,000 MT
			MEK	21,000 MT
			Acetone	10,000 MT
39.	PT. EDF System Integration	SPI	MEK	2,900 Liter
40.	PT. Multiredjeki Kita	IT Extention		
41.	PT. Kemindo International	IT Appointment		
42.	PT. Rukun Persada Makmur	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	87 MT
43.	PT. Sari Sarana Kimiata	SPI	Toluene	10,000 MT
			MEK	2,000 MT
			Acetone	300 MT
44.	PT. Mulya Adhi Paramita	IT Extention		
45.	PT. Sinar Berkas Anugrah	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	20,000 Kg
46.	PT. PKG Lautan Indonesia	SPI	Toluene	6,000 Ton
			MEK	2,000 Ton
			Acetone	2,000 Ton
47.	PT. Arta Palu	SPE	Safrole	70,090 Kg
48.	PT. Jatika Nusa	SPI	Potassium Permanganate	90,000 Kg
			Piperonal	10,000 Kg
			Phenyl Acetic Acid	2,000 Kg
49.	PT. Rakhara Chemical Technology	IT Appointment		

Source: BNN Deputy of Eradication, March 2022

**Keterangan :**

1. SPI : Recommendation for Approval of Precursor Chemicals Importation
2. SPE : Recommendation for Approval of Precursor Chemicals Exportation
3. PEN : Pre Export Notification
4. IT Appointment : Recommendation for Appointment as Registered Importer of Non-Pharmaceutical Precursors
5. IT Extention : Recommendation for Extention of Registered Importer of Non-Pharmaceutical Precursors



## NEW PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Table 4.1. List of NPS and their Derivatives Circulating in Indonesia

No.	Chemical Substance (Iupac)	Effect	General Name	Type of Substance
Regulated and placed in the Attachment of Minister of Health Regulation No. 4 and No. 2 of the year 2021				
1.	2-methylamino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)propan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Methylone (MDMC)	Derivative of Cathinone
2.	(RS)-2-methylamino-1-(4-methylphenyl)propan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Mephedrone (4-MMC)	Derivative of Cathinone
3.	(±)-1-phenyl-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one	Stimulant, halusinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Pentedrone	Derivative of Cathinone
4.	(RS)-2-ethylamino-1-(4-methylphenyl)propan-1-one	Stimulant, halusinogen, insomnia dan sympathomimetic	4-MEC	Derivative of Cathinone
5.	(RS)-1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one	Stimulan, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	MDPV	Derivative of Cathinone
6.	(RS)-2-ethylamino-1-phenyl-propan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Ethcathinone (N-ethylcathinone)	Derivative of Cathinone
7.	(RS)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-hexanone	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	MPHP	Derivative of Cathinone
8.	(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-naphthalenyl-methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	JWH-018	Synthetic Cannabinoid
9.	(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)-methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	XLR-11	Synthetic Cannabinoid
10.	N,N-2-dimethyl-1-phenylpropan-2-amine	Stimulant, empatogenic	DMA (Dimethylamphe tamine)	Derivative of Phenethylamine
11.	5-(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran	Stimulant, empatogenic	5-APB	Derivative of Phenethylamine
12.	6-(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran	Stimulan, empatogenic	6-APB	Derivative of Phenethylamine
13.	1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine	Stimulant, empatogenic	PMMA	Derivative of Phenethylamine
14.	2-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine	Stimulant, empatogenic	2C-B	Derivative of Phenethylamine
15.	1-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)propan-2-amine	Stimulant, empatogenic	DOC	Turunan Phenethylamine
16.	2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxypehyl)methyl]ethanamine	Stimulant, empatogenic	25I-NBOMe	Derivative of Phenethylamine
17.	2-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxypehyl)methyl]ethanamine	Stimulatn, empatogenic	25B-NBOMe	Derivative of Phenethylamine
18.	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxypehyl)methyl]ethanamine	Stimulant, empatogenic	25C-NBOMe	Derivative of Phenethylamine
19.	Catha edulis mengandung cathinone dan cathine	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Khat Plant contains Cathinone and Cathine	Cathinone and cathine
20.	5-fluoro AKB48	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-fluoro AKB 48	Synthetic Cannabinoid
21.	MAM 2201	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	MAM 2201	Synthetic Cannabinoid

No.	Chemical Substance (Nama Iupac)	Effect	General Name	Type of Substance
22.	1-benzofuran-4-yl-propan-2-amine	Stimulant, empathogenic	4 APB	Derivative of Phenethylamine
23.	1-Benzylpiperazine	Euphoria, increase heart rate, dilatation of pupil & toxic	BZP	Derivative of Piperazine
24.	1-(3-Chlorophenyl)piperazine	Euphoria, increase heart rate, pupil dilatation & toxic	mCPP	Derivative of Piperazine
25.	1-(3-Trifluoromethylphenyl)piperazine	Euphoria, increase heart rate, pupil dilatation & toxic	TFMPP	Derivative of Piperazine
26.	2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-methyl-ethylamine	Euphoria, empathy, psychedelic, stimulant, and anxiety	$\alpha$ -MT	Derivative of Tryptamine
27.	3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Ethylone (bk-MDEA, MDEC)	Derivative of Cathinone
28.	4-methyl buphedrone	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Buphedrone	Derivative of Cathinone
29.	5-methoxy N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine	Euphoria, empathy, psychedelic, stimulant, and anxiety	5-MeO-MiPT	Derivative of Tryptamine
30.	(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	FUB-144	Synthetic Cannabinoid
31.	N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	AB-CHMINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
32.	N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	AB-FUBINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
33.	Naphthalen-1-yl-(4-pentyloxynaphthalen-1-yl) methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	CB 13	Synthetic Cannabinoid
34.	1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)propan-1-one	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	4-chloro methcathinone	Derivative of Cathinone
35.	Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	FUB-AMB	Synthetic Cannabinoid
36.	N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	AB-PINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
37.	[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl](naphthalen-1-yl)methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	THJ-2201	Synthetic Cannabinoid
38.	1-naphthalenyl(1-pentyl-1H-indazol-3-yl)-methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	THJ-018	Synthetic Cannabinoid
39.	N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halusinogen, efek cannabinoid dan toxic	ADB-FUBINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
40.	N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, efek cannabinoid dan toxic	ADB-CHMINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
41.	Methyl 2-([1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]formamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halusinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	MDMB-CHMICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
42.	Methyl (S)-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5 - Fluoro ADB	Synthetic Cannabinoid
43.	(RS)2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(ethylamino)cyclohexanone	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Methoxetamin	Derivative of Ketamin
44.	( $\pm$ )-1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(benzylamino)propan-1-one	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Benzedron	Derivative of Cathinone
45.	3-Methoxy-2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)propan-1-one	Stimulant, hallucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	MEXEDRON	Derivative of Cathinone



No.	Substance (Iupac)	Effect	General Name	Type of Substance
46.	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	PENTYLONE	Derivative of Cathinone
47.	1-(2H-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)pentan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	N-ETHYLPENTYLONE	Derivative of Cathinone
48.	(1-Butyl-1H-indol-3-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	JWH-073	Sythetic Cannabinoid
49.	(4-methylnaphthalen-1-yl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methanone	Halusinogen, efek cannabinoid dan toxic	JWH-122	Sythetic Cannabinoid
50.	2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine	Stimulan, empathogenic	2C-I	Derivative of Phenethylamine
51.	1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(ethylamino)propan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	4-Chloro-ethcathinone	Derivative of Cathinone
52.	N-(Adamantan-1-il)-1-(5-kloropentil)-1H-Indazol-3-karboksamida	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Chloro AKB 48	Synthetic Cannabinoid
53.	methyl N-[[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl]carbonyl]valinate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Fluoro-AMB	Synthetic Cannabinoid
54.	Naphthalen-1-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate	Halcsinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	SDB-005	Synthetic Cannabinoid
55.	N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Fluoro-ADBICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
56.	ethyl (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl)valinate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	EMB-Fubinaca	Synthetic Cannabinoid
57.	N-ethyl-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)propan-2-amine	Stimulant, empathogenic	PMEA	Deerivative of Phenethylamine
58.	Methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate	Stimulant, empathogenic	MMB-CHMICA	Turunan Phenethylamine
59.	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine	Stimulantt, empathogenic	2C-C	Turunan Phenethylamine
60.	2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine	Stimulan, empathogenic	2C-H	Turunan Phenethylamine
61.	Mimosa Tenuiflora	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid dan toxic	Mengandung DMT	Plant Based Substance
62.	Ayahuasca (Banisteriopsis Caapi dan Psychotria viridis)	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	Mengandung DMT	Plant Based Substance
63.	1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and Sympathomimetic	4-Chloro-Alpha-PVP	Turunan Cathinone
64.	$\alpha$ -ethylaminocaprophenone, N-ethylnorhexedrone, hexen and NEH	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	N-Ethylhexedrone	Turunan Cathinone
65.	Naphthalen-1-yl 1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indole-3-carboxylate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	FDU-PB-22	Sintetik Cannabinoid
66.	1-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylethyl]piperidine	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Methoxphenidine	Pencyclidine type substances
67.	1-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)butan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Eutylone	Turunan Cathinone
68.	1-(2H-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)butan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	bk-DMBDB/Dibutylone	Turunan Cathinone
69.	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(benzylamino)propan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-benzylcathinone	Synthetic Cathinone
70.	Methyl 2-[[1-(5-Fluoropentyl) indole-3-carbonyl] amino]-3,3- dimethyl-butanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Fluoro-MDMB-PICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
71.	1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	4-cyano CUMYL-BUTINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid

No.	Substance (Iupac)	Effect	General Name	Type of Substance
72.	Methyl (2S)-2-([1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl]amino)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	4-Fluoro-MDMB-BINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
73.	methyl (S)-3,3-dimethyl-2-(1-(pent-4-en-1-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)butanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	MDMB-4en-PINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
74.	2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)cyclohexan-1-one	Effect of disosiatif (halucinogen)	2-Fluoro-deschloroketamine	Ketamine & PCP- type substances
75.	1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one, monohydrochloride	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	4-Fluoro-Pentadron	Synthetic Cannabinoid
<b>Not regulated and placed in the Attachment of Minister of Health RI Regulation</b>				
76.	<i>Mitragyna speciosa</i> mengandung mitragynine dan speciogynine	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	Kratom mengandung mitragynine dan speciogynine	Tanaman, serbuk tanaman
77.	1-phenyl-2-(propylamino)-1-pentanone	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Alpha-Propylamino-pentiophenone	Turunan Cathinone
78.	2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)cyclohexan-1-one	Stimulant, halucinogen, insomnia and sympathomimetic	Ketamin	Ketamin
79.	methyl (S)-2-(1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	4-Fluoro-MDMB-BUTICA/4-Fluoro-MDMB-BICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
80.	ethyl (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl)-L-valinate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Fluoro-EMB-PICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
81.	methyl (S)-2-(1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	4-Fluoro-ABUTINACA/ N-(4-Fluorobutyl) APINACA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
82.	ethyl (S)-2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	5-Fluoro-EDMB-PICA	Synthetic Cannabinoid
83.	1-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)-2-aminoethane	Stimulant, empathogenic	2-CE	Turunan Phenethylamine
84.	1-butyl-N-(1-carbamoyl-2,2-dimethylpropyl)indazole-3-carboxamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	ADB-Butinaca	Synthetic Cannabinoid
85.	Methyl (S)-2-(1-butyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	MDMB-Butinaca	Synthetic Cannabinoid
86.	N-[(Z)-(2-oxo-1-pentyl-indolin-3-ylidene)amino]benzamide	Halucinogen, effect of cannabinoid and toxic	BZO-POXIZID	Synthetic Cannabinoid
87.	1-benzyl-4-methylpiperazine	Stimulant	Methylbenzyl-piperazine	Piperazines

Source: BNN Narcotic Laboratory Center, March 2022

Table 4.2. Total NPS Circulating in Indonesia

No.	Type of NPS	Total
1.	Synthetic Cannabinoid	36
2.	Derivative of Cathinone	20
3.	Derivative of Phenethylamine	16
4.	Derivative of Piperazine	4
5.	Derivative of Tryptamine	2
6.	Plant Based Substance	2
7.	Cathinone and Cathine	1
8.	Derivative of Ketamine	1
10.	Pencyclidine Type Substances	1
11.	Synthetic Cathinone	1
12.	Ketamine & PCP-Type Substances	1
13.	Ketamine	1
14.	Plant, Plant Based Powder	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>87</b>

Source: BNN Narcotic Laboratory Center, March 2022

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# INDONESIA DRUGS **2022** REPORT



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